

CITY OF SIGNAL HILL, CALIFORNIA ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Prepared by: Department of Finance

Siamlu Cox Administrative Services Officer/Finance Director

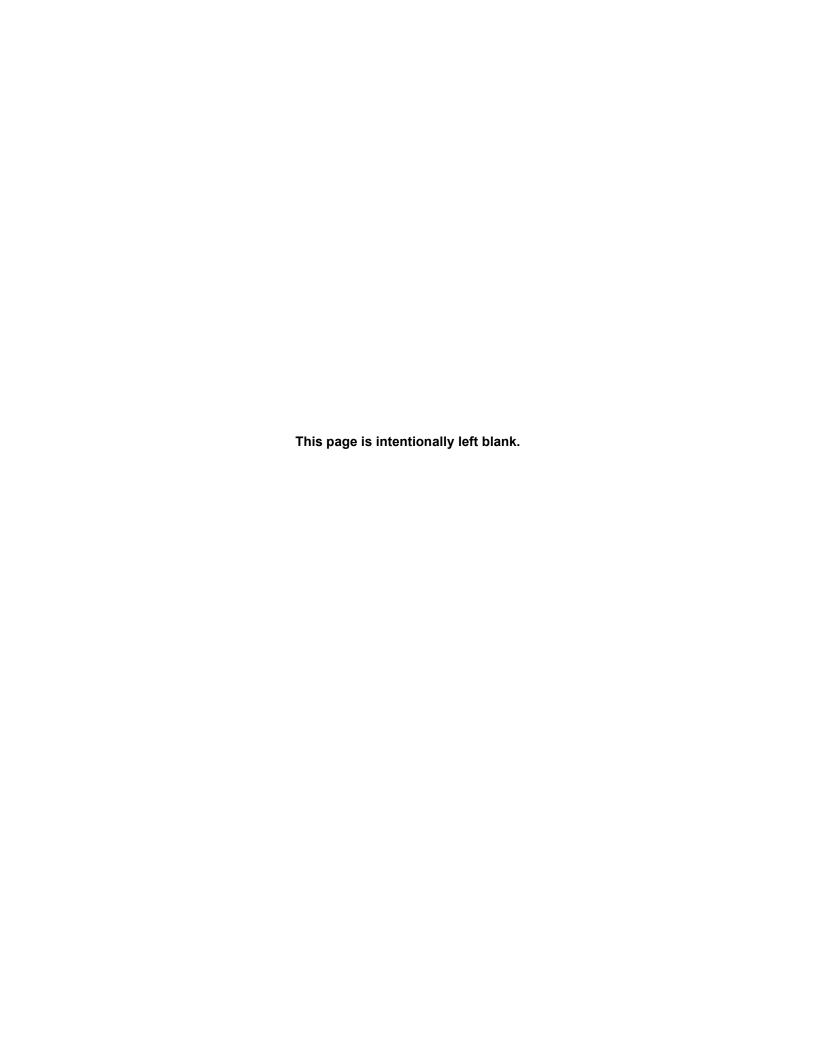


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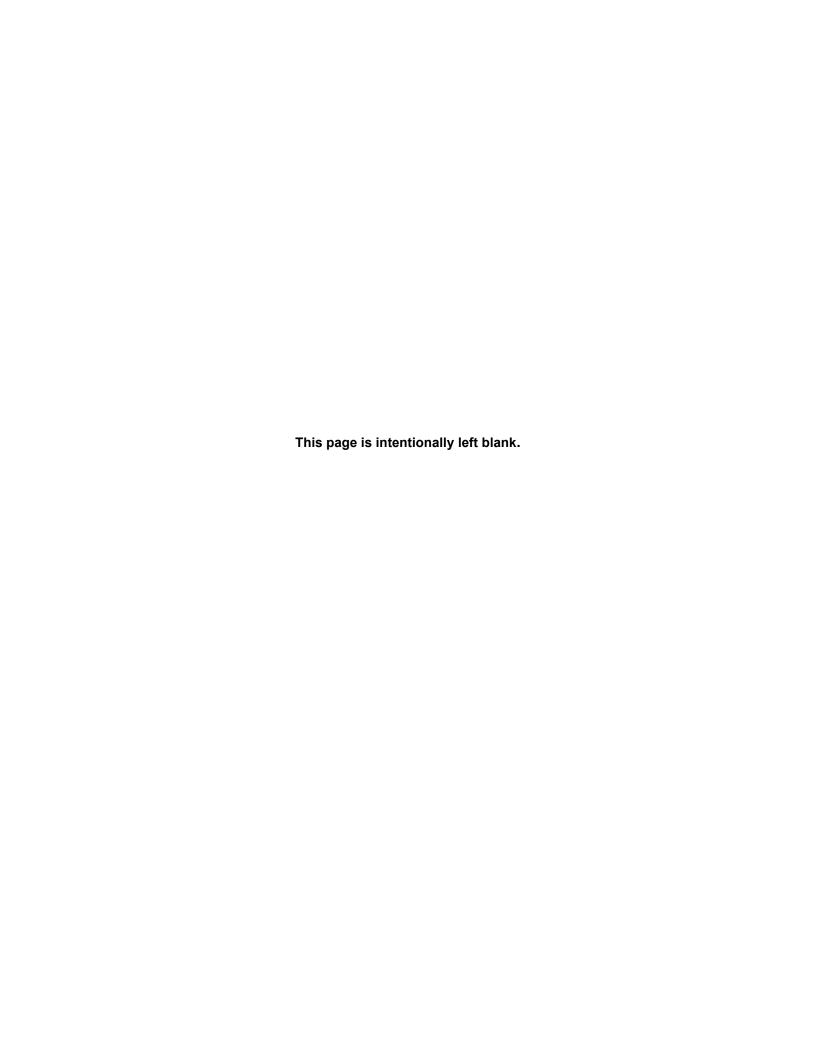
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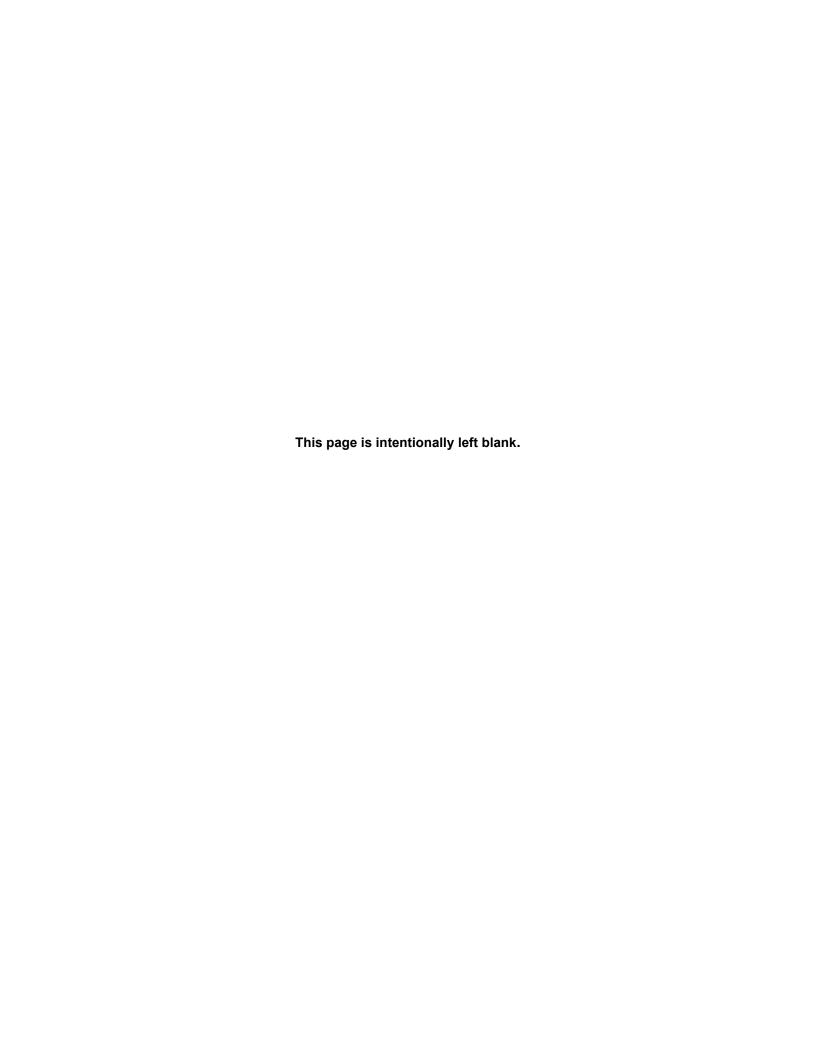
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CITY OF SIGNAL HILL

2175 Cherry Avenue • Signal Hill, CA 90755-3799

December 3, 2025

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Residents of the City of Signal Hill

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the City of Signal Hill (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The purpose of this report is to provide residents, the City Council, the general public, and interested parties with a broad financial outlook of the City, as well as to comply with State law.

The City's independent auditors, Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP, Certified Public Accountants (RAMS), issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City of Signal Hill's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City and was prepared by the Finance Department with the assistance of the City's independent auditors in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report. We believe the data presented conforms to governmental accounting and financial reporting standards and is accurate in all material aspects; it is presented in a manner designed to fairly present the City's financial position and results of operations. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a good understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction and an overview to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A immediately follows the independent auditor's report and should be read in conjunction with this transmittal letter.

Profile of the Government

The City of Signal Hill was incorporated in 1924 as a General Law City. On November 7, 2000, in a special election, the residents of Signal Hill approved a new City Charter, and the City effectively made the change from a General Law City to a Charter City under the California Constitution.

The City of Signal Hill, encompassing 2.2 square miles, is located in the southwestern coastal area of Los Angeles County and has an estimated population of 11,563. The City is 25 miles south of downtown Los Angeles, 8 miles northeast of the Port of Los Angeles, and 5 miles northeast of the seaport terminal of Long Beach. Neighboring communities include the cities of Long Beach, Lakewood, Los Alamitos, and Carson.

Signal Hill, completely surrounded by the City of Long Beach, had historically been located in unincorporated territory. In 1924, to avoid Long Beach's per-barrel tax on oil, Signal Hill's founding members voted for incorporation. Oil production remained Signal Hill's mainstay until declining oil prices reduced production in the 1970s. In 1974, under the provisions of State law, the City formed the Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency and focused on economic development and revenue diversification. Today, Signal Hill is a well-balanced, financially sound, and economically diverse community.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of municipal government. The City Council is comprised of five members elected at large, on a staggered basis, for a term of four years. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the governing City Council, which annually appoints a Mayor in December from among its members. The City Council appoints the City Manager, who is responsible for the day-to-day administration of City business and for coordinating all City departments. The City budgets for an authorized staff of approximately 136.72 full-time equivalent positions.

The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police and public safety, street maintenance, park maintenance, public improvements, planning and zoning, water utilities, recreational activities, community programming, and library services. The County of Los Angeles provides fire protection and public health services, the Sanitation District of Los Angeles County maintains and upgrades the sewer system, and the City of Long Beach provides animal care services and bus transportation throughout the City.

The ACFR includes the financial activities of the City of Signal Hill, the primary government, and its component units, which are the Signal Hill Housing Authority and the Signal Hill Public Financing Authority. The operations of these units are included within the Basic Financial Statements of the City.

The Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency (Agency) was established on May 7, 1974, pursuant to the State of California Health and Safety Code, Section 33000, entitled "Community

Redevelopment Law." The Agency was formed for the purpose of preparing and carrying out plans for the improvement, rehabilitation, and redevelopment of blighted areas within the City. When the State dissolved all redevelopment agencies in early 2012, the City of Signal Hill opted to become the Successor Agency to the Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency. The Successor Agency is included in the financial statements as a Private Purpose Trust Fund and is not part of the City's government-wide statements. Additional information is found in Note 17 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

The City also established the Signal Hill Housing Authority (Housing Authority) on December 12, 2000, pursuant to provisions of the California Health and Safety Code. The primary purpose of the Housing Authority is to provide suitable, safe, and sanitary housing opportunities for the City's residents. Upon dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, the housing assets and functions of the dissolved agency were transferred to the Housing Authority. The Housing Authority is included in the financial statements as a separate Special Revenue Fund.

The Signal Hill Public Financing Authority (Public Financing Authority) is a joint powers authority formed under the Joint Exercise of Powers Law of the State of California, Section 6502 of Title 1, Division 7, Chapter 5 of the Government Code of the State of California (the "Joint Exercise of Powers Act") between the City and the Agency on October 15, 1996, for the purpose of establishing a vehicle which may reduce local borrowing costs and promote the greater use of existing and new financial instruments and mechanisms. The Public Financing Authority's Board of Directors is the Signal Hill City Council. Under the Redevelopment Dissolution Act, the use of the Public Financing Authority to assist in future financings is limited, as the former Agency, now the Successor Agency, is one of the parties to the joint powers agreement that formed the Public Financing Authority. The Dissolution Act contains language concerning the future termination of the Successor Agency that could have an impact on any new debt issued by the Public Financing Authority.

To assist in financing and refinancing capital improvements – to be used in connection with future City financing or refinancing activities – the City formed the Signal Hill Municipal Financing Authority (Municipal Financing Authority) between the City and the Agency on August 22, 2017, under the Joint Exercise of Powers Law of the State of California, Section 6502 of Title 1, Division 7, Chapter 5 of the Government Code of the State of California (the "Joint Exercise of Powers Act"). The Municipal Financing Authority's Board of Directors is the Signal Hill City Council.

Local Economy

As 2025 draws to a close, the US economy offers a nuanced picture: growth is slowing, inflation is stabilizing, and the labor market is cooling slightly. Recent rate cuts signal a shift towards easing monetary policy, though tariffs are putting upward pressure on prices, the housing market, car sales, and other parts of the economy, impacting GDP growth. The outlook for 2026 is expected to decelerate to 1.4%, down from an anticipated 1.8% projected in 2025. Success hinges on whether the economy can absorb the price shock from tariffs without causing a

significant rise in inflation, allowing the Federal Reserve to proceed with its planned rate cuts; growth is not expected to rebound above 2% until 2027.

The State of California's economy shows pockets of significant strength driven by Al-related investment, while consumer retail activity is slowing. Despite the projected 1.4% growth in 2026, increases are not expected to restore revenues to the peak levels seen in FY 2022-23, indicating revenue growth is not keeping pace with the rising cost of doing business for local governments. Deloitte Global Economics Research Center (Deloitte) forecasts that core inflation will rise to 3.3% in 2026, while overall CPI growth is expected to average 3.2% in 2026. This persistent inflation is largely attributed to the pass-through of tariffs related costs to consumers, which outweighs the moderating effects of slowing demand. Work stoppages from major labor strikes may also impact domestic budget spending. The Federal Reserve continues a rate-cutting cycle to achieve a soft landing; however, Deloitte projects that the recent 25 basis point reduction is not expected to create a surge in consumer spending but rather aims to bring the federal funds target rate to 3.125% by the fourth quarter of 2026.

Local government's fiscal exposure during the economic shifts is best observed when analyzing the elasticity of general fund revenue. The City of Signal Hill's general fund revenue portfolio's strength lies in its diverse revenue sources. As a "low property" tax city, the City's most significant revenue source for General Fund operating revenues is sales tax. Signal Hill's revenue mix has proven resilient, with overall sales tax revenue remaining strong and total point-of-sale tax revenues increasing by 1% from the previous year. The City's transaction and use tax, Measure SHR (MSHR), declined by 3% from the prior year; however, the addition of MSHR remains a significant contributor to increases in overall sales tax revenue. Measure SHR generated 26% of the Bradley Burns amount, with general consumer goods continuing to produce the most sales tax revenue.

The City's major sales tax industry groups include Autos and Transportation, Business and Industry, County Pool Allocations and General Consumer Goods. The City's Autos and Transportation industry sector experienced another robust year-over-year growth of 9%, a portion of which can be attributed to the addition of new car dealerships in the City. County Pool Allocations continue to grow, with 4% year-over-year growth, as projected by HdL. Business and Industry experienced a 9% loss over the prior year, while General Consumer Goods experienced a 4% loss over the preceding year. Building and Construction remains flat compared to the previous year, with conditions expected to persist. Although interest rates have fallen in the short term, consumers continue to suspend big-ticket purchases. As a result, this sector is not likely to grow until FY 2026-27.

The City's second most significant source of revenue is derived from the Use of Money, which is predominantly driven by Investment Income. While this income stream remains robust, we have observed a modest decrease, moving from \$4.9 million in the previous fiscal year to \$4.6 million in FY2024-25. The City has leveraged the unusually high, volatile interest rate market environment to maximize investment returns while still prioritizing safety and liquidity. The City

anticipates a moderation and subsequent decline in this specific revenue source over the next few years as prevailing market interest rates are projected to normalize.

Property tax revenues are driven by the value of residential and commercial property, and since property tax revenue typically reflects the value of a property anywhere from 18 months to many years prior, these are less immediately responsive to economic changes than other types of taxes. High mortgage rates continue to test California's housing market, as sales decline and buyers face challenges amid rising median sale prices. In comparison, California's median home price increased by 4.6% as of April 2024, with Southern California's median home prices increasing by 1.9% based on HdL 's property tax division. The City's overall net taxable property value changed by 4.4%. Staff would note that a large portion of Signal Hill properties are highly affected by the oil and gas assets within the City. As oil prices change, the related property values also fluctuate in the same direction, and a portion of the change in property values is likely related to current oil prices. Property tax rolls are set before the commencement of the fiscal year, and therefore, property tax revenue was conservatively projected for FY 2024-25.

The City's annual obligated costs, such as contract costs, insurance, pension obligations, and unfunded mandates, continue to rise and compete against other budget priorities. The highest obligated costs include pension costs related to the CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL). The UAL mainly fluctuates as a result of investment returns and changes in the discount rate. CalPERS recently announced a preliminary net return of 11.6% for FY 2024-25. When factoring in CalPERS' discount rate of 6.8% and the FY 2024-25 preliminary return of 11.6%, the estimated funded status now stands at 79% as of June 30, 2025, for the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The recent gains and losses, changes in the discount rate, and assumption changes have led to variable funding status, which directly impacts the City's pension costs and overall budget strategies; the City will continue to monitor this issue closely.

The City completed a comprehensive fee study in FY 2023-24 that reviewed the City's overall user and regulatory fee structure, fee bases, and cost recovery. The projected positive fiscal impact has been incorporated into the current biennial budget. In addition, the City conducted a water rate study and a water master plan to review the Water Utility fund, ensuring overall fiscal sustainability and prioritizing water infrastructure needs and future capital improvement planning. The water rate study was completed in 2025 and went into effect in July 2025. The City has also embarked on a comprehensive economic and land use study for three areas of the community. Broadly defined, the purpose of an Opportunity Study Area is to assess future land use opportunities that will allow the City to grow economically, create jobs, encourage new development, and diversify the City's tax base for several years.

In 2023, the City Council authorized staff to issue a Notice of Funding Availability for up to \$10 million in affordable housing funding to develop the Orange and Walnut Bluff affordable housing sites. The City initiated a competitive process and selected National Community Renaissance (National CORE) as the City's preferred development partner. National CORE proposed a 380-unit affordable housing project that includes a Boys and Girls Club, representing a \$200 million

investment in the community. Since embarking on the due diligence process, National CORE experienced delays due to new State legislation regulating oil and gas operations. In addition, due to its budget deficit, the State temporarily suspended the Infill Infrastructure Grant program, which National CORE proposed as a primary funding source for these projects. Despite these temporary setbacks, National CORE and the City will have negotiated the terms of an Affordable Housing Agreement for the Walnut Bluff property that specifies the terms, conditions, and timing of the City's funding contribution.

FY 2025-26 Operating Budget

Based on industry forecasts and historical and current data, and in line with its long-standing commitment to fiscal prudence, the City employed conservative budgeting principles for the FY 2025-26 budget. The City's FY 2025-26 Operating Budget focuses on the continued delivery of quality core municipal services, proactively addressing safety and deferred maintenance and operational needs, and maintaining a work environment conducive to retaining and promoting a successful workforce. In developing the budget for the major general fund revenues, the City relied on analyses of historical performance and trends, as well as industry, economists, and news reports.

The City's expenditures were developed as a conservative spending plan addressing City Council and community priorities. The City's continued operations at full capacity include expanding current community and recreation programs, increasing public engagement through communications, committees, and other city events, and planning for future economic development. The budget also reflects the utilization of government relief program funding, special revenues, and grant programs in the City's capital plan and operational expenditures.

While the budget continues to reflect tempered optimism, the current global and local economies continue to face ongoing challenges that may lead to reevaluating spending strategies. The City's future economic health will be dependent on maintaining healthy reserves through fiscally conservative budgets and policies, planning for economic development opportunities, and maintaining its strong financial position through prudent, long-range policy decisions and sound fiscal management. The City will continue to monitor key economic indicators, sources of revenue, and spending levels as part of its sound, conservative fiscal approach.

Long Term Financial Planning

The community, City Council, and staff helped craft the 2023-2028 City of Signal Hill Strategic Plan, which sets the priorities for the City. The framework of the Strategic Plan is centered on three principles that include Vision (the ideal state of the community in the future), Mission (how we will achieve our vision), and Values (the principles by which we strive to work). The plan goals include five specific objectives: 1) Financial Stability: Ensure the City's long-term financial stability and resilience; 2) Community Safety: Maintain community safety by supporting public safety services and increasing emergency preparedness; 3) Economic & Downtown Development: Improve the local economy, support local businesses, and create a vibrant

downtown core; 4) Infrastructure: Maintain and improve the City's physical infrastructure, water system, and recreational spaces; 5) High-Functioning Government: Strengthen internal communication, recruitment, retention, systems, and processes to increase the effectiveness and efficiency of City services. The City Council and staff use the Strategic Plan as a tool to guide our actions and continue to improve the quality of life for the residents of Signal Hill.

A City's capacity to effectively deliver basic day-to-day services to its residents and businesses fundamentally affects whether residents can live in a healthy, safe, and fulfilling manner. Local governments are at the forefront in providing these basic services – for example: establishing and governing local laws and codes; providing police service and protection to residents and businesses; assisting in a fire or medical emergency; delivering clean water; providing recreational, social, and learning opportunities for residents; assuring the safety of existing and new buildings located in the City; building and maintaining infrastructure and public buildings; activating emergency operations to provide incident command, if necessary; and maintaining local roads for the orderly movement of people and things. Therefore, how local government is funded, and how well it is funded to be able to carry out this mission, is vital.

To meet these public duties, cities must manage and allocate millions of dollars each year, employ staff, negotiate and manage contracts, build and operate public facilities, among other obligations, and do all this within a setting that must be continually open, transparent, and accessible to the public. How local governments decide to use their limited resources leads to a complicated intersection of public policy, community planning, and budgeting. The heart of the matter is, in fact, the ongoing work to balance limited revenues with public demand for costly and often vital services and facilities.

Money for delivering local government services in California is raised largely through an intricate system of taxes and fees – a finance system that is complicated and unique. The system's unique nature is due to many factors of law, history, and culture, including State constitutional provisions enacted by voters that prescribe strict limits on how municipalities can raise revenues – and even how they can spend money.

On November 3, 2020, the residents of Signal Hill voted in a new three-quarter cent per dollar (0.75%) general transactions and use (sales) tax to take proactive local control of long-term financial planning. This tax continues to preserve the high quality of life the community expects and deserves, supporting the ongoing provision of essential services while securing a reliable, long-term funding stream that is locally controlled, where revenue is not subject to seizure or elimination by the State. The new tax provided approximately \$6.4 million in annual revenues in FY 2024-25 to help fund programs such as streets, pothole and infrastructure repair, clean public areas, 9-1-1 emergency response, and crime prevention.

In FY 2024-25, the City adopted a new Reserve Policy with the aim of reaffirming sound financial management, which includes the practice and discipline of maintaining adequate reserve funds for known and unknown contingencies. The City will follow this new General Fund Reserve Policy to formalize the City's financial reserve targets and reserve criteria. These reserves would

be utilized to mitigate the adverse impact of an economic slowdown, a recession, or the loss of a major sales tax provider. The unassigned fund balance in the General Fund and the fund balance of the Economic Uncertainties Fund were approximately 101% of FY 2024-25 General Fund budgeted operating expenditures, which exceeds the minimum target range of 75% to 100%. The City's strategic reserves also allow resources to be set aside to fund major capital improvement projects to maintain roads, infrastructure, and other long-term assets to improve the well-being of its residents and visitors, with two major upcoming projects that include the Civic Center Master Plan and the City Hall Renovation.

Management believes the City has positioned itself to weather unanticipated economic fluctuations through adequate reserve accumulation and continuation of the privatization of City functions such as street sweeping and park maintenance, enhanced and renewed focus on proactive economic development efforts with the completion of the long-range asset management plan, and a continued focus on our human development effort to reshape and retrain our workforce to meet changing demands.

Financial and Internal Controls

The Administrative Services Officer/Director of Finance is directly responsible for the City's financial administration and oversees the budget, purchasing, management of information systems, risk management, and fiscal operations. Fiscal operations include general accounting, financial reporting, treasury and investment functions, business permits, capital improvement project fiscal administration, payroll, accounts payable, accounts receivable, and water utility billing.

The Finance Department is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting and financial reporting data are compiled and available to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met and that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Management believes the City's current internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Single Audit

The City is legally required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Guidance, <u>Audits of State and Local Governments</u>, if total federal grant expenditures exceed \$750,000 in a single year. Throughout the course of FY 2024-25, the City did not expend federal funds in excess of the \$750,000 threshold, therefore no Single Audit will be required.

Budgetary Controls

The City Council is required to adopt a budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., Public Safety), and department (e.g., Police). The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual adopted budget approved by the City Council. The budget policy of the City requires that: (1) a balanced budget be prepared where resources equal appropriations for all funds in conformance with State constitutional limits; (2) adoption of the budget effectuated by a City Council resolution to take place prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which it is to take effect; (3) the level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) be established at the program level; (4) adjustment to the adopted budget be made only with the proper approvals; and (5) encumbrances of appropriations as a budgetary control technique be utilized. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Fund are included in the annual approved budget.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Spending Limitation

Management foresees no problem for several years in complying with the spending limitation under the Gann Initiative passed by the California voters in 1979, which created Article XIIIB of the State Constitution. The City's independent auditors have attested to the accuracy of the computation of the spending limitations for the current period, which indicated that the City's tax proceeds are substantially under the established Gann Limit and are not expected to reach that limit in the foreseeable future.

Independent Audit

The City's Municipal Code requires an annual audit by independent, certified public accountants. The accounting firm RAMS is responsible for auditing the City's accounting records. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements, combined and individual fund statements, and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Signal Hill for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This recognition was the 29th consecutive year the City of Signal Hill achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual

comprehensive financial report; this report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements.

The preparation of this annual comprehensive financial report was made possible by the staff of the Finance Department, the City Manager's Office, and the expertise and assistance of the City's auditors Rogers, Anderson, Malody & Scott, LLP, Certified Public Accountants. Each member of this team has our sincere appreciation. We also extend our thanks and appreciation to the Signal Hill City Council members for their encouragement and support in conducting the City's financial operations in a responsible manner.

Respectfully submitted,

—Signed by: Carlo Tomaino

Carlo Tomaino
City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Signal Hill California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2024

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



CITY OF SIGNAL HILL CALIFORNIA

FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024-2025

ELECTED OFFICIALS



Keir Jones Mayor



Tina L. Hansen
Vice Mayor



Robert D. Copeland

Council Member



Charlie Honeycutt
Council Member



Lori Y. Woods

Council Member

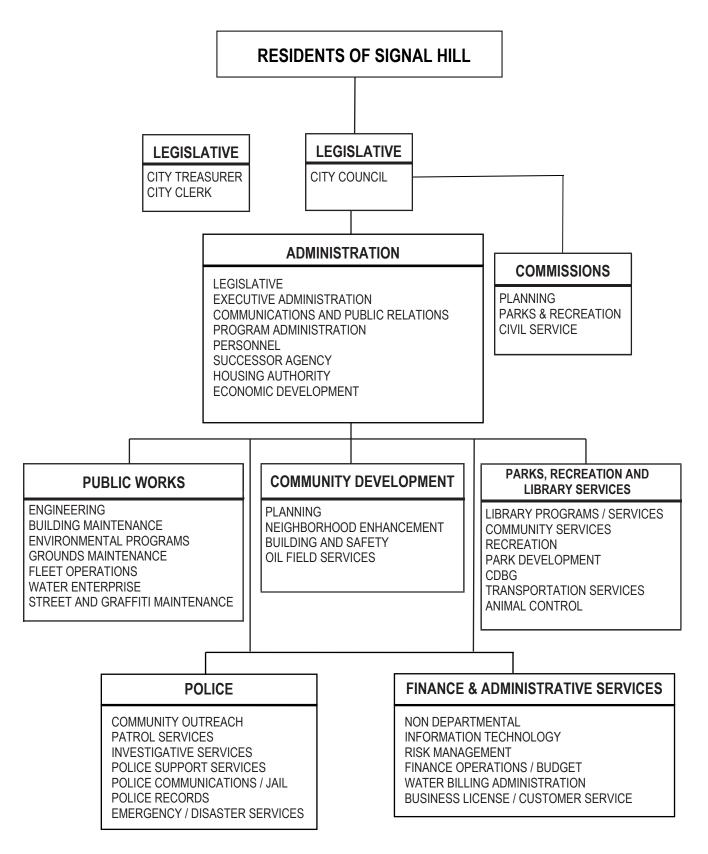


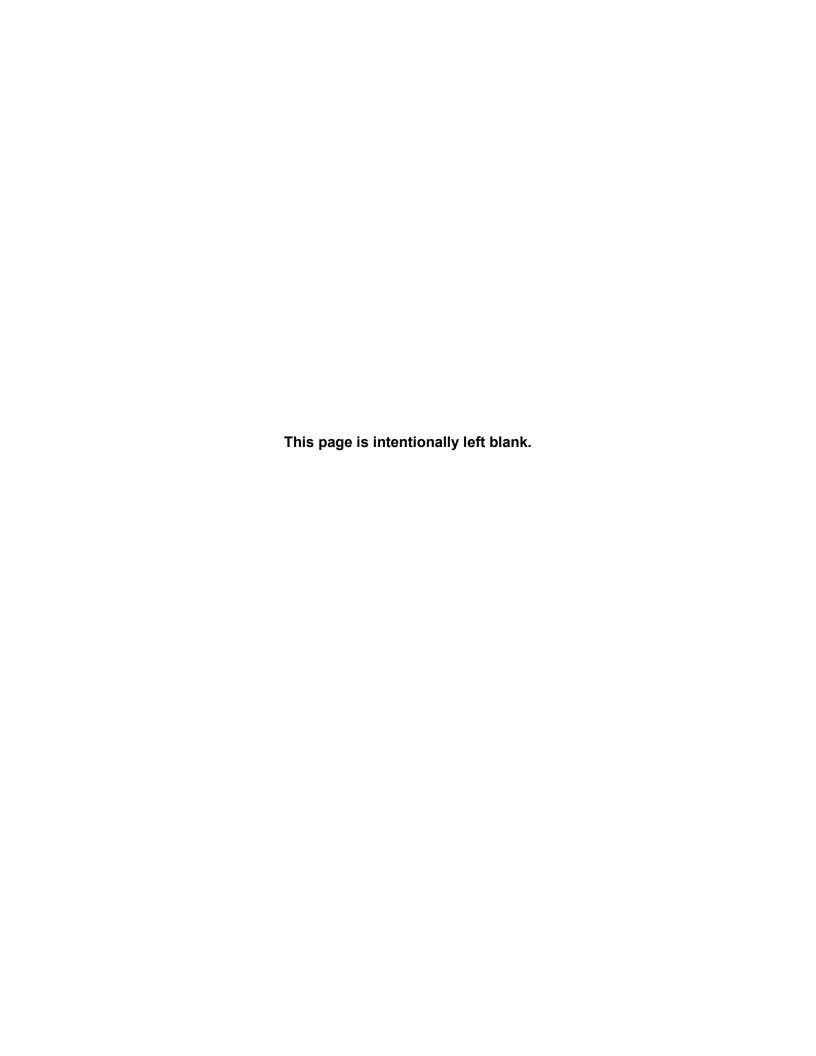
David Hopper
City Treasurer



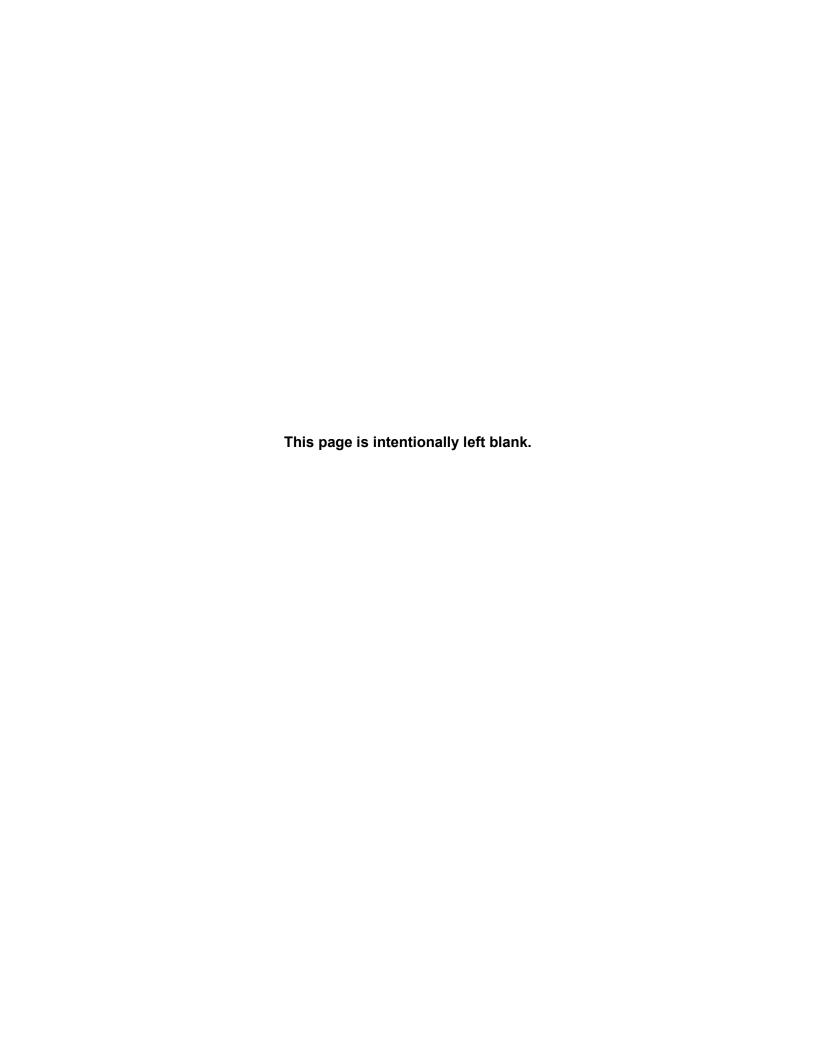
Daritza Perez City Clerk

CITY OF SIGNAL HILL ORGANIZATIONAL CHART











Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Signal Hill, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Signal Hill (City), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements during the year ended June 30, 2025, the City adopted new accounting guidance under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

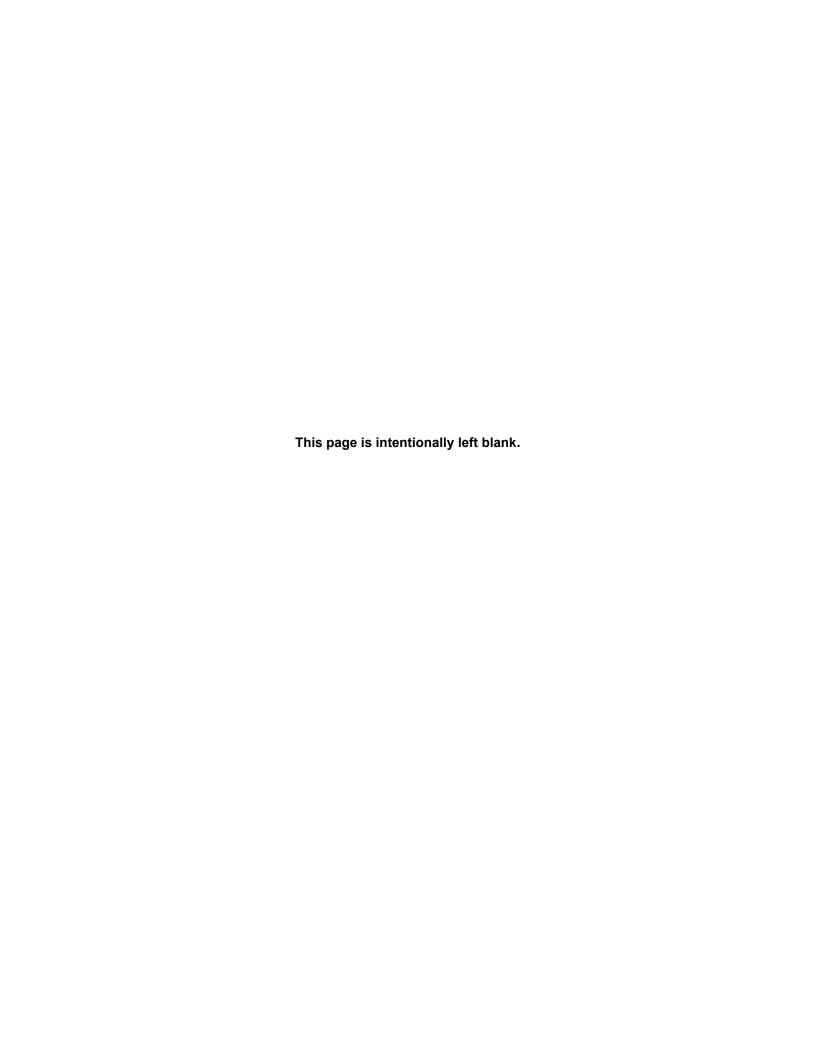
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rogers, Anderson, Malody e Scott, LLP.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Bernardino, California December 3, 2025



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

As management of the City of Signal Hill (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2025 (FY 2024-25). We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal and the City's basic financial statements for a more comprehensive overview of the City's financial status for the period ending June 30, 2025.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The comparisons provided in this discussion and analysis are between FY 2023-24 and FY 2024-25; all increases and decreases are expressed relative to FY 2023-24 amounts. Financial highlights for FY 2024-25 are summarized below. Details related to the highlights in this report are found in the remaining sections of this analysis.

Citywide

- The City's total net position, the amount by which total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, equaled \$182.7 million in FY 2023-24 and \$196.9 million in FY 2024-25.
- Of this amount, \$59.6 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors. The remaining net position is classified as net investment in capital assets of \$117.6 million and restricted of \$19.7 million.
- The City's total net position increased by \$14.1 million over FY 2023-24 and is largely attributed
 to revenues exceeding expenditures as reported in the statement of activities. The remainder of
 this report will provide a more detailed analysis of the City's net position and operating activities
 that contributed to this increase.

Throughout the fiscal year, the Federal Reserve kept interest rates relatively flat, maintaining the City's investment portfolio at 98.5% of its book value. The City's policy involves holding investments until maturity to minimize risk in a fluctuating market and safeguard the overall capital. Despite a year-end unrealized loss due to market changes, the total net investment income remained positive and is discussed throughout the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), with more details in Notes 1F and 2 of the City's Financial Statements.

Fund Level

- As of June 30, 2025, governmental funds report a combined fund balance of \$103.1 million, an increase of \$8.6 million from the prior year. Of this amount, \$30.7 million is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- As of June 30, 2025, the General Fund reports an ending fund balance of \$82.9 million. Of this amount, \$30.7 million is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance). Cash and investments of the General Fund total \$69.9 million, which represents 84.3% of the General Fund's \$82.9 million fund balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

- As of June 30, 2025, the City's Water Enterprise fund reports an ending net position of \$29 million, an increase of \$0.8 million, or 2.9%, from the prior year. The net position is classified as net investment in capital assets of \$27.4 million and unrestricted net position of \$1.6 million. In 2025, the City completed a Proposition 218 water rate study, which is expected to result in a steady revenue increase to offset Water Utilities Enterprise Fund activity.
- As of June 30, 2025, the City's Internal Service fund reports an ending net position of \$3.7 million. Of this amount, \$1.5 million is set aside for unforeseen events or emergencies.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires this discussion and analysis as required supplementary information. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Other required supplementary information immediately follows the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains additional supplementary information to the basic financial statements and required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to give the reader a picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. This broad overview is similar to the financial reporting used in private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements have separate columns for governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities of the City include general government (legislative, finance, administration, and personnel); parks, recreation and library services; police; community development; and public works. The City's business-type activity consists of a water utility. Governmental activities are primarily supported by taxes, charges for services, and grants while business-type activities are primarily self-supporting through user fees and charges. The government-wide financial statements can be found beginning on page 17 of this report.

<u>The Statement of Net Position</u> presents information on all City assets (including capital assets), liabilities (including long-term liabilities), and deferred inflows and outflows of resources. The amount by which assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as net position. Over time, trends including increases or decreases in net position may be an indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information designed to show how the City's net position changed during the year. This statement distinguishes revenue generated by specific functions from revenue provided by taxes and other sources not related to a specific function. The revenue generated by specific functions (charges for services, grants, and contributions) is compared to the expenses for those functions to show how much each function either supports itself or relies on taxes and other general funding sources for support. All activity on this statement is reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which requires that revenues are reported when earned and expenses are reported when incurred, regardless of when cash is received or disbursed.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts used to account for specific activities. Funds are often set up in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and show compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City's funds are divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Governmental funds</u>. Governmental funds are used to account for the governmental activities reported in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds. The basis of accounting is different between the governmental fund statements and the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund statements focus on near-term revenues/financial resources and expenditures while the government-wide financial statements include both near-term and long-term revenues/financial resources and expenses.

Fund balance is categorized into a hierarchy of five classifications: non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. These five categories facilitate analysis and understanding of the City's commitment of financial resources.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, California Arts Council Grant Fund, and the Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from all other governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for these non-major governmental funds is provided as supplementary information elsewhere in this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 20.

<u>Proprietary funds</u> consist of both enterprise and internal service funds. When the City charges customers for a service provided, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, the services are reported in proprietary funds. There is a direct relationship between the fees paid and the services received. Like the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary funds provide both long-term and short-term financial information utilizing the economic resources measurement focus.

The City's enterprise fund is the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements, but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City has one enterprise fund for water utilities.

The City's internal service fund is used to report activities that primarily provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities. The City uses one internal service fund to account for vehicle maintenance and repair services.

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 26 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other funds. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because their assets are not available to support the City's activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

The City's Fiduciary funds consist of a Private-Purpose Trust Fund and a Pension Trust Fund. The City is the Successor Agency to the former Redevelopment Agency; all of its assets, liabilities, and activities are recorded in the Private-Purpose Trust Fund. The Successor Agency is a separate operating entity from the City. The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for activities related to the City's other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan and is an irrevocable trust fund. The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found beginning on page 30 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is important to provide a full understanding of the data in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 32 of this report.

<u>Supplementary Information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. Required supplementary information is found immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Optional supplementary information is presented as combined and individual statements for other governmental and agency funds. This optional supplementary information can be found immediately following the required supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

A summary of the government-wide *Statement of Net Position* as of June 30, 2024, and June 30, 2025, and is as follows:

Condensed Statement of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Totals	
	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 142,729,050	\$ 134,629,654	\$ 6,333,503	\$ 6,031,486	\$ 149,062,553	\$ 140,661,140
Capital assets, net	113,742,502	108,706,050	29,360,957	29,918,742	143,103,459	138,624,792
Total Assets	256,471,552	243,335,704	35,694,460	35,950,228	292,166,012	279,285,932
Deferred outflows of resources:						
Deferred amount on refunding	-	-	6,500	23,834	6,500	23,834
Deferred amounts from pension	10,675,491	14,655,757	1,276,854	928,108	11,952,345	15,583,865
Deferred amount from OPEB	1,419,825	1,769,701	92,520	174,587	1,512,345	1,944,288
Total Deferred Outflows	12,095,316	16,425,458	1,375,874	1,126,529	13,471,190	17,551,987
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities *	11,775,200	11,222,833	1,188,323	2,654,317	12,963,523	13,877,150
Long-term liabilities	63,540,567	68,300,110	6,562,852	5,948,866	70,103,419	74,248,976
Total Liabilities	75,315,767	79,522,943	7,751,175	8,603,183	83,066,942	88,126,126
Defended in flower of the comment	•					
Deferred inflows of resources:	4 004 470	4 004 744	100 705	100.005	4 045 004	4 0 4 0 7 0 0
Deferred amounts from pension	1,084,476	1,684,711	130,785	128,995	1,215,261	1,813,706
Deferred amount from OPEB	2,683,643	1,482,047	174,873	146,209	2,858,516	1,628,256
Deferred amounts from Leases	21,598,532	22,431,097			21,598,532	22,431,097
Total Deferred Inflows	25,366,651	25,597,855	305,658	275,204	25,672,309	25,873,059
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	90,126,594	84,083,143	27,436,406	27,073,694	117,563,000	111,156,837
Restricted			21,430,400	21,013,094		
	19,702,690	18,898,879	4 577 005	4 404 070	19,702,690	18,898,879
Unrestricted	58,055,166	51,658,342	1,577,095	1,124,676	59,632,261	52,783,018
Total Net Position	\$ 167,884,450	\$ 154,640,364	\$ 29,013,501	\$ 28,198,370	\$ 196,897,951	\$ 182,838,734
*as restated due to prior year cor	rection, see Note	18				

Over time, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a City's financial position. At June 30, 2025, the City's net position was \$196.9 million, an increase of \$14.2 million or 9.3%, over the net position of \$182.7 million at June 30, 2024.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

The largest portion of the City's net position (\$117.6 million or 59.7%) is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment, right-to-use assets, etc.), net of related debt. The City uses capital assets to provide services to residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. This category of net position increased mainly from the construction of ongoing, and completed projects such as the Hillbrook Park project, ongoing pavement management improvements, sidewalk repair, and the Panorama Promenade emergency repair project.

The City's restricted net position totals \$19.7 million (10% of total net position). Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$59.6 million (30.3%) represents unrestricted net position; this category of net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to residents and creditors.

Total net position increased by \$14.1 million from an excess of revenues over expenses. This net increase was reflected by an increase of \$6.4 million and \$6.0 million in unrestricted net position and net investment in capital assets, respectively. The excess of revenues over expenses will be analyzed in conjunction with the Statement of Activities.

The following is a summary of the government-wide *Statement of Activities* which illustrates the City's overall \$14.1 million increase in net position resulting from program expenses being less than total program and general revenues. A discussion regarding significant changes in revenues and expenses follows the table.

Rusiness type Activities

Condensed Statement of Activities

Carramana antal A ativitia

Revenues: 2024-25 2023-24 2024-25 2023-24 Program revenues: Charges for services \$ 3,220,248 \$ 2,958,434 \$ 7,385,061 \$ 6,766,909	2024-25 10,605,309 2,420,492 1,371,972 3,509,754 28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	\$ 9,725,343 5,052,635 1,772,478 3,106,610 28,053,616 2,397,255 5,480,383
Program revenues: Charges for services \$ 3,220,248 \$ 2,958,434 \$ 7,385,061 \$ 6,766,909 \$ Grants and contributions: Operating 2,420,492 5,052,635 - - - Capital 1,371,972 1,772,478 - - -	2,420,492 1,371,972 3,509,754 28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	5,052,635 1,772,478 3,106,610 28,053,616 2,397,255
Charges for services \$ 3,220,248 \$ 2,958,434 \$ 7,385,061 \$ 6,766,909 \$ 6,766,	2,420,492 1,371,972 3,509,754 28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	5,052,635 1,772,478 3,106,610 28,053,616 2,397,255
Grants and contributions: Operating 2,420,492 5,052,635 Capital 1,371,972 1,772,478	2,420,492 1,371,972 3,509,754 28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	5,052,635 1,772,478 3,106,610 28,053,616 2,397,255
Operating 2,420,492 5,052,635 - - - Capital 1,371,972 1,772,478 - -	1,371,972 3,509,754 28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	1,772,478 3,106,610 28,053,616 2,397,255
Capital 1,371,972 1,772,478	1,371,972 3,509,754 28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	1,772,478 3,106,610 28,053,616 2,397,255
	3,509,754 28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	3,106,610 28,053,616 2,397,255
General revenues:	28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	28,053,616 2,397,255
Contra revenues.	28,312,131 2,380,421 5,854,815	28,053,616 2,397,255
Property taxes 3,509,754 3,106,610	2,380,421 5,854,815	2,397,255
Sales and use taxes 28,312,131 28,053,616	5,854,815	
Other taxes 2,380,421 2,397,255		5,480,383
Investment income 5,397,765 5,167,205 457,050 313,178		
Unrestricted grants and		
contributions <u>1,184,653</u> <u>622,705</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	1,184,653	622,705
Total revenues <u>47,797,436</u> <u>49,130,938</u> <u>7,842,111</u> <u>7,080,087</u> _	55,639,547	56,211,025
Expenses:		
General government 7,058,552 7,318,373	7,058,552	7,318,373
Parks, recreation, and library services 3,537,364 3,710,796	3,537,364	3,710,796
Police 14,552,465 12,988,649	14,552,465	12,988,649
Community development 1,659,960 1,469,814	1,659,960	1,469,814
Public works* 5,751,217 6,183,809	5,751,217	6,183,809
Interest expense 459,585 511,542 107,532 96,800	567,117	608,342
Unallocated infrastructure		
depreciation 1,491,716 445,747	1,491,716	445,747
Water	6,961,939	4,938,644
Total expenses <u>34,510,859</u> <u>32,628,730</u> <u>7,069,471</u> <u>5,035,444</u> _	41,580,330	37,664,174
Excess of revenues over expenses 13,286,577 16,502,208 772,640 2,044,643	14,059,217	18,546,851
Transfers (42,491) (2,535,052) 42,491 2,535,052		
Change in net position 13,244,086 13,967,156 815,131 4,579,695	14,059,217	18,546,851
Net position, beginning, restated <u>154,640,364</u> <u>140,673,208</u> <u>28,198,370</u> <u>23,618,675</u>	182,838,734	164,291,883
Net position, ending \$ 167,884,450 \$ 154,640,364 \$ 29,013,501 \$ 28,198,370 \$	196,897,951	\$ 182,838,734

^{*}as restated due to prior year correction, see Note 18

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Government-wide revenues decreased by \$0.6 million (1%) to \$55.6 million. The majority of this decrease resulted from an increase of \$0.37 million in investment income, \$0.26 million in sales and use taxes, \$0.4 million in property taxes, and \$0.88 million in charges for services as well as a decrease of \$2.5 million in grants. The increase in Investment income is attributed to the performance of the City's investment portfolio in a high-interest rate economy. These increases are offset by a \$3.3 million decrease in grants and contributions compared to the prior year, as \$2.5 million of American Rescue Plan Act Funds (ARPA) were received in the prior fiscal year.

The most significant portion of the City's revenue came from sales and use tax which accounted for 59.0% of total revenue, charges for services accounted for 7.0%, 8.0% was received from grants and contributions, and 11.0% is attributed to investment income. Additionally, 7.0% of revenues are attributed to property taxes, and 5.0% from other taxes.

Government-wide expenses of all City programs and services increased by a net \$3.9 million (9.1%) to \$41.6 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Governmental Activities increased by \$1.9 million, and Business Type Activities increased by \$2.0 million. Expenses include adjustments for depreciation, long-term debt, and pension costs. The net increase in Government-wide expenses is spread across the City's programs with decreases in General Government by \$0.8 million; Parks, Recreation, and Library services by \$0.2 million; and Public Works by \$0.6 million as well as increases in Police Department by \$1.6 million and Community Development by \$0.2 million. The Water Fund had a total expense of \$7.1 million which reflects an increase of \$2.0 million.

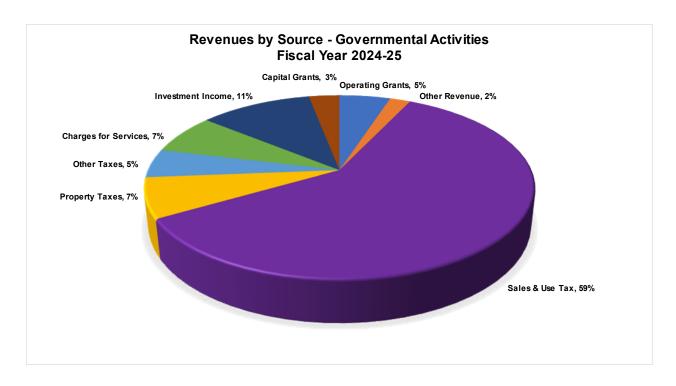
The Police Department accounted for 42.0% of the total costs, General Government for 20.0%, and Public Works for 17.0%, with Parks, Recreation, and Library Services for 10.0%, Community Development for 5.0%, and Interest Expense for 1.0%.

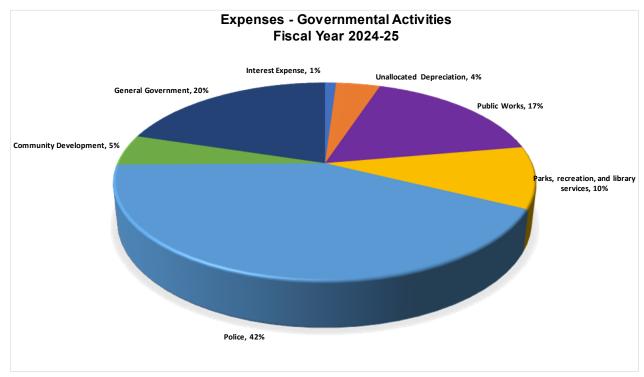
The following two charts show the source and use of funds for Governmental Activities:

Governmental activities contributed \$13.3 million before transfers to the increase in net position resulting from revenues exceeding expenses. Governmental activities comprise the majority of the government-wide data, and explanations for changes in government-wide and governmental activities are often similar.

Revenues of governmental activities report a net decrease over the prior year of \$1.3 million (2.8%), to \$47.8 million. A decrease of \$2.5 million was due to ARPA funds received in the previous year, offset by increases in actual sales and use tax revenues of \$0.3 million higher than estimated; \$0.4 million in property taxes; and \$0.2 million in investment income.

Expenses of governmental activities increased by a net \$1.8 million (5.3%). Expenses include long-term debt and pension costs. The net increase is spread across the City's programs with the Police Department increasing by \$1.6 million; General Government decreasing by \$0.3 million; Parks, Recreation, and Library Services decreasing by \$0.2 million; Community Development increasing by \$0.2 million; Public Works decreasing by \$0.6 million; and unallocated infrastructure depreciation increasing \$1 million. Interest expense experienced a very negligible change.



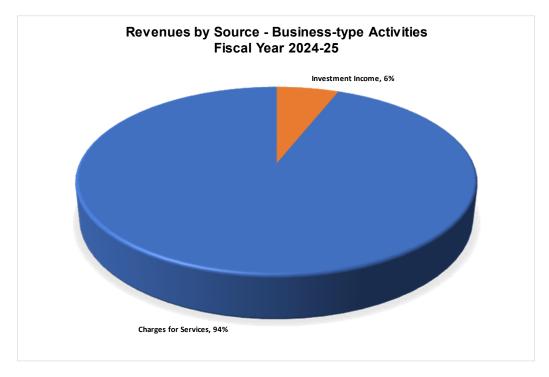


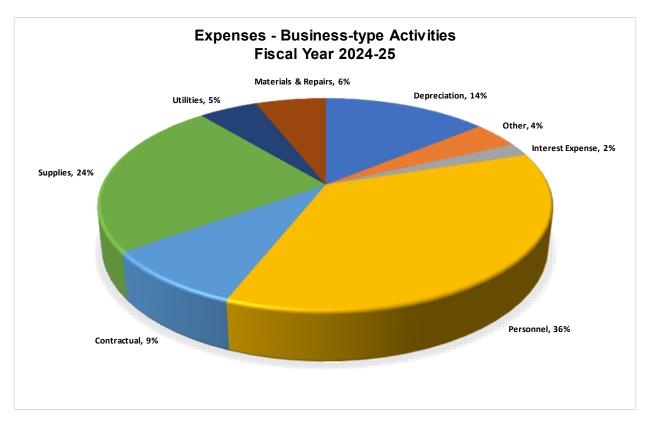
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

The following two charts show the source and use of funds for Business-Type Activities:

Business-type activities consist solely of the Water Utilities Enterprise Fund. The financial goal of the City's business-type activities is to operate on a self-supporting basis without making a significant profit or needing general tax subsidies. The total net position at the end of the year was \$29.0 million as compared to \$28.2 million at the end of the prior year. This represents an increase in net position of \$0.8 million or 2.9%. The increase can be attributed to actual revenues of more than actual expenses.

Revenues of \$7.4 million consist of charges for services. This is an increase of \$0.6 million or 9.1% over the prior year's total revenue of \$6.8 million. The increase is mainly due to increased water rates as compared to the prior year. Expenses totaled \$7.1 million in the current year, an increase of \$2.0 million over the prior year's expenses of \$5.0 million. The majority of the increase is attributed to an increase in personnel costs due to being fully staffed, versus having several vacant positions in the prior year. For more details relating to the Water Utilities Enterprise Fund activities and water management plan please see the City's Website.





FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City's major governmental funds for FY 2024-25 were the General Fund, the Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund, California Arts Council Grant Fund and the Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund.

General Fund

The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$7.0 million in FY 2024-25. This increase resulted from revenues and transfers-in totaling \$42.8 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, exceeding expenditures, net of subscription and lease acquisition sources, totaling \$31.5 million and transfers out totaling \$4.5 million

General Fund revenues increased by a net of \$0.9 million compared to FY 2023-24. This increase resulted from an increase in taxes of \$0.4 million; an increase in charges for services of \$0.4 million; and an increase in other revenue of \$0.6 million as a result of a subscription termination. These increases were offset by decreases in investment income of \$0.3 million and licenses and permits of \$0.1 million.

Overall, the General Fund's operating expenditures were higher than the prior year by \$2.2 million, mainly due to increases in police as well as capital outlay expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund

The Housing Authority fund balance increased by \$0.8 million to \$7.9 million as compared to the prior year's fund balance of \$7.2 million. The fund's activity consists of interest income and professional services for assistance in administering the City's housing program. Interest income increased due to high interest rates yielding better than expected results. The Housing Authority also received a transfer of \$0.4 million related to the Successor Agency annual loan payment which allocates 20% of City/Agency loan to the Low/Moderate Income Housing Authority Fund (LMIHAF). The fund balance is restricted for housing purposes.

California Arts Council Grant Special Revenue Fund

The California Arts Council Grant Special Revenue Fund is used to account for grant funds received from the State that are restricted for the renovation and redesign of the Signal Hill amphitheater capital project.

Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund

Capital expenditures within the Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund totaled \$6.6 million for the fiscal year. The major projects worked on in FY 2024-25 included the Hillbrook Park project, ongoing pavement management improvements, the Spring Street overlay, sidewalk repair, and various other street improvement construction projects. The restricted ending fund balance of \$0.4 million reflects an advance received for a specified construction project, all other project costs were fully funded as budgeted.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund often receives the most public attention since it is where local tax revenues are accounted for and where the most visible and recognizable municipal services (such as police, public works and community services) are funded.

In preparing its budget, the City attempts to estimate revenues using realistic, but conservative, methods so as to budget its expenditure appropriations and activities in a prudent manner in alignment with the City Council's expectations as outlined in the 2023-2028 Strategic Plan. As a result, the City adopts budget adjustments during the course of the fiscal year to reflect both changed priorities and the availability of additional revenue. During the course of the year, the City Council amended the originally adopted budget by adding \$1.0 million in new appropriation, excluding positive fund balance reserve adjustments utilizing the prior year's positive fund balance. The approved appropriations were mainly related to contract services adjustments.

Total General Fund revenues of \$42.8 million were \$5.4 million higher than the budgeted amount of \$37.3 million. The increase over the FY 2023-24 Operating results was mainly due to an increase in the City's significant revenue sources. Sales tax exceeded the budget by \$1.2 million, mainly driven by the Autos and Transportation business sector out-performing expectations. However, looking forward, sales tax revenue is expected to remain relatively flat for FY 2025-26 with signs of slowing growth in certain business sectors. Overall, sales tax revenue is budgeted conservatively using updated industry expert information. Interest income exceeded budget by \$2 million due to the annual unrealized interest gain/loss accounting adjustment also called the mark to market adjustment required by GASB No. 31. Charges for services actuals were higher than budget by \$0.9 million due to trash host fee actual revenue exceeding expectations. Other revenue actuals also surpassed budgeted amounts by \$0.8 million due to GASB 96 adjustments made on the termination of subscription. And finally, property tax actuals exceeded budgeted amounts by \$0.4 million due to property tax remittance amounts exceeding expected amounts.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Total General Fund expenditures of \$31.5 million net of subscription acquisition costs were projected at \$38.0 million, coming in at \$0.7 million lower than projected. In comparison to the budget, actual expenditures were below the current budget by \$4.3 million, which also resulted from all departments ending the year with expenditures below budget. The General fund expenditures increased from the prior year and still came in lower than current budget, which is mostly due to employee position vacancies. Administration, Community Development and the Police departments also experienced lower use of planned contract services, which also contributed to lower than budgeted expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2025, totaled \$143 million, net of depreciation and amortization. These assets include buildings, infrastructure, land, machinery and equipment, right-to-use assets, park facilities, vehicles, water lines, and construction in progress. FY 2024-25 had a net increase in capital assets of \$4.5 million. The increase was mainly due to the additional and ongoing projects increasing construction in progress, and additions to Capital Assets related to GASB Statement 96. For additional information see Notes 1H and 3 of the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

Capital Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-T	pe Activities	Totals		
	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24	
Land	\$ 35,547,000	\$ 35,519,323	\$ 4,427,416	\$ 4,427,416	\$ 39,974,416	\$ 39,946,739	
Water rights	-	-	183,173	213,553	183,173	213,553	
Construction in progress	3,196,305	2,690,199	350,035	294,010	3,546,340	2,984,209	
Buildings & equipment	43,429,828	39,600,772	24,280,634	24,844,271	67,710,462	64,445,043	
Infrastructure	16,824,273	15,896,801	-	-	16,824,273	15,896,801	
Right-to-use assets	14,745,096	14,998,955	119,699	139,492	14,864,795	15,138,447	
Total assets	\$ 113,742,502	\$ 108,706,050	\$29,360,957	\$29,918,742	\$ 143,103,459	\$ 138,624,792	

Debt Administration

Following is a summary of the City's long-term liabilities:

Long-term Liabilities

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Totals		
	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24	2024-25	2023-24	
Water revenue bonds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 564,521	\$ 1,146,576	\$ 564,521	\$ 1,146,576	
Lease revenue bonds	6,387,867	7,090,916	-	-	6,387,867	7,090,916	
Water replenishment district loan	-	-	1,220,930	1,360,465	1,220,930	1,360,465	
Leases payable	13,046,832	13,068,961	-	-	13,046,832	13,068,961	
Subscriptions payable	2,511,197	2,364,727	130,581	146,852	2,641,778	2,511,579	
Net pension liability	34,497,275	37,148,439	4,245,670	2,474,285	38,742,945	39,622,724	
Net OPEB liability	5,882,198	7,762,983	383,301	765,844	6,265,499	8,528,827	
Compensated absences	1,215,198	864,084	17,849	54,844	1,233,047	918,928	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 63,540,567	\$ 68,300,110	\$ 6,562,852	\$ 5,948,866	\$ 70,103,419	\$ 74,248,976	

The City has two bond issues outstanding at fiscal year-end. The water revenue bonds are part of the City's business-type activities, and the outstanding bond liability is \$0.6 million at year-end. The lease revenue bonds are part of the City's governmental activities, and the outstanding bond liability is \$6.4 million at year-end. The City's Water Enterprise included in Business-Type Activities has a zero-interest, \$1.5 million loan from the Water Replenishment District to partially fund the construction of the new Well No. 10. The balance of this loan was \$1.2 million at fiscal year-end.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Additional information on the City's long-term obligations can be found in the following Notes to Basic Financial Statements:

· Note 1M: Employee compensated absences

Note 6: Long-term liabilities
Note 9B: Net pension liability
Note 10D: Net OPEB liability

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

Local and state economies strive for normalcy as they combat the long-term, economic effects of the coronavirus pandemic that have contributed to the prolonged historically high inflation and the increased interest rates by the Federal Reserve. Cities continue to be challenged in forecasting due to tariffs and inflation affecting consumer spending trends, and volatile interest rates that are putting pressure on the housing market, car sales, and other parts of the economy. The City has been fortunate in its specific mix of business, which has contributed to a higher than expected sales and use tax, and has been proven to be resilient in response to volatile economic changes.

In developing the FY 2024-25 budget, staff utilized prior year results, current data, and industry forecasts while following the City's tradition of fiscal prudence. To deliver a balanced budget for FY 2024-25, the City utilized planned revenues and transfers equal to planned operating expenditures for the budget year. Most general fund revenue categories were adjusted to reflect current industry estimates based on cautious optimism with a conservative view. The FY 2024-25 operating budget reflects General Fund estimated revenues and transfers-in totaling \$38.9 million, an increase of \$3.7 million to the adopted FY 2023-24 budgeted revenues. The increase can mainly be attributed to an increase of budgeted interest income revenue to reflect current interest, but this trend is not anticipated to continue in FY 2025-26 due to potential changes by the Federal Reserve regarding interest rates, which will affect the City's investment yield.

The City's expenditures were developed as a conservative spending plan addressing City Council and community priorities while focusing on continuing operations at full capacity, addressing deferred maintenance and operational needs, and delivering quality core municipal services with a skilled and talented workforce. The FY 2024-25 operating budget reflects General Fund appropriated expenditures and net transfers-out totaling \$43.4 million, an increase of \$5.7 million to the adopted FY 2024-25 budget. The increase in expenditures is mainly due to rising obligated costs and new agreements with employee bargaining units and related benefits. The City always attempts to maximize grants and awarded funding from federal, state, and local sources to help offset anticipated and expected increases associated with these contractual and obligated costs.

If the economy stabilizes, with Measure SHR and the City's existing revenue base, the City is poised to continue to fund community priorities, including maintaining healthy reserves; preparing for natural disasters and public health emergencies; maintaining 9-1-1 emergency response times; providing financial assistance to residents and local businesses during natural disasters and public health emergencies; addressing homelessness; expanding public engagement and providing crime prevention and investigation services; maintaining local streets and fixing potholes; maintaining sidewalks, street trees, storm drains, parks and recreation facilities, other infrastructure and plan for future economic development; cleaning and maintaining public areas and removing graffiti.

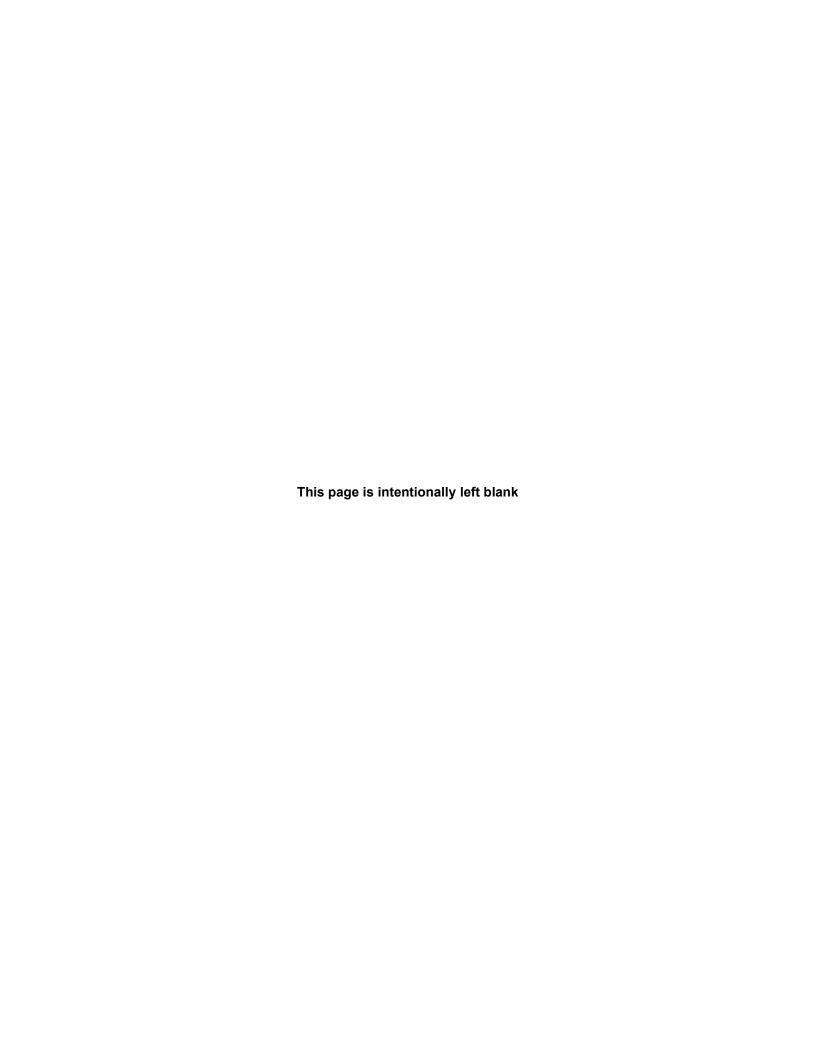
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

The economic impact of the previous several years has placed tremendous fiscal pressure on local governments, exposed the restrictive revenue options available to local governments and highlighted the importance of ongoing revenue diversification. Local governments, including Signal Hill, will be challenged to continue to seek diversification opportunities to address future economic storms. The City will seek to focus on strengthening existing revenue streams while identifying and developing new opportunities.

While it is possible that the City can be presented with unforeseen challenges and opportunities in the years ahead, the City's ongoing, prudent fiscal practices which include a consideration of future needs and planning, have enabled the City to achieve and maintain a positive, long-term stable financial condition. The City will continue to build on the accomplishments that have resulted in fiscal stability and will continue to deliver the services that provide a high quality of life to residents.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Signal Hill's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance at the City of Signal Hill, 2175 Cherry Avenue, Signal Hill, California 90755-3799.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 97,746,148	\$ 11,861,720	\$ 109,607,868
Receivables:			
Accounts	623,028	1,000,223	1,623,251
Accrued interest	733,963	-	733,963
Due from other governments	5,232,449	-	5,232,449
Leases	23,483,892	-	23,483,892
Loans	1,640,906	-	1,640,906
From Successor Agency	5,553,819	-	5,553,819
Internal balances	6,528,518	(6,528,518)	-
Prepaid items	144,796	- '	144,796
Land and improvements held for resale, net	1,040,642	-	1,040,642
Restricted Assets:	, ,		, ,
Cash and investments	889	78	967
Capital assets, not being depreciated	38,743,305	4,777,451	43,520,756
Capital assets, being depreciated and amortized,	00,110,000	1,777,101	10,020,700
Net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	74,999,197	24,583,506	99,582,703
Total Assets	256,471,552	35,694,460	292,166,012
Total Assets	200,471,002	33,034,400	292, 100,012
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
		6,500	6,500
Deferred loss amount on debt refunding	10.675.404	,	,
Pension related	10,675,491	1,276,854	11,952,345
OPEB related	1,419,825	92,520	1,512,345
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,095,316	1,375,874	13,471,190
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	2,939,214	687,804	3,627,018
Accrued liabilities	1,841,408	44,740	1,886,148
Accrued interest payable	19,460	93,066	112,526
Deposits payable	406,935	362,713	769,648
Unearned revenue	6,568,183	-	6,568,183
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	2,055,486	727,003	2,782,489
Due in more than one year:			
Other	21,105,608	1,206,878	22,312,486
Net pension liability	34,497,275	4,245,670	38,742,945
Net OPEB liability	5,882,198	383,301	6,265,499
Total Liabilities	75,315,767	7,751,175	83,066,942
		- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	1,084,476	130,785	1,215,261
OPEB related	2,683,643	174,873	2,858,516
Lease related	21,598,532	-	21,598,532
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	25,366,651	305.658	25,672,309
Total Bolefied Iffilows of Nesources	20,000,001		20,012,000
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	90,126,594	27,436,406	117,563,000
Restricted for:	30, 120, 334	27,430,400	117,303,000
	0.044.040		2 244 242
Capital improvements	3,214,018	-	3,214,018
Development impact	3,129,034	-	3,129,034
Transportation	5,366,169	-	5,366,169
Housing	7,993,469	·	7,993,469
Unrestricted	58,055,166	1,577,095	59,632,261
Total Net Position	\$ 167,884,450	\$ 29,013,501	\$ 196,897,951

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Program Revenues					
			Charges	(Operating	Capital	
			for	G	rants and	Grants and	
	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Co	ontributions
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
General government	\$ 7,058,552	\$	42,414	\$	15,259	\$	-
Parks, recreation, and library services	3,537,364		214,012		-		349,025
Police	14,552,465		182,704		327,450		-
Community development	1,659,960		849,842		817,732		45,583
Public works	5,751,217		1,931,276		1,260,051		977,364
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation	1,491,716		-		-		-
Interest on long-term liabilities	459,585		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	34,510,859		3,220,248		2,420,492		1,371,972
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES							
Water	6,961,939		7,385,061		_		_
Interest on long-term liabilities	107,532		-		-		-
Total Business-Type Activities	7,069,471		7,385,061		-		_
Total	\$ 41,580,330	\$	10,605,309	\$	2,420,492	\$	1,371,972

GENERAL REVENUES

Taxes:

Property tax

Franchise tax

Oil production tax

Transient occupancy tax

Public service taxes

Motor vehicle in-lieu tax

Intergovernmental - unrestricted shared sales and use tax

Investment income

Unrestricted grants and contributions

Total General Revenues

Transfers

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Net Position - Beginning of Year, as Previously Reported Restatement - correction of an error Fund Balances, Beginning, as Restated

NET POSITION, END OF YEAR

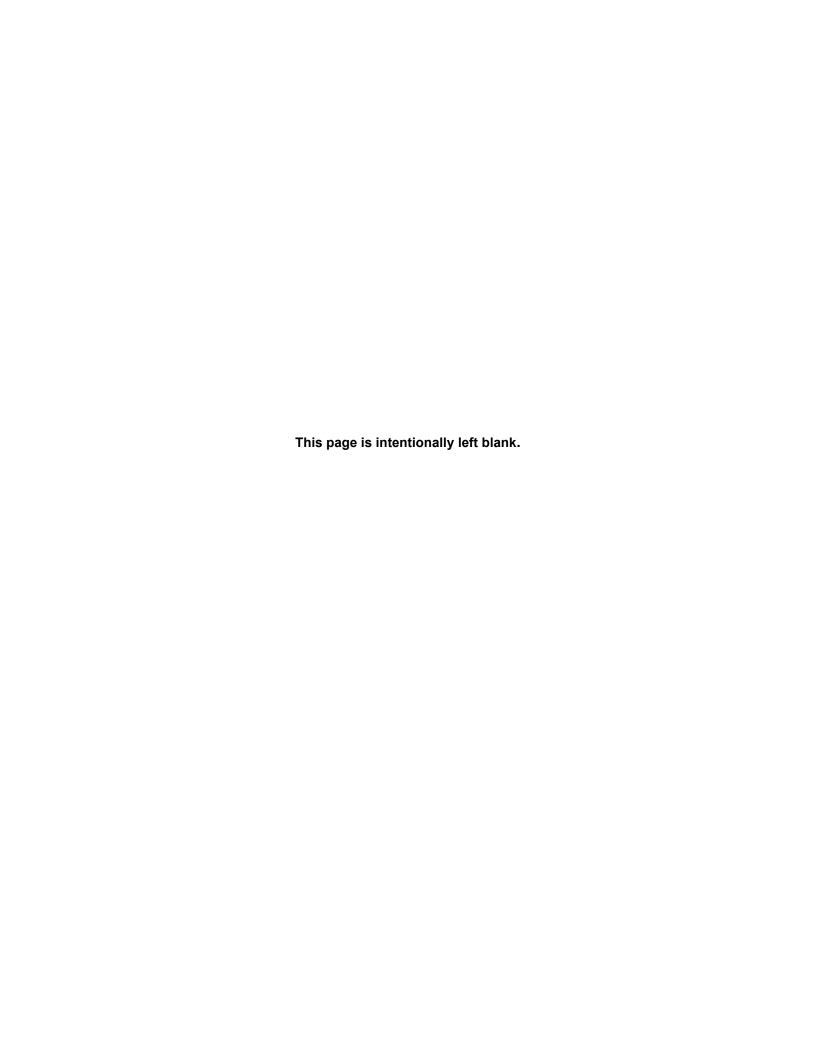
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
\$ (7,000,879)	\$ -	\$ (7,000,879)
(2,974,327)	-	(2,974,327)
(14,042,311)	-	(14,042,311)
53,197	-	53,197
(1,582,526)	-	(1,582,526)
(1,491,716)	-	(1,491,716)
(459,585)	-	(459,585)
(27,498,147)	-	(27,498,147)
-	423,122	423,122
-	(107,532)	(107,532)
-	315,590	315,590
(27,498,147)	315,590	(27,182,557)
3,509,754	-	3,509,754
1,152,574	-	1,152,574
554,126	-	554,126
282,982	-	282,982
372,199	-	372,199
18,540	-	18,540
28,312,131	457,050	28,312,131
5,397,765	-	5,854,815
1,184,653	-	1,184,653
40,784,724	457,050	41,241,774
(42,491)	42,491	<u> </u>
13,244,086	815,131	14,059,217
154,498,110	28,198,370	182,696,480
142,254	-	-
154,640,364	28,198,370	182,696,480
\$ 167,884,450	\$ 29,013,501	\$ 196,755,697

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

	General	sing Authority ecial Revenue Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 69,921,250	\$ 7,369,487
Receivables:		
Accounts	621,979	-
Interest	733,363	-
Due from other governments	4,772,768	-
Leases	23,483,892	-
Loans	-	1,634,868
Receivable due from Successor Agency	5,553,819	-
Prepaid items	105,123	-
Due from other funds	228,922	-
Advances to other funds	6,535,236	-
Land and improvements held for resale Restricted assets:	425,001	615,641
Cash and investments	 880	 -
Total assets	\$ 112,382,233	\$ 9,619,996
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposits payable	\$ 1,174,127 1,821,986 406,935	\$ - - -
Unearned revenue	7,790	30,000
Due to other funds	-	-
Advances from other funds	-	1,596,527
Total liabilities	 3,410,838	1,626,527
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Unavailable revenues	26,117,971	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	26,117,971	-
Fund balances:		
Nonspendable	9,985,100	-
Restricted	-	7,993,469
Committed	42,156,778	-
Unassigned	30,711,546	-
Total fund balances	82,853,424	7,993,469
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 112,382,233	\$ 9,619,996

	California Arts Council Grant Fund	Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		<u> </u>	Total Governmental Funds
\$	5,183,555	\$	1,969,206	\$	11,482,590	\$	95,926,088
	-		1,049		_		623,028
	_		, <u> </u>		600		733,963
	-		-		459,681		5,232,449
	-		-		-		23,483,892
	-		-		6,038		1,640,906
	-		-		-		5,553,819
	-		-		-		105,123
	-		-		-		228,922
	-		-		1,589,809		8,125,045
	-		-		-		1,040,642
	-		_		9		889
\$	5,183,555	\$	1,970,255	\$	13,538,727	\$	142,694,766
\$	_	\$	1,570,253	\$	84,216	\$	2,828,596
Ψ	_	Ψ	1,070,200	Ψ	8,347	Ψ	1,830,333
	_		_		-		406,935
	4,650,975		_		1,879,418		6,568,183
	-		_		228,922		228,922
	-		-		, -		1,596,527
	4,650,975		1,570,253		2,200,903		13,459,496
	-		-		600		26,118,571
	-		-		600		26,118,571
	_		_		-		9,985,100
	532,580		400,002		11,337,224		20,263,275
	-		-		-		42,156,778
	-		-		-		30,711,546
	532,580		400,002		11,337,224		103,116,699
\$	5,183,555	\$	1,970,255	\$	13,538,727	\$	142,694,766



Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2025

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 103,116,699
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities (excluding those in the internal service fund) are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Land Construction in progress Infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation Structures and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation Vehicles, equipment and furniture, net of accumulated depreciation Total Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities	\$ 35,547,000 3,184,711 16,824,273 39,280,334 2,023,236	96,859,554
Right-to-use assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Related long-term lease and subscription liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, they are not reported in the funds. These items consist of: Right-to-use assets, net of accumulated amortization Lease liability Subscription liability	14,742,754 (13,046,832) (2,508,916)	
Subscription liability	(2,506,916)	(812,994)
Certain receivables will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for current-period expenditures, and therefore are offset by unavailable revenues in the governmental funds.		4,520,039
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of rendering motor vehicle and equipment services to City departments. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		3,659,596
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions and OPEB are not reported in the governmental funds because they are applicable to future periods: Deferred outflows of resources - pension Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - pension Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB	10,632,811 1,397,423 (1,080,104) (2,641,300)	0.000.000
Long-term liabilities and related accrued interest payable are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds: Interest payable Revenue bonds payable Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability	(19,460) (6,387,867) (1,215,198) (34,355,360) (5,789,389)	8,308,830
		(47,767,274)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 167,884,450

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General	using Authority ecial Revenue Fund	(Previously major) Capital Grants Special Revenue Fund	
REVENUES				_
Property taxes	\$ 3,017,939	\$ -		
Sales and use tax	28,312,131	-		
Other taxes	2,067,069	-		
Licenses and permits	894,544	-		
Intergovernmental revenues	76,140	-		
Charges for services	2,484,840	-		
Fines and forfeitures	135,682	-		
Investment income	4,607,234	374,025		
Other revenue	 1,173,430	-		
Total Revenues	42,769,009	374,025		
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	6 626 240	0.004		
General government	6,636,348	9,894		
Parks, recreation, and library services	2,967,373	-		
Police	12,160,523	-		
Community development	1,341,301	-		
Public works	5,920,420	-		
Capital outlay	1,393,418	-		
Debt service:	4 740 040			
Principal	1,710,016	-		
Interest	480,418	 - 0.004		
Total Expenditures	 32,609,817	 9,894		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	 10,159,192	 364,131		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Subscription acquisition	907,996	-		
Lease acquisition	244,080	-		
Transfers in	240,946	414,461		
Transfers out	(4,513,195)	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,120,173)	414,461		
Net Changes in Fund Balances	7,039,019	778,592		
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning, as Previously Reported	75,672,151	7,214,877	(142,00	0)
Restatement - change from major to non-major	-	-	142,00	0
Restatement - prior year correction	142,254			
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning, as Restated	75,814,405	7,214,877	-	_
Fund Balances, Ending	\$ 82,853,424	\$ 7,993,469	\$ -	

	California Arts Council Grant Fund	Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund		Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$	3,017,939	
Ψ	_	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	28,312,131	
	-	_		594,281		2,661,350	
	-	-		-		894,544	
	349,025	-		2,346,581		2,771,746	
	-	-		33		2,484,873	
	-	-		-		135,682	
	532,580	-		594,037		6,107,876	
	-					1,173,430	
	881,605			3,534,932		47,559,571	
	-	_		-		6,646,242	
	-	-		-		2,967,373	
	-	-		265,433		12,425,956	
	-	-		369,369		1,710,670	
	-	-		81,754		6,002,174	
	-	6,634,485	5	-		8,027,903	
	-	-		-		1,710,016	
						480,418	
		6,634,485	<u> </u>	716,556		39,970,752	
	881,605	(6,634,485	<u>)</u>	2,818,376		7,588,819	
	-	-		-		907,996	
	-	-		-		244,080	
	- (0.40.00=)	6,634,485)	-		7,289,892	
	(349,025)			(2,601,163)		(7,463,383)	
	(349,025)	6,634,485		(2,601,163)	-	978,585	
	532,580	-		217,213		8,567,404	
	_	400,002	2	11,262,011		94,407,041	
	_	-		(142,000)		,,	
				-		142,254	
	-	400,002	<u> </u>	11,120,011		94,549,295	
\$	532,580	\$ 400,002	2 \$	11,337,224	\$	103,116,699	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 8,567,404
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and right to		
use assets are amortized over their lease and subscription term:		
Capital outlay, net of disposals	\$ 7,553,609	
Depreciation expense	(2,050,471)	
Amortization expense	 (1,076,542)	
The issuance of long-term liabilities provides current financial resources		4,426,596
to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal of long-term debt		
consumes the current financial resources of the governmental funds.		
Issuance of debt increase long-term liabilities and the repayment of		
principal reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position:		
SBITA acquisition	(907,996)	
Lease acquisition	(244,080)	
Repayment of revenue bonds	680,000	
Repayment of subscription liability	763,807	
Repayment of lease liability	 266,209	
O and a supplied to the Obstance of Astribia and a supplied		557,940
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported		
as expenditures in governmental funds.	(054.444)	
Net change in compensated absences	(351,114)	
Net change in accrued interest payable	(2,216)	
Amortization of bond premium	 23,049	(330,281)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current		(223,223)
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental		
funds. Conversely, collection of these revenues are reported in the		
governmental funds, but not in the Statement of Activities since they		
have been recognized in previous years.		133,068
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs		
of rendering motor vehicle and equipment services to City departments.		
The net revenue of the internal service fund is reported with		
governmental activities.		271,103
Pension expense reported in the governmental funds includes the		
employer contributions made to the City's pension plan. In the		
Statement of Activities, pension expense includes the change in the		
net pension liability and related change in pension amounts for deferred		
outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.		(699,783)
OPER expense reported in the governmental funds includes the		
OPEB expense reported in the governmental funds includes the employer contributions made to the City's OPEB plan. In the Statement		
of Activities, OPEB expense includes the change in the net OPEB		
liability and related change in OPEB amounts for deferred outflows of		
resources and deferred inflows of resources.		318,039
		 _
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 13,244,086

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activity	Governmental Activity	
	Water Enterprise Fund	Vehicle and Equipment Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS			
Current Assets:	A 44 004 700	4 000 000	
Cash and investments	\$ 11,861,720	\$ 1,820,060	
Accounts receivable, net	1,000,223	- 00.070	
Prepaid items	40.004.040	39,673	
Total Current Assets	12,861,943	1,859,733	
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and investments	78	-	
Capital assets:			
Land	4,427,416	-	
Construction in progress	350,035	11,594	
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation	24,583,506	2,128,600	
Total Noncurrent Assets	29,361,035	2,140,194	
Total Assets	42,222,978	3,999,927	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.500		
Deferred loss amount on debt refunding	6,500	40.000	
Pension related OPEB related	1,276,854	42,680	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	92,520 1,375,874	22,402 65,082	
Total Bolottod Gathons of Resources			
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:			
	687,804	110,618	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	44,740	11,075	
Accrued natilities Accrued interest payable	93,066	11,073	
Deposits payable	362,713	-	
Advances from other funds	6,528,518	_	
Current portion of long-term liabilities	727,003	- 1,124	
Total Current Liabilities	8,443,844	122,817	
Total Outfort Elabilities		122,017	
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion	1,206,878	1,157	
Net pension liability	4,245,670	141,915	
Net OPEB liability	383,301	92,809	
Total Ling-term Liabilities	5,835,849	235,881	
Total Liabilities	14,279,693	358,698	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related	130,785	4,372	
OPEB related	174,873	42,343	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	305,658	46,715	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	27,436,406	2,137,913	
Unrestricted	1,577,095	1,521,683	
Total Net Position	\$ 29,013,501	\$ 3,659,596	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position **Proprietary Funds** For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Bu	siness-Type Activity	Governmental Activity Vehicle and		
		Water Enterprise Fund	Equipment Internal Service Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	7,334,290	\$	748,617	
Other operating revenues		50,771		4,479	
Total Operating Revenues		7,385,061		753,096	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel services		2,509,810		248,909	
Contractual services		604,038		19,907	
Supplies		1,779,376		66,582	
Material and repairs		424,381		93,767	
Utilities		371,008		420	
Depreciation/amortization		1,004,452		262,576	
Other		268,874		25,629	
Total Operating Expenses		6,961,939		717,790	
OPERATING INCOME		423,122		35,306	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Investment income		457,050		93,574	
Interest expense		(107,532)		-	
Gain on sale of assets		-		11,223	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		349,518		104,797	
Income Before Transfers		772,640		140,103	
TRANSFERS					
Transfers in		42,491		131,000	
Changes in Net Position		815,131		271,103	
Net position, beginning of year		28,198,370		3,388,493	
Net position, end of year	\$	29,013,501	\$	3,659,596	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activity Water Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activity Vehicle and Equipment Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$	7,359,122	\$	_
Receipts from interfund services provided		-		755,535
Payments to suppliers		(4,929,960)		(226,212)
Payments to employees		(1,383,812)		(227,589)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		1,045,350		301,734
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from other funds		2,815,232		131,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital and		2,010,202		101,000
Related Financing Activities		2,815,232		131,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		23,628
Acquisition/construction of capital assets		(446,667)		(882,556)
Principal paid		(685,806)		-
Interest paid		(136,340)		
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related Financing Activities		(1,268,813)		(858,928)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment income		457,050		93,574
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		457,050		93,574
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,048,819		(332,620)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		8,812,979		2,152,680
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	11,861,798	\$	1,820,060
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO AMOUNTS REPORTED ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION				
Cash and investments	\$	11,861,720	\$	1,820,060
Restricted cash and investments		78		_
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Fiscal Year	\$	11,861,798	\$	1,820,060
NON-CASH CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Subscription acquisition	\$	-	\$	3,475

Statement of Cash Flows, (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activity Water Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activity Vehicle and Equipment Internal Service Fund	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH				
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		100 100		
Operating income	\$	423,122	\$	35,306
Depreciation/amortization		1,004,452		262,576
Change in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and				
deferred inflows of resources:				
(Increase) decrease in assets:				
Accounts receivable, net		(25,939)		2,439
Prepaid items		-		(3,457)
Deferred outflows of resources		(266,679)		5,567
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		, ,		
Accounts payable		(1,484,023)		(16,450)
Accrued liabilities		10,376		3,510
Deposits payable		1,740		· <u>-</u>
Compensated absences		(36,995)		_
Deferred inflows of resources		30,454		16,387
Net pension liability		1,771,385		31,843
Net OPEB liability		(382,543)		(35,987)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	1,045,350	\$	301,734

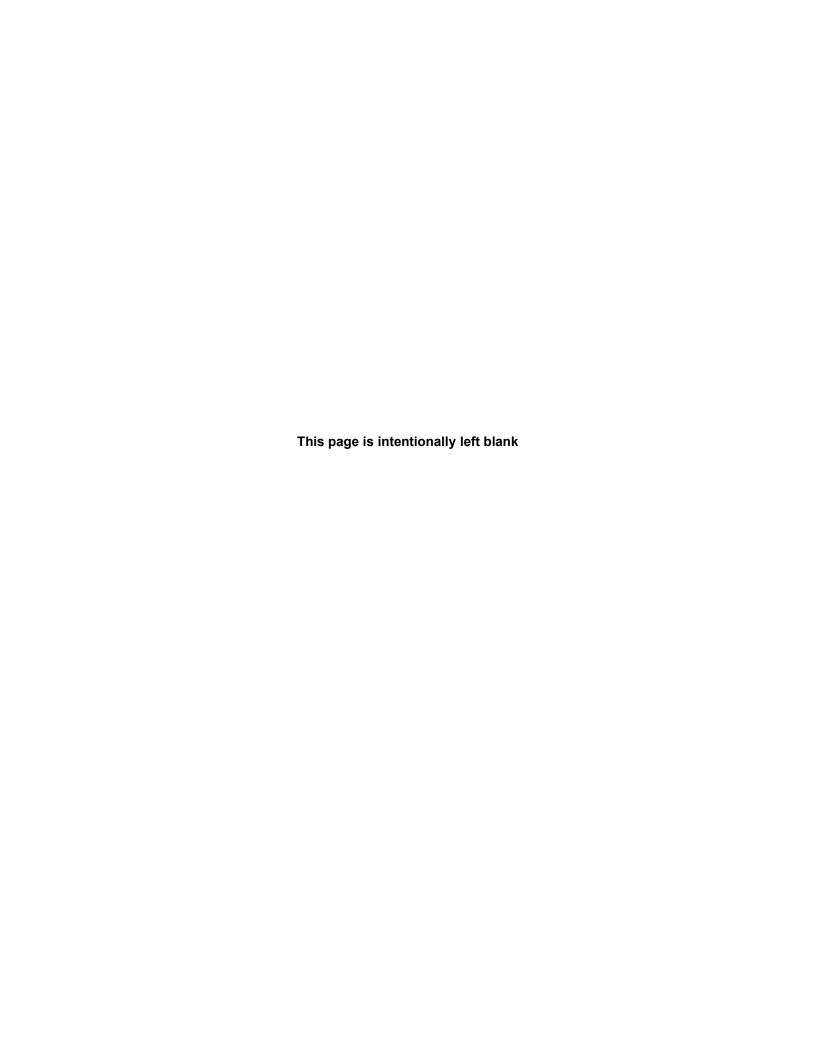
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2025

ASSETS Cash and investments \$ 7,219,576 \$ 5,125,051 Restricted cash and investments 8,075,968 - Capital assets: - - Land 10,956,485 - Total Assets 26,252,029 5,125,051 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss amount on debt refunding 153,409 - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 153,409 - LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities 3,264,272 - Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: 191,413 - Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051 Total Net Position \$ 3,157,631 \$ 5,125,051	400570	Successor Agency to the Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency to the Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund		
Restricted cash and investments 8,075,968 - Capital assets: Land 10,956,485 - Total Assets 26,252,029 5,125,051 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss amount on debt refunding 153,409 - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 153,409 - LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051		¢ 7.210.576	¢ 5.105.051		
Capital assets: Land 10,956,485 - Total Assets 26,252,029 5,125,051 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss amount on debt refunding 153,409 - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 153,409 - LIABILITIES 3,264,272 - Accrued liabilities 3,264,272 - Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: 0 - Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051			φ 5,125,051		
Land 10,956,485 - Total Assets 26,252,029 5,125,051 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss amount on debt refunding 153,409 - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 153,409 - LIABILITIES 3,264,272 - Accrued liabilities 3,264,272 - Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: - - Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION - - 5,125,051 Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051		8,075,966	-		
Total Assets 5,125,051 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss amount on debt refunding 153,409 - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 153,409 - LIABILITIES 3,264,272 - Accrued liabilities 3,264,272 - Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051		10 056 485			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred loss amount on debt refunding 153,409 - Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 153,409 - LIABILITIES 3,264,272 - Accrued liabilities 3,264,272 - Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: - - Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION - - 5,125,051 Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051			5 125 051		
Deferred loss amount on debt refunding	Total 7 (000to	20,202,020	0,120,001		
LIABILITIES 3,264,272 - Accrued liabilities 3,264,272 - Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: - Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities 3,264,272 - Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: - Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Deferred loss amount on debt refunding	153,409	-		
Accrued liabilities 3,264,272 - Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: - - Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	153,409			
Accrued interest payable 191,413 - Long-term liabilities: 6,820,860 - Due within one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	LIABILITIES				
Long-term liabilities: 6,820,860 - Due within one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Accrued liabilities	3,264,272	-		
Due within one year 6,820,860 - Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Accrued interest payable	191,413	-		
Due in more than one year 7,417,443 - Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Long-term liabilities:				
Payable to the City of Signal Hill 5,553,819 - Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Sestricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Due within one year	6,820,860	-		
Total Liabilities 23,247,807 - NET POSITION Sestricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Due in more than one year	7,417,443	-		
NET POSITION 3,157,631 - Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Payable to the City of Signal Hill		-		
Restricted - Held in Trust 3,157,631 - Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	Total Liabilities	23,247,807			
Restricted for OPEB Trust - 5,125,051	NET POSITION				
	Restricted - Held in Trust	3,157,631	-		
Total Net Position \$ 3,157,631 \$ 5,125,051	Restricted for OPEB Trust	-	5,125,051		
	Total Net Position	\$ 3,157,631	\$ 5,125,051		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Position, End of Year	\$	3,157,631	\$	5,125,051		
Net Position (Deficit), Beginning of Year		(6,151,125)		4,421,182		
Change in Net Position		9,308,756		703,869		
Total Deductions		3,333,406		894,713		
Administrative expenses				12,620		
Interest		906,176		-		
Project costs		2,078,519		-		
Contractual services		10,150		-		
DEDUCTIONS Personnel services		338,561		882,093		
		12,042,102		1,000,002		
Total Additions		12,642,162		1,598,582		
Investment earnings		- 155,635		551,752		
Contributions - employee		_		81,758		
Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund Contributions - employer	\$	12,486,527	\$	- 965,072		
ADDITIONS Distributions from County - Administered	r.	40 400 507	ф.			
ADDITIONS		Trust Fund		Trust Fund		
		vate-Purpose	-	Benefit Trust Fund		
		gency to the	Post	temployment		
	Redevelopment		Other			
		Signal Hill				
	Agency to the					
	Successor					





NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A) Reporting Entity

The reporting entity City of Signal Hill (the City) includes the accounts of the City of Signal Hill (the primary government), the Signal Hill Public Financing Authority (the Financing Authority), and the Signal Hill Housing Authority (the Housing Authority).

The City of Signal Hill was incorporated in 1924 under the general laws of the state of California and enjoys all the rights and privileges pertaining to "General Law" cities. On November 7, 2000, the Charter of the City of Signal Hill was adopted by a vote of the people. As a result, the City will enjoy all rights and privileges pertaining to "Charter Law" cities.

The Signal Hill Public Financing Authority was formed October 15, 1996, as a joint power of authority between the City and the former Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency (the Agency) for the purpose of providing financing and funding of public capital improvements.

The Signal Hill Housing Authority was formed December 12, 2000 pursuant to provisions of the California Health and Safety Code. The primary purpose of the Housing Authority is to provide suitable, safe and sanitary housing opportunities for the City's residents.

The Signal Hill Municipal Financing Authority was formed August 22, 2017 as a joint power of authority between the Housing Authority and the City for the purpose of assisting the City and the Housing Authority with their respective financings.

The City of Signal Hill is the primary government unit. Component units are those entities which are financially accountable to the primary government, either because the City appoints a voting majority of the component unit's board, or because the component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City. The Financing Authority, Housing Authority, and Municipal Financing Authority have been accounted for as "blended" component units of the City. Despite being legally separate, the Financing Authority, Housing Authority, and Municipal Financing Authority are so intertwined with the City that they are, in substance, part of the City's operations. Accordingly, the balances and transactions of the Financing Authority, Housing Authority, and Municipal Financing Authority are reported within the funds of the City. Separate financial statements of the Financing Authority, Housing Authority, and Municipal Financing Authority are not prepared.

The following criteria were used in determining that the Financing Authority, Housing Authority, and Municipal Financing Authority were "blended" component units:

- The members of the City Council also act as the governing body of the Financing Authority, Housing Authority, and Municipal Financing Authority.
- The Financing Authority, Housing Authority, and Municipal Financing Authority are managed by employees of the City.
- The City, Financing Authority, Housing Authority, and Municipal Financing Authority are financially interdependent.

B) Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise fund are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Advances or due to/from, which are long-term and short-term internal borrowings, respectively, are eliminated on the government-wide statements.

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (current and long term) are reported. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all the eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water enterprise fund and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for the proprietary funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the current financial resources measurement focus, generally only current assets and current liabilities are reported in the governmental funds. Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long term liabilities, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due.

Property taxes, taxpayer-assessed taxes, such as sales taxes, gas taxes, transient occupancy taxes and oil production taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Private purpose trust and pension (and other employee benefit) trust fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The <u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts allocated by law or contractual agreement to other funds are accounted for in this fund. Expenditures of this fund include general operating costs not paid through other funds.

The <u>Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund</u> is used to account for the activities of the Housing Authority. 20% of collections on the City's advances to the former redevelopment agency are to be deposited into this fund for purposes of the City's affordable housing needs.

The <u>California Arts Council Grant Fund</u> is used to account for the funds that were given to the city on October 18, 2022 Senator Lena A. Gonzalez presented \$5 million in state funds for the renovation and redesign of the Signal Hill outdoor amphitheater.

C) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds, (Continued):

The <u>Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund</u> is used to account for major capital improvement projects not accounted for in other funds.

The City reports the following major enterprise fund:

The <u>Water Enterprise Fund</u> is used to account for financial activity relative to the purchase, production, storage and distribution of water used by the community, as well as the maintenance, repair and replacement of related equipment and pipeline. Revenues consist primarily of water sales.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Proprietary Funds

The <u>Vehicle and Equipment Internal Service Fund</u> is used to account for the furnishing of vehicle and equipment services to departments within the City. Costs of materials and services used are accumulated in this fund and charged to the user departments as such vehicles and equipment are used or services rendered.

Fiduciary Funds

The <u>Successor Agency to the Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund</u> is used to account for the county auditor controller's semi-annual property tax distributions from the Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund of the Successor Agency of the former Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency to pay amounts due on enforceable obligations and to pay for specified administrative costs.

The Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund is used to account for resources that are held in an irrevocable trust for the benefit of participants in the City's other postemployment benefit plan.

D) Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 101 *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures.

E) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Water Enterprise Fund and Vehicle and Equipment Internal Service Fund participate in the pooling of City-wide cash and investments. Amounts from the pool are available to these funds on demand. Therefore, the cash and investments (restricted and unrestricted) reported in the Water Enterprise Fund and Vehicle and Equipment Internal Services Fund are considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

F) Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements at fair value, which is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Investments in external pools are valued based on the stated fair value represented by the external pool.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as investment income (loss) reported for that fiscal year. As of June 30, 2025, an increase in fair value of \$1,177,115 was recognized. Investment income (loss) includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation or sale of investments. The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as cash and investments.

G) Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are reported for certain cash and investments that are to be used for civic center improvement projects.

H) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, site improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure assets, and leased assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure assets consist of roads, bridges, trails, traffic signals and sewer lines. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets, with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and a useful life that is greater than three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Structures and improvements - Water Enterprise	20 to 50 years
Structures and improvements - other than Water Enterprise	5 to 40 years
Water rights	40 years
Equipment and furniture	3 to 20 years
Vehicle and major equipment	3 to 15 years
Infrastructure	40 to 90 years

I) Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to a future accounting period and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses during the periods benefited.

J) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The categories of deferred outflows of resources reported in the statement of net position relate to pensions and other postemployment benefits which are more fully discussed in Notes 9, and 10. The business-type activities, water enterprise fund, and successor agency to the Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency private-purpose trust fund statements of net position also report a deferred loss amount on debt refunding which is more fully discussed in Notes 6F and 17.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental fund balance sheet include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The categories of deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide and proprietary funds statements of net position related to pensions and other postemployment benefits are more fully discussed in Notes 9, and 10. The governmental activities statement of net position and the general fund balance sheet also report a deferred inflow of resources related to unavailable revenues which is more fully discussed in Note 4.

K) Leases

Lessee

The City is a lessee for noncancellable leases of land and improvements. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use asset (lease asset) in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position. At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lessor

The City is a lessor for a noncancellable leases of land and improvements. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and in the governmental fund balance sheet. At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

L) Subscriptions

Lessee

The City is a lessee for noncancellable subscriptions. The City recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use asset (subscription asset) in the governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position. At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscriptions and will remeasure the subscription asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

M) Employee Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds as a liability, only if they have matured. The balance of unpaid vacation and compensatory time at year-end is recorded as a long-term liability of the governmental activities, as these amounts will be liquidated from future resources rather than expendable available financial resources.

Unpaid compensated absences in proprietary fund types are recorded as a liability in those funds as vested benefits to the employees accrued balances.

The City does not reimburse for unused sick pay upon an employee's separation other than for retirement. The percentage pay-off at retirement varies based on employee group agreements and/or years of service of employment. The City has an annual cash- out program ranging from 48 - 80 annual maximum hours for its employees based on tiered, years of service of employment. The balance of unused sick pay at fiscal year- end for those employees who meet minimum eligibility requirements, is recorded as a long-term liability, as these amounts will be liquidated from future resources rather than expendable available resources.

N) Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Signal Hill's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension liabilities are primarily liquidated from the General Fund. Investments are reported at fair value.

O) OPEB

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the City's OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. OPEB liabilities are primarily liquidated from the General Fund. Investments are reported at fair value.

P) Fund Balances

The fund balances reported on the fund statements consist of the following categories:

Nonspendable - This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers or through enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - This classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the City Council through the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken to remove or revise the limitation.

<u>Assigned</u> - This classification includes amounts to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council assigns fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.

<u>Unassigned</u> - This classification includes the residual balance for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

The City's minimum fund balance policy for Fiscal Year 2024-25, is to maintain, in reserves, 75%-100% of General Fund adopted operating budgeted expenditures.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the City's policy is to apply restricted fund balance first. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is applied first, followed by assigned fund balance, and then finally unassigned fund balance.

Q) Property Taxes

Property taxes are an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1, which become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The County of Los Angeles bills and collects property taxes for the City. Remittance of property taxes to the City is accounted for in the City's General Fund.

R) Claims and Judgments

When it is probable that a claim liability has been incurred at year-end and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated, the City records the estimated loss, net of any insurance coverage under its self-insurance program claims payable, which includes an estimate for incurred but not reported claims (IBNR).

Under the City's self-insurance program, deposits to the Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Note 14) are recorded as insurance expenditures in the period to which they relate in the General Fund. These deposits are subject to retrospective adjustment. Favorable claims experience in prior years results in a refund of deposits from the Insurance Authority and such refunds, if any, are recorded as deposits since they will be used to offset future deposit requirements. Adverse claims experience in prior years results in the payment of additional deposits which are recorded as insurance expenditures when incurred.

S) Net Position

Net position reported in the government wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified into three components - net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

• Net investment in capital assets - This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other liabilities that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

At June 30, 2025, net investment in capital assets, was determined as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activity	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation				
and amortization	\$	113,742,502	\$	29,360,957
Less:				
Bonds, net of unamortized premiums and discounts		(6,387,867)		(564,521)
Leases payable		(13,046,832)		-
Subscriptions payable		(2,511,197)		(130,581)
Loan payable		-		(1,220,930)
Accounts payable related to capital assets		(1,577,468)		(15,019)
Retentions payable related to capital assets		(92,544)		-
Add Back:				
Unamortized deferred loss amount on debt refunding		-		6,500
Total	\$	90,126,594	\$	27,436,406

S) Net Position (Continued)

- Restricted net position This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All restricted net position is expendable.
- Unrestricted net position This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted."

T) Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the City's practice to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied, however it is at the Council's discretion.

U) Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Specifically, the City has made certain estimates and assumptions related to the collectability of its receivables (e.g. accounts receivable, intergovernmental receivables, loans receivable, amounts due from other funds and amounts advanced to other funds), the depreciation of its capital assets and the ultimate outcome of claims and judgments. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2025 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

	Government-	Fiduciary	
	wide	Funds	
	Statement of	Statement of	
	Net Position	Net Position	Total
Cash and investments	\$ 109,607,868	\$ 12,344,627	\$ 121,952,495
Restricted cash and investment	967	8,075,968	8,076,935
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 109,608,835	\$ 20,420,595	\$ 130,029,430

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (Continued)

Cash and investments at June 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 7,750
Deposits with financial institutions	7,455,252
Investments	122,566,428
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 130,029,430

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the policy.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio*	in One Issuer
United States Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
United States Government Sponsored			
Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	10%
Time Certificate of Deposits	1 year	30%	10%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	10%
Municipal Obligations	5 years	30%	5%
Supranationals	5 years	30%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$75 million
California Asset Management Program (CAMP)	N/A	None	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
County Pooled Funds	N/A	None	None

N/A - Not Applicable

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. Investments authorized for funds held by bond trustee include, United States Treasury Obligations, United States Government Sponsored Agency Securities, Guaranteed Investment Contracts, Commercial Paper, Local Agency Bonds, Banker's Acceptance and Money Market Mutual Funds. There were no limitations on the maximum amount that can be invested in one issuer, maximum percentage allowed or the maximum maturity of an investment, except for the maturity of Banker's Acceptance which are limited to one year.

^{*} Excluding amounts held by bond trustee that are not subject to California Government Code restrictions

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months)					
				12 Months	13-24			25-60
Investment Type	Total		or Less		Months			Months
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	35,420,772	\$	35,420,772	\$	-	\$	-
California Asset Management Program		28,034,842		28,034,842		-		-
US Government Agency Securities		11,107,724		3,933,604		3,850,442		3,323,678
Domestic Certificates of Deposit		9,631,483		3,198,389		2,908,392		3,524,702
Money Market Mutual Funds		11,793,286		11,793,286		-		-
Municipal Obligations		2,397,795		-		-		2,397,795
Supranationals		7,534,062		1,002,030		491,113		6,040,919
California CLASS		8,569,529		8,569,529		-		-
Held by Trustees:								
Money Market Mutual Funds		8,076,935		8,076,935		-		-
Total	\$	122,566,428	\$	100,029,387	\$	7,249,947	\$	15,287,094

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating as required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating, as reported by Standard and Poor's, as of year-end for each investment type.

Investment Type	Jı	Total as of une 30, 2025	Minimum Legal Rating	AAA	AA+	Not Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$	35,420,772	N/A	\$ =	\$ -	\$ 35,420,772
California Asset Management Program		28,034,842	N/A	-	-	28,034,842
US Government Agency Securities		11,107,724	AA	-	11,107,724	-
Domestic Certificates of Deposit		9,631,483	N/A	-	-	9,631,483
Money Market Mutual Funds		11,793,286	AAA	-	-	11,793,286
Municipal Obligations		2,397,795	Α	-	2,397,795	-
Supranationals		7,534,062	AA	7,534,062	-	-
California CLASS		8,569,529	N/A	8,569,529	-	-
Held by Trustees:						
Money Market Mutual Funds		8,076,935	AAA	-	-	8,076,935
Total	\$	122,566,428		\$ 16,103,591	\$ 13,505,519	\$ 92,957,318

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. The City had investments in Federal Home Loan Bank, California Asset Management Program and California CLASS represented 6.23%, 22.87% and 6.99%, respectively of total City's investments. All other issuers were individually less than 5% of the total City's investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the City's deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. At June 30, 2025, the City deposits (bank balances) were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and the remaining balances were collateralized under California Law.

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the state of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro- rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

<u>Investment in California Management Program Pool</u>

The City is a voluntary participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. The Trust's activities are directed by a Board of Trustees, all of whom are employees of the California public agencies which are participants in the Trust. The Pool's investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivision (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The City reports investments in CAMP at the fair value amounts provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share. CAMP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

NOTE 2 CASH AND INVESTMENTS, (Continued)

Investment in the California Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System – The City is a voluntary participant in the California Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (California CLASS). California is joint exercise of powers entity authorized under Section 6509.7, California Government Code. California CLASS is a pooled investment option that was created via a joint exercise of powers agreement by and among California public agencies. The fair value of the City's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements.

Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurement within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements, which includes a positive \$1,177,115 fair value adjustment recognized as of June 30, 2025:

U.S. Government Agency Securities Municipal Obligations Supranationals	\$ Total 11,107,724 2,397,795 7,534,062 21,039,581	Quoted Prices Level 1 \$ \$ -		\$ Observable Inputs Level 2 11,107,724 2,397,795 7,534,062 21,039,581	observable Inputs Level 3 - - -
Local Agency Investment Fund California Asset Management Program* Domestic Certificates of Deposit* Money Market Mutual Funds* California CLASS* Held by Trustees: Money Market Mutual Funds* Total	\$ 35,420,772 28,034,842 9,631,483 11,793,286 8,569,529 8,076,935 122,566,428				

^{*} Not subject to fair value measurement hierarchy.

The annual money-weighted rate of return on fiduciary OPEB plan investments (calculated as the internal rate of return on plan investments, net of plan investment expense) for the year ended June 30, 2025 was a positive 12.20%. The annual money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Balance at June 30, 2024 Additions		Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2025		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				 		
Land	\$	35,519,323	\$ 27,677	\$ -	\$	35,547,000
Construction in progress		2,690,199	 5,447,333	 (4,941,227)		3,196,305
Total capital assets, not						
being depreciated		38,209,522	 5,475,010	 (4,941,227)		38,743,305
Capital assets, being depreciated and amortized:						
Structure and improvements		50,740,661	4,885,874	-		55,626,535
Equipment and furniture		4,954,758	107,313	-		5,062,071
Vehicles and major equipment		3,449,934	613,793	(179,839)		3,883,888
Right-to-use lease assets - equipment		1,151	150,830	-		151,981
Right-to-use lease assets - land improvements		-	93,250	-		93,250
Right-to-use lease assets - infrastructure		13,749,881	-	-		13,749,881
Right-to-use subscription assets		3,379,010	996,690	(651,591)		3,724,109
Infrastructure		35,369,343	 1,473,867	 -		36,843,210
Total capital assets, being depreciated						
and amortized		111,644,738	 8,321,617	 (831,430)		119,134,925
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:						
Structure and improvements		(14,420,183)	(1,213,325)	-		(15,633,508)
Equipment and furniture		(2,685,806)	(309,709)	-		(2,995,515)
Vehicles and major equipment		(2,438,592)	(242,485)	167,434		(2,513,643)
Right-to-use lease assets - equipment		(1,151)	(23,741)	-		(24,892)
Right-to-use lease assets - land improvements		-	(21,941)	-		(21,941)
Right-to-use lease assets - infrastructure		(1,196,097)	(400,234)	-		(1,596,331)
Right-to-use subscription assets		(933,839)	(631,759)	234,637		(1,330,961)
Infrastructure		(19,472,542)	 (546,395)	 		(20,018,937)
Total accumulated depreciation						
and amortization		(41,148,210)	 (3,389,589)	 402,071		(44,135,728)
Total capital assets, being						
depreciated and amortized, net		70,496,528	 4,932,028	 (429,359)		74,999,197
Total capital assets, net	\$	108,706,050	\$ 10,407,038	\$ (5,370,586)	\$	113,742,502

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS, (Continued)

Business-Type Activities:

Business-Type Activities:	Balance at			Balance at
	June 30, 2024	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2025
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,427,416	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,427,416
Construction in progress	294,010	146,071	(90,046)	350,035
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated	4,721,426	146,071	(90,046)	4,777,451
Capital assets, being depreciated and				
amortized:				
Water rights	1,215,186	-	-	1,215,186
Reservoirs and tanks	12,174,543	-	-	12,174,543
Wells	14,943,507	-	-	14,943,507
Mains	12,626,119	-		12,626,119
Pumps	1,384,407	9,206	-	1,393,613
Fire hydrants	564,667	-	-	564,667
Meters	460,143	59,196	_	519,339
Services	1,443,630	-	-	1,443,630
Structures	1,243,976	-	-	1,243,976
Right-to-use subscription assets	175,226	_	_	175,226
Equipment and furniture	1,137,472	322,240		1,459,712
Total capital assets, being depreciated				
and amortized	47,368,876	390,642		47,759,518
Less accumulated depreciation and				
amortization for:				
Water rights	(1,001,633)	(30,380)	-	(1,032,013)
Reservoirs and tanks	(6,485,725)	(261,146)	-	(6,746,871)
Wells	(2,738,471)	(358,110)	-	(3,096,581)
Mains	(7,175,660)	(235,352)	-	(7,411,012)
Pumps	(1,292,237)		-	(1,307,507)
Fire hydrants	(562,378)		-	(562,984)
Meters		(23,008)	_	(23,008)
Services	(1,020,536)	(27,579)	-	(1,048,115)
Structures	(779,305)	(28,673)	-	(807,978)
Right-to-use subscription assets	(35,734)	, ,	_	(55,527)
Equipment and furniture	(1,079,881)	(4,535)		(1,084,416)
Total accumulated depreciation				
and amortization	(22,171,560)	(1,004,452)		(23,176,012)
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated and amortized, net	25,197,316	(613,810)		24,583,506
Total capital assets, net	\$ 29,918,742	\$ (467,739)	\$ (90,046)	\$ 29,360,957

NOTE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS, (Continued)

Depreciation/Amortization Expense

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to City functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 251,584
Parks, recreation, and library services	693,394
Police	682,485
Public works	7,834
Internal service fund depreciation charges	
to programs	 262,576
Allocated depreciation	1,897,873
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation	 546,395
Total Depreciation expense	2,444,268
Unallocated lease/subscription amortization	 945,321
Total depreciation and amortization expense -	
governmental activities	\$ 3,389,589
Business-Type Activity:	
Water	\$ 1,004,452

NOTE 4 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

At June 30, 2025, deferred inflows of resources, reported in the governmental fund financial statements, consisted of the following:

			C	Other		Total		
		General	Gover	rnmental	Governmental			
	Fund		Funds			Funds		
Unavailable lease revenue	\$ 21,598,532		\$	-	\$	21,598,532		
Unavailable interest long-term								
notes receivable		4,519,439		600		4,520,039		
Total	\$	26,117,971	\$	600	\$	26,118,571		

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES

A) Receivable from Successor Agency

	General
Description	Fund
Long-term loans to finance improvements and	
operations related to and within the former	
Redevelopment Agency's project areas	\$ 5,553,819

For further discussion of the receivable due from the Successor Agency, see Note 17E.

B) Loans Receivables

The discontinued First Time Homebuyer Program provided down payment assistance to first time low or moderate income homebuyers. Financial assistance was provided in the form of deferred second mortgages, secured by promissory notes and deeds of trust on the property. The second mortgage loan is due if the unit is sold or if the property no longer qualifies as the buyer's principal residence. The loans are equity participation loans if paid within the first 10 years. The principal loan amount plus a declining percentage of equity (depending on how long the home was owned) is due to the City at the time of sale. After 10 years, no equity is due the City. After 30 years, the homebuyer has the option of repaying the principal amount in full, or amortizing the principal amount due over 10 years with an interest payment at the prime rate plus 1%. Currently, three loans totaling \$38,341 remain outstanding.

The discontinued Residential Rehabilitation Loan Program provided funding to Signal Hill homeowners for exterior improvements to their residences. The loans are secured by promissory notes and second deeds of trust on the property. Loans are to be repaid upon sale or transfer of the property. Currently, one loan totaling \$6,038 remains outstanding.

In February 2015 a loan of \$7,729,480 secured by a deed of trust on real property was provided pursuant to a disposition and development agreement with Meta Housing to provide funding for the 72-unit affordable housing development called Zinnia. The loan accrues interest at 3% interest and is repaid on each April 1st in which there was positive cash flow for the calendar year, or portion thereof, ending on the immediately preceding December 31, 50% of that year's net cash flow, based on the contribution of the Signal Hill Housing Authority. The first repayment shall be due on April 1st following the issuance of the first Certificate of occupancy, and the last payment shall be due on April 1st, fifty-five (55) years later. The amount outstanding at June 30, 2025 was \$9,750,981 (including accrued interest of \$2,204,454). The City also set up an allowance for doubtful accounts, on this loan of \$8,154,454.

C) Leases Receivables

The City, acting as lessor, leases land and improvements under five long-term, noncancellable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through November 30, 2055. The net present values of the leases receivable were determined using discount rates of either 1.198% or 2.046%. Rent payments ranging from \$6,075 to \$22,577, are received monthly. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the City recognized \$444,596 and \$477,685 in lease revenue and interest revenue respectively, pursuant to these lease agreements.

The leases provide for increases in future minimum monthly rent payments, subject to certain stated increases.

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

		Balance at ine 30, 2024		Additions		Deletions		Balance at ne 30, 2025	_	Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities:										
Other debt:	•	0.005.000	•		•	(000 000)	•	0.045.000	•	700 000
2018 Library Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	6,895,000	\$	-	\$	(680,000)	\$	6,215,000	\$	700,000
Plus 2018 Original Issue Premium		195,916			_	(23,049)		172,867		23,049
Total Library Lease Revenue Bonds		7,090,916		-		(703,049)		6,387,867		723,049
Other long-term liabilities:										
Leases payable		13,068,961		244,080		(266, 209)		13,046,832		292,902
Subscriptions payable		2,364,727		911,471		(765,001)		2,511,197		431,936
Compensated absences		864,084		351,114		-		1,215,198		607,599
Total Governmental-Type Activity	\$	23,388,688	\$	1,506,665	\$	(1,734,259)	\$	23,161,094	\$	2,055,486
Business-Type activity:										
Other debt:										
2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$	1,075,000	\$	_	\$	(530,000)	\$	545.000	\$	545,000
Plus 2016 Original Issue Premium	•	71,576	•	_	•	(52,055)	•	19,521	•	19,521
Total Refunding Bonds Payable		1,146,576		-		(582,055)		564,521		564,521
Other long-term liabilities:										
WRD loan - direct borrowing		1,360,465		-		(139,535)		1,220,930		139,535
Subscriptions payable		146,852		-		(16,271)		130,581		14,022
Compensated absences		54,844		-		(36,995)		17,849		8,925
Total Business-Type Activity	\$	2,708,737	\$		\$	(774,856)	\$	1,933,881	\$	727,003

A) 2018 Library Lease Revenue Bonds

On January 10, 2018, the City issued \$8,640,000 2018 Library Lease Revenue Bonds to fund the construction of the City's new library. The 2018 Bonds were issued at a premium of \$345,729, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis of \$23,049 annually as interest expense through the year 2032. The 2018 bonds were issued as \$8,640,000 in serial bonds with a maturity date of December 1, 2032. These bonds carry interest at 2.0-3.5%.

There is no reserve requirement associated with this bond.

The annual requirements to amortize the outstanding 2018 bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2025, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal		Interest	Total		
2026	\$	700,000	\$ 181,175	\$	881,175	
2027		715,000	163,488		878,488	
2028		740,000	143,450		883,450	
2029		760,000	120,950		880,950	
2030		785,000	97,775		882,775	
2031-2033		2,515,000	133,125		2,648,125	
Total	\$	6,215,000	\$ 839,963	\$	7,054,963	

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, (Continued)

B) Leases Payable

The City leases land, improvements and equipment for various terms under various long-term, noncancelable lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through December 31, 2056. The net present values of the leases payable were determined using a discount rates between 2.046%-3.663%. Monthly lease payments total range between \$1,500-\$22,233. The leases provide for increases in future minimum monthly rental payments subject to stated increases.

Total future minimum lease payments under lease agreements are as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Total	
2026	\$	292,902	\$	266,825	\$	559,727
2027		308,018		260,042		568,060
2028		315,854		253,035		568,889
2029		302,720		246,053		548,773
2030		306,605		239,473		546,078
2031-2035		1,596,518		1,099,832		2,696,350
2036-2040		1,877,955		922,890		2,800,845
2041-2045		2,207,743		714,522		2,922,265
2046-2050		2,575,145		470,515		3,045,660
2051-2055		2,974,661		187,301		3,161,962
2056-2057		288,711		1,597		290,308
Total	\$	13,046,832	\$	4,662,085	\$	17,708,917
	_					

C) Subscriptions Payable

The City has subscriptions for various terms under long-term, noncancelable subscription agreements. The subscriptions expire at various dates through October 31, 2032. The net present values of the subscriptions payable were determined using discount rates ranging from 1.7100% - 3.1440%. Monthly subscription payments total \$62,445. The subscription provide for increases in future minimum monthly rental payments subject to stated increases.

Total future minimum subscription payments under governmental subscription agreements are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2026	\$ 431,936	\$ 75,219	\$ 507,155
2027	429,247	62,204	491,451
2028	368,948	49,172	418,120
2029	388,722	37,908	426,630
2030	408,884	26,054	434,938
2031-2033	483,460	15,248	498,708
Total	\$ 2,511,197	\$ 265,805	\$ 2,777,002

NOTE 6 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, (Continued)

C) Subscriptions Payable, (Continued)

Total future minimum subscription payments under business-type subscription agreements are as follows:

Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	 Interest	Total
2026	\$ 14,022	\$ 2,736	\$ 16,758
2027	14,846	2,427	17,273
2028	16,044	2,093	18,137
2029	17,311	1,732	19,043
2030	18,653	1,344	19,997
2031-2033	49,705	1,504	51,209
Total	\$ 130,581	\$ 11,836	\$ 142,417

D) Compensated Absences

There is no fixed payment schedule for earned (but unpaid) compensated absences in both the governmental and business type activities.

E) WRD Loan Payable

On February 14, 2023, the City obtained a 10-year, zero-interest loan in the amount of \$1,500,000 from the Water Replenishment District. Principal payments of \$150,000 are due annually. The proceeds from the loan are being used to construct a new water well. Loan repayments began following the project's completion in 2023, with the first payment made in July 2023. The total amount outstanding as of June 30, 2025 is \$1,220,930. The loan agreement specifies, in the event of default, outstanding amounts become due immediately if the City is unable to make payment.

F) 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds

On November 17, 2016, the City issued \$4,305,000 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds to advance refund the Signal Hill Public Financing Authority's outstanding 2006 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds. The 2006 Bonds were issued at a premium of \$468,495, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis of \$52,055 annually as interest expense through the year 2026. The refunded bonds have been redeemed.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$156,004. This difference, reported as deferred outflows of resources, is being amortized on a straight-line basis of \$17,334 annually as interest expense through the fiscal year 2026.

-	Dringing	I.	staraat		Tatal	
1	Principal		iterest	Total		
\$	545,000	\$	10,900	\$	555,900	
\$	545,000	\$	10,900	\$	555,900	
	\$ \$		\$ 545,000 \$	\$ 545,000 \$ 10,900	\$ 545,000 \$ 10,900 \$	

NOTE 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2025, is as follows:

Due From/To Other Funds

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$ 228,922	Ξ
		\$ 228,922	:

The interfund payable balances represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance from the General Fund until the amounts receivable from other governments are collected to reimburse eligible expenditures.

Advances To/From Other Funds

Advances receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2025, are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Water Enterprise Fund	\$	6,528,518
General Fund	Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund		6,718
Other governmental funds	Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund		1,589,809
		\$	8,125,045

In FY 2015-16 the City entered into an interfund agreement whereby the General Fund issued a loan to the Water Fund for \$2,750,000, for the purpose of financing the construction of Well #9. Interest is based on the LAIF rate plus 1%, as determined every January. Payments are due annually on July 1 through July 2036.

In FY 2015-16, the Signal Hill Housing Authority entered into a difficult development areas agreement with Meta Housing to develop affordable housing. As this was new development, an assessment of Park In-Lieu, Traffic Impact Fees, and Water Impact Fees were estimated based on the number of units and area of the property. These fees total \$6,718 to the General Fund, \$838,605 to the Park Development Special Revenue Fund, \$721,425 to the Water Development Special Revenue Fund, and \$29,799 to the Traffic Impact Special Revenue Fund and are a liability of the Housing Authority to the other funds as of year-end. The Housing Authority will repay as it obtains repayment from the developer.

In fiscal year 2022-23, the City entered into an interfund agreement with the Water Fund for \$1,805,000 for the purpose of financing the Gundry Reservoir Improvement Project.

In fiscal year 2024-25, the City entered into an interfund agreement with the Water Fund for \$3,000,000 for the purpose of financing the Gundry Roof Replacement project.

NOTE 7 INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS, (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

Transfer In to Fund	Transfers Out of Fund			
General Fund	Other governmental funds	\$	240,946	(b)
Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund	General Fund		414,461	(c)
Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund	General Fund California Arts Council Grants Special Revenue Fund Other governmental funds		3,975,243 349,025 2,310,217	(a)
Water Enterprise Fund	General Fund		42,491	(a)
Internal Service Fund	General Fund Other governmental funds		81,000 50,000	` '
Total	9	\$	7,463,383	- \

The purposes for significant interfund transfers made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 were as follows:

- (a) To provide funds for various capital projects in accordance with the City's capital improvement program.
- (b) To provide funds for ongoing city programs.
- (c) To transfer the Housing Authority's 20% share of the Successor Agency's loan payment to the General Fund as required by state law.
- (d) To transfer surplus from reserves.
- (e) To provide funds to the Vehicle and Equipment Internal Service Fund for the purchase of a vehicle.

NOTE 8 INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Expenditures Exceeding Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2025, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following programs (the legal level of budgetary control):

Special revenue fund
Supplemental Law Enforcement

\$ 8.504

The expenditures exceeding appropriations were funded by existing fund balances in the respective funds and, in certain cases, excess revenues received in the current year.

NOTE 9 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A) General Information about the Pension Plans Plan Descriptions

Plan Descriptions

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan or PERF C) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS.) The Plan consists of a miscellaneous pool and a safety pool (also referred to as "risk pools"), which are comprised of individual employer miscellaneous and safety rate plans, respectively. Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under generally accepted accounting principles. Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The City participates in six rate plans (three miscellaneous and three safety). Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and City resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

A) General Information about the Pension Plans Plan Descriptions, (Continued)

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 5 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plan operates under the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL), the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), and the regulations, procedures and policies adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The Plan's authority to establish and amend the benefit terms are set by the PERL and PEPRA, and may be amended by the California state legislature and in some cases require approval by the CalPERS Board.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect for the current year are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous					
		On or After	_			
		June 10, 2010				
	Prior to	and Prior to	On or After			
Hire Date	June 10, 2010	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit Formula	2%@55	2.7%@55	2%@62			
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service			
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement Age	50-63	50-55	52-67			
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible						
Compensation	1.42% to 2.42%	2.00% to 2.70%	1.00% to 2.50%			
Required Employee Contribution Rates	7%	7%	6.75%			
Required Employer Contribution Rates:						
Normal Cost Rate	12.520%	10.710%	7.870%			
Payment of Unfunded Liability	\$ 1,541,948	\$ 45,208	\$ 33,559			
		Safety				
		On or After				
		June 10, 2010				
	Prior to	and Prior to	On or After			
Hire Date	June 10, 2010	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit Formula	3%@50	3%@55	2.7%@57			
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	5 years of service			
Benefit Payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement Age	50-55	50	50-57			
Monthly Benefits, as a % of Eligible						
Compensation	3.0%	3.00%	2.00% to 2.70%			
Required Employee Contribution Rates	9%	9%	13.75%			
Required Employer Contribution Rates:						
Normal Cost Rate	29.300%	26.290%	14.720%			
	20.00070	20.23070	17.72070			
Payment of Unfunded Liability	\$ 1,971,199	\$ 20,079	\$ 43,387			

A) General Information about the Pension Plans Plan Descriptions, (Continued)

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions. Employer contributions to the Plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 were \$5,019,403 (\$2,234,808 for the miscellaneous plan and \$2,784,595 for the safety plan).

B) Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the total pension liability, less the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2024, using an annual actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using standard update procedures. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is as follows.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The collective total pension liability for the June 30, 2024 measurement period was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The collective total pension liability was based on the following assumptions:

Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2024

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value of Assets

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.90% Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases Varies by entry age and service

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Post Retirement Benefit Increase Contract COLA up to 2.30% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

floor on purchasing power applies, 2.30% thereafter.

B) Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a building-block approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 Basis points.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

	Assumed	
	Asset	Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Return 1,2
Global equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global equity non cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	-5%	-0.59%

¹ An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for PERF C was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Subsequent Events

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

² Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

B) Net Pension Liability, (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Information about the pension plan's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fiduciary net position are presented in CalPERS' audited financial statements, which are publicly available reports that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov. The plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis used by the pension plan, which is the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

C) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the City's proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability over the measurement period.

	roportionate Share of Net Pension
	Liability
Miscellaneous	\$ 17,231,934
Safety	21,511,011
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 38,742,945

The City's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by CalPERS using the output from the Actuarial Valuation System and the fiduciary net position, as provided in the CalPERS Public Agency Cost-Sharing Allocation Methodology Report, which is a publicly available report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all Plans as of the June 30, 2023 and 2024 measurement dates were as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.34817%	0.29716%	0.31761%
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.35628%	0.29504%	0.31947%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00811%	-0.00212%	0.00599%

C) Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability of all Plans as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.9 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current rate:

	Mi	iscellaneous	Safety	Total
1% Decrease		5.90%	5.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	25,784,485	\$ 31,619,660	\$ 57,404,145
Current Discount Rate		6.90%	6.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	17,231,934	\$ 21,511,011	\$ 38,742,945
1% Increase		7.90%	7.90%	
Net Pension Liability	\$	10,191,925	\$ 13,243,558	\$ 23,435,483

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments 5-year straight-line amortization

All other amounts

Straight-line amortization over the expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period

D) Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of the start of the measurement period (July 1, 2023), the City's net pension liability was \$39,622,724. For the measurement period ending June 30, 2024 (the measurement date), the City incurred a pension expense of \$7,172,699.

As of June 30, 2025, the City has deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	Deferred			Deferred	
	(Outflows of		Inflows of	
		Resources	Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	5,019,403	\$	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		3,245,348		(115,212)	
Changes in assumptions		972,884		-	
Change in employer's proportion		190,691		(588,674)	
Differences between the employer's contributions and the					
Employer's proportionate share of contributions		492,253		(511,375)	
Net differences between projected and actual					
earnings on Plan investments		2,031,766		-	
Total	\$	11,952,345	\$	(1,215,261)	

The amounts above are net of outflows and inflows recognized in the 2023-24 measurement period expense. Contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$5,019,403 reported with deferred outflows of resources will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year E	nding	
June	30,	Amount
202	26	\$ 1,949,429
202	27	4,504,881
202	28	(40,922)
202	29	(695,707)
203	30	-
There	after	_

E) Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2025, the City had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year then ended.

NOTE 10 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

A) Plan Description

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through the California Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMCHA) in accordance with a City Council resolution. Substantially all of the City's employees become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the City. Those, and similar benefits for active employees, are provided through PERS whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The City has established a single-employer OPEB trust to accumulate assets to assist with the payment of future benefits under the OPEB Plan. The OPEB Trust is reported as a fiduciary fund of the City. A separate stand-alone financial report is not issued for this OPEB plan.

Retiree health care coverage is segregated into three tiers as follows:

Tier 1 - Employees Hired Before January 1, 2006 (1)

• Employee age 50 or over with 5 years of PERS service receive up to \$885 per month.

Tier 2 - Employees Hired On or After January 1, 2006 (1) and prior to April 7, 2010

- Employees with less than 5 years of service with Signal Hill, but who are vested with PERS
 are eligible to receive the minimum monthly premium mandated by PERS (currently \$158
 monthly).
- Employees with 5-10 years of PERS service (combined City service plus 50% credit for service with another PERS agency) shall be eligible to receive 50% of the monthly benefit applicable towards the employee only.
- Employees with 11-15 years of PERS service (combined City service plus 50% credit for service with another PERS agency) shall be eligible to receive 75% of the monthly benefit applicable towards the employee only.
- Employees with over 16 years of PERS service (combined City service plus 50% credit for service with another PERS agency) shall be eligible to receive 100% of the monthly benefit applicable towards the employee and one dependent provided that employee plus one dependent coverage was in effect upon the date of retirement.
 - (1) Applies to police employees hired after January 1, 2004.

Tier 3- Employees Hired on or After April 7, 2010

- Employees with less than 11 years of service with Signal Hill, but who are vested with PERS
 are eligible to receive the minimum monthly premium mandated by PERS (currently \$158
 monthly).
- Employees with 11-15 years of PERS service (combined City service plus 50% credit for service with another PERS agency) shall be eligible to receive 25% of the monthly benefit applicable towards the employee only.

A) Plan Description, (Continued)

- Employees with 16-19 years of PERS service (combined City service plus 50% credit for service with another PERS agency) shall be eligible to receive 50% of the monthly benefit applicable towards the employee and one dependent provided that employee plus one dependent coverage was in effect upon the date of retirement.
- Employees with over 20 years of PERS service (combined City service plus 50% credit for service with another PERS agency) shall be eligible to receive 75% of the monthly benefit applicable towards the employee and one dependent provided that employee plus one dependent coverage was in effect upon the date of retirement.

B) Eligibility

Employees of the City are eligible for retiree health benefits if they are at least 50 years of age for classic members and at least 52 years of age for PEPRA members as of the last day of work prior to retirement and are a vested member of CalPERS. Membership in the plan consisted of the following, for the measurement period ended June 30, 2025:

92
92
184

C) Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Liability

The obligation of the City and City employees to contribute to the plan is established and may be amended by the City Council. Contributions are not determined actuarially. For Non-POA (Police Officers Association Union) fulltime employees, including all directors and managers in the City, the City contributes 1% of gross wages to the OPEB trust. For Safety employees, who are not in a management position, the City contributes a flat \$675 per calendar year to the trust. Non-POA employees contribute 1% of gross wages to the OPEB trust. POA employees contribute a flat \$625 per calendar year to the OPEB trust Employee contributions are not portable should an employee leave City employment. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the measurement period, the City contributed \$979,575 (retirement premiums paid on a pay-as-you-go basis of \$694,903, contributions to the OPEB trust of \$91,773, and an estimated implicit rate subsidy of \$192,899) and City employees contributed \$81,758 to the OPEB trust.

D) Net OPEB Liability

Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2025 (the measurement date), the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial accounting valuation performed as of June 30, 2023. The June 30, 2025 net OPEB liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Inflation 2.30%
Salary Increase 2.80%
Investment Rate of Return 7.25%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Assumed 6.8% per year. The long-term trend assumption is based on the conclusion that, while medical trend will continue to be cyclical, the average increase over time cannot continue to outstrip general inflation by a wide margin. Trend increases in excess of general inflation result in dramatic increases in unemployment, the number of uninsured and the number of underinsured. These effects are nearing a tipping point which will inevitably result in fundamental nearing a tipping point which will inevitably result in fundamental changes in health care finance and/or delivery which will bring changes in health care finance and/or delivery which will bring increases in health care costs more close in line with general inflation. The actuary does not believe it is reasonable to project historical trend vs. inflation difference several decades into the future.

The mortality assumptions are based on tables created by CalPERS. CalPERS periodically study mortality for participating agencies and establish mortality tables that are modified versions of commonly used tables. The most recent studies were conducted in 2021.

D) Net OPEB Liability, (Continued)

Changes in Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2025, the changes in assumptions were made related to an increase in the discount rate to 7.25%.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long- term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
US equity	39.0%	7.10%
International equity	21.0%	3.50%
US aggregate bonds	40.0%	2.70%
Total	100.0%	7.25%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net OPEB liability.

E) Change in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)							
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB					
	Liability	Net Position	Liability					
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 12,950,009	\$ 4,421,182	\$ 8,528,827					
0								
Changes in the Fiscal Year:								
Service Cost	320,998	-	320,998					
Interest on the total OPEB liability	737,723	-	737,723					
Changes of assumptions	(1,730,212)	-	(1,730,212)					
Difference between expected and								
actual experience	(5,875)	-	(5,875)					
Contribution from the employer	-	965,072	(965,072)					
Contribution from the employees	-	81,758	(81,758)					
Net investment income	-	551,752	(551,752)					
Benefit payments	(689, 194)	(689, 194)	-					
Implicit Subsidy Credit	(192,899)	(192,899)	-					
Administrative expenses		(12,620)	12,620					
Net Changes	(1,559,459)	703,869	(2,263,328)					
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$ 11,390,550	\$ 5,125,051	\$ 6,265,499					

The plan's total OPEB liability is funded 44.99% (fiduciary net position/total OPEB liability).

There is sensitivity of the net OPEB liability due to changes in the discount rate and health-care cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, as well as what the City's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1 percentage- point higher than the current discount rate:

				Current						
	1% Decrease Discount Rate				1% Decrease Discount Rate				19	% Increase
		6.25%		7.25%	8.25%					
Net OPEB liability	\$	7,373,921 \$ 6,265,499				5,310,482				
			Н	ealth-Care						
				Cost						
	1%	6 Decrease	T	rend Rate	1% Increase					
	5.80%			6.80%	7.80%					
Net OPEB liability	\$	5,613,142	\$	6,265,499	\$	6,880,186				

F) OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$363,947. At June 30, 2025, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 257,997	\$ (539,101)
Changes of assumptions	1,254,348	(1,973,276)
Net differences between projected and actual		
earnings on Plan investments	-	(346, 139)
Total	\$ 1,512,345	\$ (2,858,516)

Amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred
Year Ending	Inflows/Outflows
June 30,	of Resources
2026	\$ (259,035)
2027	(343,363)
2028	(179,291)
2029	(200,893)
2029	(255,086)
Thereafter	(108,503)

NOTE 11 DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS

Effective July 3, 1999, the City began providing pension benefits for all of its part-time, seasonal and temporary employees that are not covered under PERS through the City of Signal Hill Alternate Retirement System Plan administered by the Public Agency Retirement System (PARS ARS). PARS ARS is a defined contribution pension plan and benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Contributions of \$8,444 were made to these plans during the current fiscal year.

City of Signal Hill

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 12 DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The City has made available to its employees a deferred compensation plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457, whereby employees authorize the City to defer a portion of their salary to be deposited in individual investment accounts. The City has also made available a defined contribution plan, created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a), whereby the City contributes into the 401(a) plan only on a 50% matching basis up to 4% of management's compensation and up to 3% of middle management's compensation. Total matching contributions made by the City totaled \$66,029 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Funds in both plans may be withdrawn by participants upon termination of employment or retirement.

Amounts contributed to the 457(b) plan and 401(a) plan are deposited regularly with Voya Financial for investment. Pursuant to changes in Internal Revenue Code Section 457, the City formally established a plan level trust in which all assets and income of the 457(b) plan were placed. The assets, all property and rights purchased with such amount, and all income attributable to such amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. These assets are not the property of the City, and as such, are not subject to the claims of the City's general creditors. Assets held in the 457(b) and 401(a) plans are exclusively held for the benefit of plan participants and are not considered a City asset, therefore the plan assets and liabilities are not reported in the City's financial statements.

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NOTE 13 GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

The various fund balance classifications as of June 30, 2025 were as follows:

		General	Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund		California Arts Council Special Revenue Fund		Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:										
Receivable due from										
Successor Agency, net of										
unavailable interest revenue	\$	1,034,380	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Prepaid items		105,123	-		-		-		-	
Leases receivable, net of										
unavailable revenues		1,885,360	-		-		-		-	
Advances to other funds		6,535,236	-		-		-		-	
Land and improvements										
held for resale, net		425,001							-	
Total		9,985,100	-		-		-		-	
Restricted for:										
Low and moderate										
income housing		-	7,993,469		-		-		-	
Public protection		-	-		-		-		27,950	
Development impact		-	-		-		-		3,129,034	
Transportation		-	-		-		-		5,366,169	
Capital improvements		-	-		532,580		400,002		2,814,071	
Total		-	7,993,469		532,580		400,002		11,337,224	
Committed for:										
Debt service		2,989,270	_		_		_		_	
Economic uncertainty		5,813,093	_		_		_		_	
Building and land acquisition		1,420,551	_		_		_		_	
Equipment replacement		193,748	_		_		_		_	
Capital improvements		5,525,703	_		_		_		_	
Insurance premium increases		1,000,000	_		_		_		_	
CalPERS rate increases		3,423,009	_		_		_		_	
OPEB future costs		1,521,444	_		_		_		_	
Park expansion		1,141,121	_		_		_		_	
Police radio/system reserve		1,476,256	_		_		_		_	
Civic center master plan		14,023,229	_		_		_		_	
General Plan update		215,257	_		-		_		-	
Economic development		1,183,150	_		_		_		_	
Workforce Innovation		1,228,041	_		_		_		_	
Facility reserve		651,450	_		-		_		-	
Art reserve		350,000	_		-		_		-	
NPDES issues		1,456	_		_		_		_	
Total		42,156,778	-		-		-			
Unassigned		30,711,546								
Total	\$	82,853,424	\$ 7,993,469	\$	532,580	\$	400,002	\$	11,337,224	

NOTE 14 CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY

A) Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (JPIA or Authority). The Authority is composed of 124 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors (the Board). The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

B) Primary Self-insurance Programs of the Insurance Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. The total funding requirement for primary self-insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

Primary Liability Program

Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 to \$500,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$500,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses have a sub-limit of \$50 million per occurrence. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. More detailed information about the various layers of coverage is available on the Authority's website: https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/.

Workers' Compensation

Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula.

NOTE 14 CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY, (Continued)

B) Primary Self-insurance Programs of the Insurance Authority, (Continued)

(2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$75,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$75,000 to \$200,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$200,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers.

For 2024-25 the Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased through reinsurance policies, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

C) Purchased Insurance

Pollution Legal Liability Insurance

The City participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

Property Insurance

The City participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City to the Authority. City property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$105,811,736. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for nonemergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

Earthquake and Flood Insurance

The City purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Insurance Authority. The City's property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$67,633,594. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000.

Crime Insurance

The City purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$2,000,000 with a \$10,000 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Insurance Authority.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

NOTE 14 CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY, (Continued)

D) Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2024-25.

NOTE 15 OTHER INFORMATION

Contingent Liabilities

Litigation

Claims and suits are filed against the City in the normal course of business. Based upon information received from the City's management, the estimated liability under any such claims would be adequately covered by deposits in a pooled insurance authority and insurance coverage. Other claims not covered by insurance involving substantial land use actions and inverse condemnation claims are not expected to have an adverse economic effect on the City.

Grant Audit Contingencies

Under the terms of certain grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the granter agencies. City management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

Developer Impact Fees

The City charges Parks Development, Traffic Impact, and Water Development Impact Fees (fees) when new residential or commercial buildings are constructed. In fiscal year 2024-25, the City collected parks development fees, traffic impact fees, and water development fees, respectively. The fees are deposited into corresponding special revenue funds, and they are used to acquire and upgrade parks, improve water systems related to new development, and to reduce traffic within the City related to new development. The State of California requires fees to be spent within five years of collection. In fiscal year 2024-25, the City expended \$511,272 in parks development fees, \$108,174 in traffic impact fees and \$0 in water development fees. At June 30, 2025, the fund balances for the Parks Development Impact Fund was \$277,667, for the Traffic Impact Fund was \$921,513 and for the Water Development Impact Fund was \$1,161,067.

NOTE 16 TAX ABATEMENTS

In accordance with Chapter 3.32 of the Signal Hill Municipal Code, the City provides sales tax rebates to a local sales tax generator based on sales tax generated at a site developed within the City of Signal Hill. The City entered into an economic development agreement for sales tax rebates with a local sales tax generator in order to retain one of the City's significant tax-generating business, jobs, and occupancy of land within City boundaries. The rebates are calculated based on the total taxes generated by the business.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the City abated local sales tax totaling \$2,311,659.

NOTE 17 SUCCESSOR AGENCY DISCLOSURES

The assets and liabilities of the former Redevelopment Agency were transferred to the Successor Agency to the City of Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency on February 1, 2012 as a result of the dissolution of the former Redevelopment Agency. The City is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the assets and liabilities. Disclosures related to the capital assets and long-term liabilities reported in the Successor Agency to the Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund are as follows:

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	E	Balance at					E	Balance at
	Ju	ne 30, 2024		Additions	De	letions	Ju	ne 30, 2025
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	•	40.050.405	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	40.050.405
Land	\$	10,956,485	\$		\$		\$	10,956,485

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	_	Balance at ne 30, 2024	Additions	Deletions	-	Balance at ne 30, 2025	_	oue Within One Year
Other debt:								
Bonds payable:								
2006 TABs	\$	9,610,000	\$ -	\$ (3,025,000)	\$	6,585,000	\$	3,195,000
2011 Tax Allocation Parity Bonds		2,170,000	-	(675,000)		1,495,000		725,000
2015 Refunding TABs Series B		1,010,000	-	(1,010,000)		-		-
2017 Refunding TABs		7,730,000	-	(1,920,000)		5,810,000		2,840,000
Less Original Issuance Discounts		(27,095)	-	12,426		(14,669)		(11,735)
Add Premium on Bonds		653,350	-	(290,378)		362,972		72,595
Total Bonds Payable		21,146,255	-	(6,907,952)		14,238,303		6,820,860
Direct borrowings:								
Loan payable to the City of								
Signal Hill		7,409,966	-	(1,856,147)		5,553,819		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$	28,556,221	\$ -	\$ (8,764,099)	\$	19,792,122	\$	6,820,860

A) 2006 Tax Allocation Bonds

On September 7, 2006, the Agency issued the 2006 Taxable Tax Allocation Parity Bonds, Series A (2006 Bonds) in the amount of \$13,500,000. Proceeds of the 2006 Taxable Tax Allocation Parity Bonds were used to (i) finance redevelopment activities of the Agency within or of benefit to the Redevelopment Project, (ii) satisfy the Reserve Requirement for the Bonds and (iii) provide for the cost of issuing the Bonds.

\$1,845,000 of 2006 term bonds matured October 1, 2016 and bore interest payable semiannually at a rate of 5.581%. \$11,660,000 of 2006 D term bonds mature October 1, 2026 and bear interest payable semiannually at a rate of 5.839%. The 2006 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption without premium commencing October 1, 2007 with respect to the term bonds maturing October 1, 2016 and October 1, 2017 with respect to the term bonds maturing October 1, 2026.

The reserve requirement for these bonds is covered by a surety bond provided by National Public Finance Guarantee Corp. (National). National's current ratings by Moody's Investors Services and Standard & Poor's are Baa2 and BBB, respectively.

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2025, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2026	\$ 3,195,000	\$ 291,220	\$	3,486,220	
2027	3,390,000	98,971		3,488,971	
Totals	\$ 6,585,000	\$ 390,191	\$	6,975,191	

B) 2011 Tax Allocation Parity Bonds

On March 25, 2011, the Agency issued the 2011 Tax Allocation Parity Bonds in the amount of \$8,835,000. The proceeds were used to (i) finance redevelopment activities of benefit to the Redevelopment Project, (ii) fund the reserve requirement for the Bonds and (iii) provide for the costs of issuing the Bonds. The 2011 Bonds were issued at a discount of \$181,895. This discount is being amortized on a straight line basis as interest expense through the year 2027.

Principal amounts on the 2011 Tax Allocation Parity Bonds mature annually each October 1 from 2012 through 2026, and bear interest semiannually beginning October 1, 2011 at rates ranging from 3.25% to 7.0%. The 2011 Tax Allocation Parity Bonds maturing on or after October 1, 2021 are subject to optional redemption, without premium commencing April 1, 2021.

The Successor Agency to the City of Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency is required by the 2011 Tax Allocation Parity Bonds reserve requirement to maintain reserve funds of the lessor of (1) 125% average annual debt service, (2) maximum annual debt service and (3) 10% original proceeds. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, this reserve requirement was met.

B) 2011 Tax Allocation Parity Bonds (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2025, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2026	\$ 725,000	\$ 79,275	\$	804,275	
2027	770,000	26,950		796,950	
Totals	\$ 1,495,000	\$ 106,225	\$	1,601,225	

C) 2015 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds - Series B

On January 26, 2015, the Agency issued the 2015 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series B (2015 B Bonds) in the amount of \$1,970,000. The proceeds were used to refinance the Agency's outstanding 2003 D Bonds in the amount of \$1,980,000, fund the reserve requirement for the Bonds and (iii) provide for the costs of issuing the Bonds. The 2015 B Bonds were issued at a discount of \$26,551. This discount is being amortized on a straight line basis as interest expense through the year 2024.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$51,426. This difference, reported as a deferred outflow of resources, is being amortized on a straight-line basis as interest expense on the statement of changes in fiduciary net position through the year 2024.

Principal amounts on the 2015 B Bonds mature annually each October 1 from 2015 through 2024, and bear interest semiannually beginning October 1, 2015 at rates ranging from 1.00% to 3.125%. The 2015 B Bonds are not subject to optional redemption before maturity.

The reserve requirement for these bonds is covered by a surety bond provided by National Public Finance Guarantee Corp. (National). National's current ratings by Moody's Investors Services and Standard & Poor's are Baa2 and BBB, respectively.

The bond was paid in full in fiscal year 2025.

D) 2017 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds

On December 1, 2017, the Agency issued the 2017 Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds (2017 Bonds) in the amount of \$22,580,000. The proceeds were used to (i) refinance the Agency's outstanding 2007 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds in the amount of \$10,970,000, and the Agency's outstanding 2009 Tax Allocation Parity Bonds in the amount of \$14,670,000 (ii) fund the reserve requirement for the Bonds and (iii) provide for the costs of issuing the Bonds. The 2017 Bonds were issued at a premium of \$2,564,999. This premium is being amortized on a straight line basis as interest expense through the year 2026.

The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$1,196,102. This difference, reported as a deferred outflow of resources, is being amortized on a straight-line basis as interest expense on the statement of changes in fiduciary net position through the year 2026.

D) 2017 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds (Continued)

Principal amounts on the 2017 Bonds mature annually each October 1 from 2018 through 2026, and bear interest semiannually beginning April 1, 2018 at rates ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%. The 2017 Bonds are not subject to optional redemption before maturity.

The reserve requirement for these bonds is covered by a surety bond provided by National Public Finance Guarantee Corp. (National). National's current ratings by Moody's Investors Services and Standard & Poor's are Baa2 and BBB, respectively.

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding bond indebtedness as of June 30, 2025, including interest, are as follows:

Year Ending					
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2026	\$ 2,840,000	\$ 212,500	\$	3,052,500	
2027	2,970,000	74,250		3,044,250	
Totals	\$ 5,810,000	\$ 286,750	\$	6,096,750	

E) Loan Payable to the City of Signal Hill

In 2008, the City had an advance to the Agency totaling \$10,000,000 to assist in funding the Agency's operating budget. The former Redevelopment Agency had been accruing interest on the original advances at a rate of 10% per annum up to the date of its dissolution.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the DOF approved the advance from the City as an enforceable obligation of the Successor Agency based on an accrued interest rate of 3% per annum since inception. The balance as of June 30, 2025, including \$4,414,609 of accrued interest, is \$5,553,819.

F) Spring Street Corridor Joint Powers Authority

The City and former Agency entered into a joint powers agreement with the City of Long Beach and the former Long Beach Redevelopment Agency on January 11, 1995. The purpose of this agreement was to create a joint power authority (Authority) pursuant to the California Government Code in order to develop and operate public facilities and improvements in the Spring Street Corridor Area.

The Authority is governed by a Board of Directors which is made up of the five members of the Signal Hill City Council, the four members of the Long Beach City Council, and the Chairman of the Successor Agency to the Long Beach Redevelopment Agency. Officers of the Authority are elected annually by the Board members.

On December 21, 1995, the joint powers agreement was amended to increase its jurisdiction by including additional areas surrounding the original Spring Street Corridor Area. The operating expenses are charged to the members on the basis of their pro rata share of land in the Corridor. Financial statements can be obtained from the City of Signal Hill's Finance Department located at City Hall.

G) Owner Participation and Implementation Agreement (OPIA)

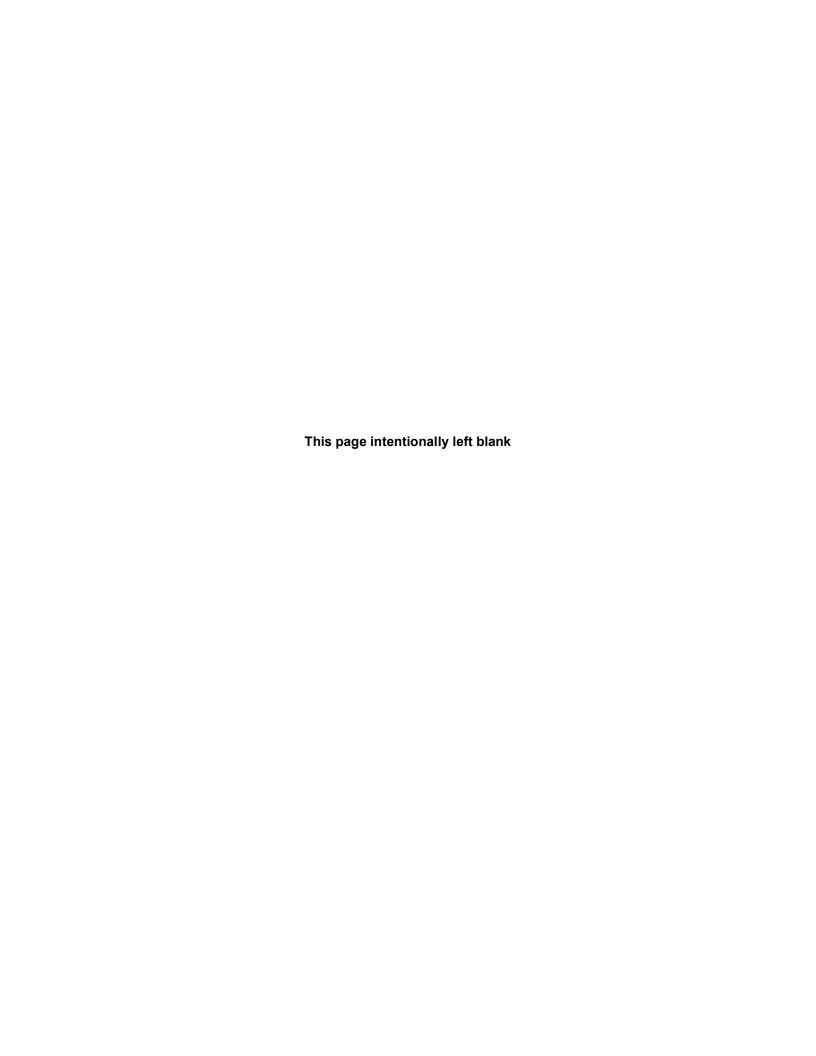
Pursuant to an Owner Participation and Implementation Agreement (OPIA) dated September 19, 1996, the Agency is required to pay a developer a formulated amount based on sales tax generated at a site developed within the City of Signal Hill. The source of these payments is to be provided by the Signal Hill Successor Agency. The first source is available tax increment revenue which is limited based on the amount of the Signal Hill Successor Agency's annual tax increment revenue less amounts required by law to be deposited in the Signal Hill Successor Agency's Affordable Housing Special Revenue Fund. The second source is a loan from the City of Signal Hill which would be made from the City's share of sales tax revenue generated from the developed site. No other sources of funds are available for payments. At June 30, 2025, there was \$1,035,532 due under this agreement, which is reported as a current liability.

NOTE 18 PRIOR PERIOD RESTATEMENT

During fiscal year 2025, the Capital Grants Special Revenue Fund was reclassified from a major fund to a non-major fund. This reclassification represents a change within the financial reporting entity. In addition, a correction of an error was made to the General Fund related to prior-year activity. The impact of these restatements on beginning fund balances and net position is presented in the table below.

	Governmental Activities		General		Capital Grants Special Revenue Fund		Other Governmental Funds	
Fund Balances, Beginning, as Previously Reported Change within the financial reporting entity	\$	154,498,110	\$	75,672,151 -	\$	(142,000) 142,000	\$	11,262,011 (142,000)
Correction of an error		142,254		142,254		-		- 1
Fund Balances, Beginning, as Restated	\$	154,640,364	\$	75,814,405	\$	-	\$	11,120,011





Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Va	riance with
		Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$	2,603,747	\$	2,603,747	\$ 3,017,939	\$	414,192
Sales and use tax		27,078,496		27,078,496	28,312,131		1,233,635
Other taxes		1,920,175		1,920,175	2,067,069		146,894
Licenses and permits		805,755		805,755	894,544		88,789
Intergovernmental revenues		108,250		68,250	76,140		7,890
Charges for services		1,640,150		1,690,450	2,484,840		794,390
Fines and forfeitures		110,000		110,000	135,682		25,682
Investment income (loss)		2,644,752		2,644,752	4,607,234		1,962,482
Other revenue		422,031		422,031	 1,173,430		751,399
Total Revenues		37,333,356		37,343,656	 42,769,009		5,425,353
EXPENDITURES							
General government:							
City Council		307,311		310,311	283,881		26,430
City Treasurer		8,675		8,675	5,793		2,882
City Clerk		324,096		324,096	208,750		115,346
Economic development		217,576		249,576	533,534		(283,958)
Executive administration		1,228,208		1,368,208	1,209,984		158,224
Communication/ public relations		289,544		304,544	207,370		97,174
Personnel services		822,414		832,414	658,980		173,434
Support services		2,178,979		2,178,979	2,062,346		116,633
Management information services		353,902		375,022	211,665		163,357
Fiscal services		1,304,081		1,304,081	 1,254,045		50,036
Total General Government		7,034,786		7,255,906	 6,636,348		619,558
Parks, recreation, and library services:							
Library programs and services		798,824		872,824	768,077		104,747
Community support and services		1,392,942		1,467,885	1,375,587		92,298
Recreation		996,290		1,045,020	 823,709		221,311
Total Parks, Recreation, and Library Services		3,188,056		3,385,729	 2,967,373		418,356
Police:							
Community outreach		78,407		110,907	47,411		63,496
Patrol services		7,309,656		7,334,656	6,564,554		770,102
Investigative services		1,760,990		1,760,990	1,534,873		226,117
Police support services		2,624,332		2,670,448	2,274,062		396,386
Communications		1,451,691		1,451,691	1,052,652		399,039
Records		538,229		538,229	473,836		64,393
Emergency and disaster services	-	184,988		222,788	 213,135		9,653
Total Police		13,948,293		14,089,709	 12,160,523		1,929,186

Budgetary Comparison Schedule, (Continued) General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted	Amo				ariance with
	 Original		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
EXPENDITURES (Continued)						
Community development:						
Planning services	\$ 585,817	\$	755,817	\$ 576,861	\$	178,956
Neighborhood enhancement	262,004		284,004	282,597		1,407
Building and safety	344,449		465,449	291,568		173,881
Oil field services	 197,077		197,077	 190,275		6,802
Total Community Development	 1,389,347		1,702,347	 1,341,301		361,046
Public works:						
Engineering and project services	1,134,968		1,134,968	833,760		301,208
Building maintenance	1,307,664		1,307,664	1,226,748		80,916
Environmental programs	1,028,337		1,023,837	836,075		187,762
Park maintenance	1,526,880		1,553,880	1,304,650		249,230
Street maintenance operations	 1,961,616		1,969,116	1,719,187		249,929
Total Public Works	6,959,465		6,989,465	5,920,420		1,069,045
Capital outlay	1,639,132		1,781,083	1,393,418		387,665
Debt service	1,691,459		1,691,459	2,190,434		(498,975)
Total Expenditures	35,850,538		36,895,698	32,609,817		4,285,881
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,482,818		447,958	10,159,192		9,711,234
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Subscription acquisition	907,996		907,996	907,996		_
Lease acquisition	244,080		244,080	244,080		_
Transfers in	499,354		588,454	240,946		(347,508)
Transfers out	 (5,640,512)		(8,840,949)	 (4,513,195)		4,327,754
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (3,989,082)		(7,100,419)	(3,120,173)		3,980,246
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,506,264)		(6,652,461)	7,039,019		13,691,480
Fund Balance, Beginning	 75,814,405		75,814,405	75,814,405		<u>-</u> _
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 73,308,141	\$	69,161,944	\$ 82,853,424	\$	13,691,480

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Housing Authority Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	 Budgeted	l Amo	ounts		Var	riance with
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Investment income	\$ 163,227	\$	163,227	\$ 374,025	\$	210,798
Total Revenues	 163,227		163,227	374,025		210,798
EXPENDITURES						
General government	7,000		14,500	9,894		4,606
Total Expenditures	 7,000		14,500	9,894		4,606
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	156,227		148,727	364,131		215,404
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	 420,000		420,000	 414,461		(5,539)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 420,000		420,000	 414,461		(5,539)
Net Change in Fund Balance	576,227		568,727	778,592		209,865
Fund Balance, Beginning	 7,214,877		7,214,877	 7,214,877		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 7,791,104	\$	7,783,604	\$ 7,993,469	\$	209,865

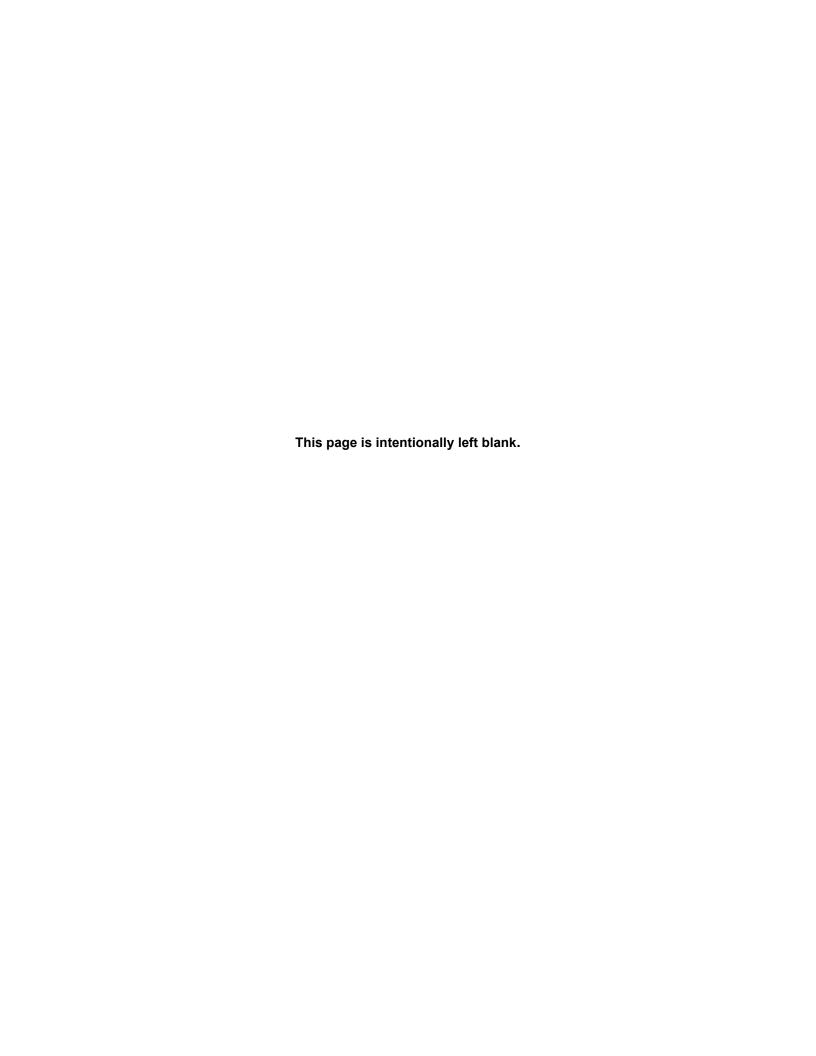
Budgetary Comparison Schedule California Arts Council Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Va	riance with
	0	riginal		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 349,025	\$	349,025
Investment income		-			 532,580		532,580
Total Revenues					 881,605		881,605
EXPENDITURES							
Total Expenditures					 		
Excess of Revenues Over							
Expenditures		-		_	881,605		881,605
·							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers out		-		(5,000,000)	(349,025)		4,650,975
T. 100 5:				(F. 000, 000)	(0.40.005)		4 050 075
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(5,000,000)	 (349,025)		4,650,975
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(5,000,000)	532,580		5,532,580
Fund Balance, Beginning							
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	-	\$	(5,000,000)	\$ 532,580	\$	5,532,580

NOTE 1 BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The annual budget is adopted by the City Council after a public hearing and provides for the general operation of the City. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2) Budgets for the General and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis substantially consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, actual revenues and expenditures can be compared with related budget amounts without any significant reconciling items. No budgetary comparisons are presented for the Capital Projects Funds since budgets are adopted on a project basis as opposed to an annual basis. No budgets were adopted for the Assets Seizure, the Civic Center Phase II, Prop. 68 Park and Recreation, Measure A and Public Safety Grant special revenue funds for the current fiscal year.
- 3) Budget control is maintained over all accounts, and expenditures are not allowed to exceed appropriations at the program level (i.e. City Council, City Treasurer, City Attorney), except as approved in advance by the City Council.
- 4) Encumbrance accounting under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the Governmental Fund Types. However, at year-end all appropriations lapse. Accordingly, encumbrances are canceled and generally re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget. Encumbrances are not included in reported expenditures.
- 5) The City Council approves all significant budgetary changes.
- 6) Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations from proceeds of taxes, and if proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must either be refunded to the State Controller, or returned to the taxpayers through revised tax rates or revised fee schedules, or an excess in one year may be offset against a deficit in following year.



Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Ten Fiscal Years

Measurement Period	Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability1	•	Plan's ortionate Share e Net Pension Liability	Pla	n's Covered Payroll	Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	Share E	Proportionate of Aggregate Employer ntributions
June 30, 2015	0.12534%	\$	20,237,038	\$	7,267,434	278.46%	78.40%	\$	2,414,463
June 30, 2016	0.29200%		25,267,366		7,889,777	320.25%	74.06%		2,477,227
June 30, 2017	0.28684%		28,446,490		8,179,900	347.76%	73.31%		2,707,799
June 30, 2018	0.28819%		27,770,375		7,499,746	370.28%	75.26%		3,193,125
June 30, 2019	0.28706%		29,415,004		8,243,541	356.82%	75.26%		3,501,935
June 30, 2020	0.29246%		31,821,214		8,362,674	380.51%	75.10%		4,072,244
June 30, 2021	0.35988%		19,463,557		8,280,004	235.07%	88.29%		4,687,512
June 30, 2022	0.31997%		36,959,054		8,895,061	415.50%	76.68%		5,401,724
June 30, 2023	0.31761%		39,622,724		8,778,498	451.36%	76.21%		3,811,164
June 30, 2024	0.31947%		38,742,945		8,914,165	434.62%	78.08%		3,700,157

Notes to Schedule

¹ Proportion of the net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

Schedule of Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

Measurement Period	Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	Plan's Covered Payroll	Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	Share E	Proportionate of Aggregate mployer ntributions
June 30, 2015	0.16949%	\$ 11,633,599	\$ 3,095,462	375.83%	78.40%	\$	1,244,854
June 30, 2016	0.27528%	14,257,433	3,120,311	456.92%	74.06%		1,243,621
June 30, 2017	0.26478%	15,821,202	3,397,367	465.69%	73.31%		1,330,746
June 30, 2018	0.26514%	15,557,284	2,752,971	565.11%	75.26%		1,740,418
June 30, 2019	0.26113%	16,301,080	3,319,213	491.11%	75.26%		1,880,463
June 30, 2020	0.26785%	17,844,795	3,407,054	523.76%	75.10%		2,261,312
June 30, 2021	0.32940%	11,560,225	3,480,836	332.11%	88.29%		2,759,489
June 30, 2022	0.30084%	20,672,704	3,694,080	559.62%	76.68%		3,128,829
June 30, 2023	0.29716%	22,212,532	3,296,621	685.38%	76.21%		1,938,887
June 30, 2024	0.29504%	21,511,011	3,240,924	663.73%	78.08%		1,938,674

Notes to Schedule:

¹ Proportion of the net pension liability represents the plan's proportion of PERF C, which includes both the Miscellaneous and Safety Risk Pools excluding the 1959 Survivors Risk Pool.

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year End	6/30/2025	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016
Measurement Date	6/30/2025	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	6/30/2022	6/30/2021	6/30/2020	6/30/2019	6/30/2018	6/30/2017	6/30/2016
Total OPEB liability:										
Service cost	\$ 320,998	\$ 312,255	\$ 220,191	\$ 293,500	\$ 270,003	\$ 78,454	\$ 76,354	\$ 88,947	\$ 86,566	\$ 84,249
Interest on total OPEB liability	737,723	723,750	701,238	819,177	814,641	693,993	689,655	724,953	719,524	732,333
Changes of assumptions	(1,730,212)	(208,684)	(333,930)	(494,340)	350,078	3,078,833	-	-	-	-
Experience gains/(losses)	(5,875)	286,867	-	(1,239,101)	-	171,290	-	(633,287)	-	-
Investment gains/(losses)	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	5,035	(5,035)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds										
and the implied subsidy benefit payments	(882,093)	(877,754)	(807,014)	(798,430)	(1,049,577)	(1,040,518)	(705,652)	(729,067)	(718,446)	(697,696)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	(1,559,459)	236,434	(219,515)	(1,419,194)	385,145	2,982,052	65,392	(553,489)	87,644	118,886
Total OPEB Liability, Beginning of Year	12,950,009	12,713,575	12,933,090	14,352,284	13,967,139	10,985,087	10,919,695	11,473,184	11,385,540	11,266,654
Total OPEB Liability, End of Year (a)	11,390,550	12,950,009	12,713,575	12,933,090	14,352,284	13,967,139	10,985,087	10,919,695	11,473,184	11,385,540
Plan fiduciary net position:										
Contributions - employer	965,072	952,755	880,746	872,192	1,184,870	1,251,150	705,652	729,067	718,446	847,696
Contributions - employees	81,758	73,997	69,558	70,110	65,478	336,878	-	-	-	-
Net investment income (loss)	551,752	539,305	337,516	(496,520)	642,090	186,488	135,298	125,181	154,005	(31,941)
Administrative expenses	(12,620)	(10,686)	(10,893)	(4,495)	(18,569)	(15, 198)	(12,204)	(11,911)	(11,107)	(3,818)
Benefit payments, including refunds										
and the implied subsidy benefit payments	(882,093)	(877,754)	(807,014)	(798,430)	(1,049,577)	(1,040,518)	(705,652)	(729,067)	(718,446)	(697,696)
Other miscellaneous income (expense)	-	(3,005)	-	-	-	-	(2)	-	-	-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	703,869	674,612	469,913	(357,143)	824,292	718,800	123,092	113,270	142,898	114,241
Plan Fiduciary Net Position,- Beginning of Year	4,421,182	3,746,570	3,276,657	3,633,800	2,809,508	2,090,708	1,967,616	1,854,346	1,711,448	1,597,207
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year (b)	5,125,051	4,421,182	3,746,570	3,276,657	3,633,800	2,809,508	2,090,708	1,967,616	1,854,346	1,711,448
Net OPEB Liability- Ending (a}-(b)	\$ 6,265,499	\$ 8,528,827	\$ 8,967,005	\$ 9,656,433	\$ 10,718,484	\$ 11,157,631	\$ 8,894,379	\$ 8,952,079	\$ 9,618,838	\$ 9,674,092
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of										
the total OPEB liability	44.99%	34.14%	29.47%	25.34%	25.32%	20.12%	19.03%	18.02%	16.16%	15.03%
,										
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 10,224,362	\$ 9.103.778	\$ 8.619.268	\$ 8.352.829	\$ 7.873.764	\$ 8.223.691	\$ 8.137.547	\$ 7.960.934	\$ 7.997.352	\$ 7.783.311
1 , 1 ,	, ,,,=	,,	,,			, ., ., .,				. ,
Net OPEB liability as percentage of										
covered - employee payroll	61.28%	93.68%	104.03%	115.61%	136.13%	135.68%	109.30%	112.45%	120.28%	124.29%
. , . ,										

Notes to Schedule:

Contributions are not based on a measure of pay. Therefore, covered - employee payroll is used.

Benefit Changes:

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions:

FYE June 30, 2020 - Investment rate of return/discount rate was lowered from 6.50% to 6.00%, an implicit rate subsidy was added, and certain demographic assumptions were changed.

FYE June 30, 2021 - Investment rate of return/discount rate was lowered from 6.00% to 5.75%

FYE June 30, 2022 - Investment rate of return/discount rate was lowered from 5.75% to 5.50%

FYE June 30, 2023 - Discount rate was increased due to investment policy change to 5.75%.

FYE June 30, 2025 - Discount rate was increased due to investment policy change to 7.25%.

Schedule of OPEB plan Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

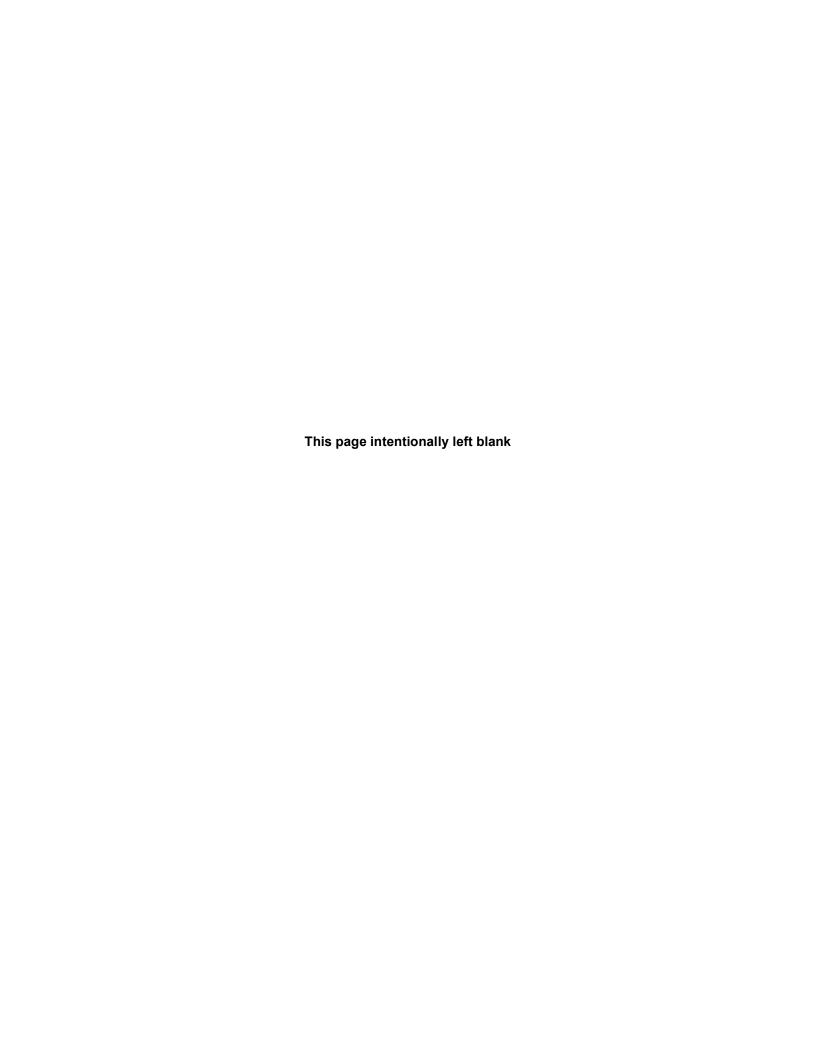
Fiscal Year Ended	Co (A	ontractually Required ontribution actuarially etermined)	Re A D	ntributions in lation to the Actuarially etermined ontributions	Contril Defici (exc	ency	Cov	ered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
June 30, 2016	\$	1,407,461	\$	(1,407,461)	\$	-	\$	3,120,311	45.11%
June 30, 2017		1,531,100		(1,531,100)		-		3,397,367	45.07%
June 30, 2018		1,677,943		(1,677,943)		-		2,752,971	60.95%
June 30, 2019		1,372,345		(1,372,345)		-		3,319,213	41.35%
June 30, 2020		1,614,253		(1,614,253)		-		3,407,054	47.38%
June 30, 2021		1,753,821		(1,753,821)		-		3,480,836	50.39%
June 30, 2022		1,932,188		(1,932,188)		-		3,694,088	52.30%
June 30, 2023		2,097,628		(2,097,628)		-		3,296,621	63.63%
June 30, 2024		2,504,683		(2,504,683)		-		3,240,924	77.28%
June 30, 2025		979,575		(965,072)		14,503		10,224,362	9.44%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: There were no changes to benefit terms that applied to all members of the Public Agency Pool. However, individual employers in the Plan may have provided a benefit improvement to their employees such as Golden Handshakes, service purchases, and other prior service costs. Employers that have done so may need to report this information as a separate liability in their financial statement as CalPERS considers such amounts to be separately financed employer-specific liabilities. These employers should consult with their auditors. Additionally, the figures above do not include any liability impact that occurred after the June 30, 2023, valuation date, unless the liability impact is deemed to be material to the Public Agency Pool.

Changes in Assumptions: There were no assumption changes in 2023 or 2024. Effective with the June 30, 2021, valuation date (June 30, 2022, measurement date), the accounting discount rate was reduced from 7.15% to 6.90%. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. In addition, demographic assumptions and the price inflation assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. The accounting discount rate was 7.15% for measurement dates June 30, 2017, through June 30, 2021, and 7.65% for measurement dates June 30, 2015, through June 30, 2016.





Non-Major Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific sources which are usually required by law or administrative regulation to be accounted for in a separate fund.

<u>Asset Seizure Fund</u> - Accounts for the portion of seized monies and property returned to the City for narcotic enforcement and other police related activities, pursuant to federal and state asset forfeitures laws.

<u>Park Development Fund</u> - Accounts for revenues from residential and commercial developers impact fees for park acquisition and improvement purposes.

<u>HCDA Grant Fund</u> - Accounts for community development block grant revenues and expenditures for rehabilitation, food distribution and capital projects.

<u>Special Gas Tax Fund</u> - Accounts for receipts and disbursements of monies apportioned to the City under the Streets and Highways Code of the state of California, as well as a Transportation Development Act grant for bicycle and pedestrian facilities.

<u>Transportation Proposition A Fund</u> - As "Proposition A" increased the sales tax in Los Angeles County by 0.5%, this fund accounts for financial activity relative to the City's share of these monies. "Proposition A" revenues are to be used for public transportation purposes.

<u>Pipeline Removal Fund</u> - Accounts for revenues from fees paid by franchisees on idle pipeline for future removal costs.

<u>Air Quality Improvement Fund</u> - Accounts for revenues apportioned to the City from the Southern California AQMD fees on motor vehicle registrations, used to fund programs to reduce air pollution from mobile sources.

<u>Water Development Fund</u> - Accounts for revenues from residential and commercial developers' impact fees for water system improvements related to new development.

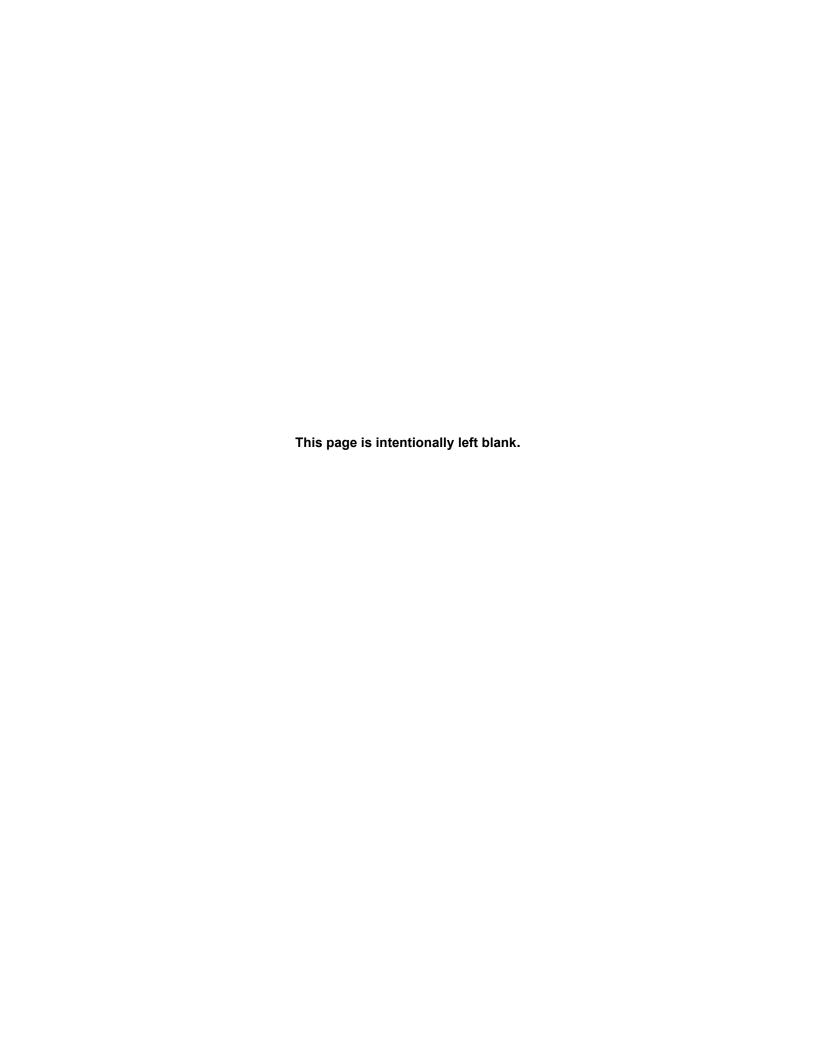
<u>Traffic Impact Fund</u> - Accounts for revenues from residential and commercial developers' impact fees for the purpose of reducing traffic within the City related to new development.

<u>Transportation Proposition C Fund</u> - As "Proposition C" increased the sales tax in Los Angeles County by 0.5%, this fund accounts for financial activity relative to the City's share of these monies. "Proposition C" revenues are to be used for public transportation purposes.

<u>Lighting and Landscape Fund</u> - Accounts for financial activity relating to the City's landscape and lighting district. Revenues include assessments to property owners within the district and expenditures relate to the maintenance and upkeep of the system.

<u>Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund</u> - Accounts for the receipts and disbursements of monies awarded to the City under the Citizens Option for Public Safety program (otherwise known as the COPS). The grant was established by State Assembly Bill (AB) 3229 and is appropriated through its Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund.

<u>Public Safety State Resources Fund</u> - Accounts for funding received by the state of California Office of Traffic Safety for public safety overtime related to the enforcement of California's DUI laws.



Non-Major Governmental Funds Special Revenue Funds, (Continued)

<u>Housing Impact Fund</u> - Accounts for the revenues collected pursuant to the agreement between the City's Redevelopment Agency and the Development and Disposition Agreement with the Hilltop, LLC. The fees collected are based upon 2% of the sales price of new residential development and must be used for very low and low income housing.

<u>MTA-STPL Grant Fund</u> - Accounts for receipts and disbursements of grant funds awarded by the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority for eligible transportation capital improvement projects, such as the City's pavement management program.

<u>Measure M Fund</u> - Accounts for the financial activity relative to the City's share of the Los Angeles sales tax increase of 0.5% for traffic improvement transportation projects in accordance with the Los Angeles County Traffic Improvement Plan. "Measure M" revenues are disbursed by the Los Angeles County Metro Transportation Authority (MTA).

<u>Transportation Measure R Fund</u> - As "Measure R" increased the sales tax in Los Angeles County by 0.5%, this fund accounts for financial activity relative to the City's share of those monies. "Measure R" revenues are disbursed by the Los Angeles County Metro Transportation Authority (MTA) and are to be used for public transportation projects.

RMRA (SB1) Fund - Accounts for the financial activity relative to the Road Recovery and Accountability Act that was passed on April 6, 2017, providing funding through Senate Bill 1 and the Highway Users Trust Account (HUTA) for maintenance and rehabilitation of roadways.

<u>Measure W Fund</u> - Accounts for the City's share of the California parcel tax increase of \$0.025 per square foot of impermeable property for funding projects in accordance with the expenditure plan pursuant to the Los Angeles Region, Safe, Clean Water Program. projects.

<u>Civic Center Phase II Fund</u> - Accounts for funding sources for the design and construction of the Signal Hill Public Library.

<u>Prop 68 – Parks and Recreation Fund</u> - Prop 68 (the California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access for All Act of 2018) authorized \$4 billion in general obligation bonds for state and local parks, environmental protection projects, water infrastructure projects, and flood protection projects. These funds will be distributed through grant programs administered by a number of agencies and organizations, including the San Gabriel and Lower Los Angeles Rivers and Mountains Conservancy and the Ocean Protection Council.

Measure A Fund – Measure A was drafted to meet current and future park needs, and its content reflects the findings based on the City's Master Plan. Generating more than \$90 million per year for the county's local parks, beaches, and open space areas, Measure A is an annual parcel tax of 1.5 cents per square foot of improved property and includes both formula-based allocations to Study Areas and competitive grants that are open to public agencies, non-profit organizations, and schools.

Public Safety Grant Fund – Accounts for various grants to enhance public safety.

<u>Capital Grants</u> – Accounts used to account for projects funded by various grants received from other government agencies. The majority of funds received are transferred to the Capital Improvements Capital Projects fund to finance the related capital project expenditures.

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

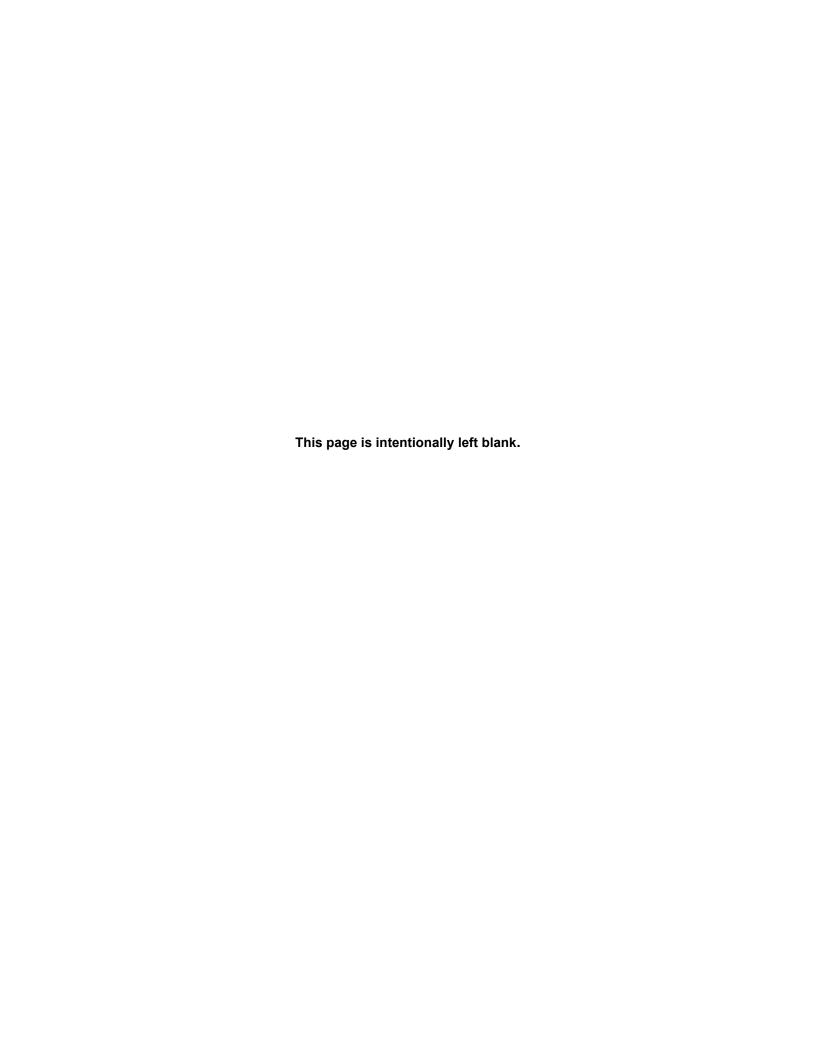
	Special Revenue Funds										
		Asset Seizure	De	Park velopment		HCDA Grant		Special Gas Tax		nsportation oposition A	
ASSETS				-							
Cash and investments	\$	27,950	\$	300,865	\$	6,522	\$	2,042,093	\$	1,072,617	
Receivables:											
Interest receivable		-		-		600		-		-	
Due from other governments		-		-		436		28,103		-	
Loans		-		-		6,038		-		-	
Advances to other funds		-		838,605		-		-		-	
Restricted assets:											
Cash and investments		-		-		-		-		-	
Total assets	\$	27,950	\$	1,139,470	\$	13,596	\$	2,070,196	\$	1,072,617	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF											
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	75,259	
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-		2,953	
Unearned revenues		-		861,803		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-	
Total liabilities		-	-	861,803		-		-		78,212	
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable revenues		-		-		600		-		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		600		-		-	
Fund balances:											
Restricted for:											
Public protection		27,950		-		-		-		-	
Development impact		-		277,667		-		-			
Transportation		-		-		-		2,070,196		994,405	
Capital improvements				-		12,996		-		-	
Total fund balances		27,950		277,667		12,996		2,070,196		994,405	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of											
resources and fund balances	\$	27,950	\$	1,139,470	\$	13,596	\$	2,070,196	\$	1,072,617	

			Special Rev	enue F	unds		
Pipeline Removal	Air Quality rovement	De	Water velopment		Traffic Impact	sportation position C	ighting and ndscape
\$ 2,462,876	\$ 37,783	\$	1,121,023	\$	922,336	\$ 602,252	\$ 109,655
-	-		-		-	-	-
-	3,985		-		-	-	1,398
-	-		.			-	-
-	-		721,425		29,779	-	-
 	 					 	 -
\$ 2,462,876	\$ 41,768	\$	1,842,448	\$	952,115	\$ 602,252	\$ 111,053
\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	741,381 - 741,381	\$	30,602 - 30,602	\$ - - - -	\$ 8,847 901 - - 9,748
 	 -		-		-	 -	 -
2,462,876 2,462,876	- - 41,768 - 41,768	_	1,101,067 - - 1,101,067		921,513 - - 921,513	- - 602,252 - 602,252	 101,305
\$ 2,462,876	\$ 41,768	\$	1,842,448	\$	952,115	\$ 602,252	\$ 111,053

Combining Balance Sheet, (Continued) Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

		Special Revenue Funds							
	 olemental Law orcement	Safe	Public ety State sources		Housing Impact		「A-STPL Grant	Me	easure M
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 4,493	\$	-	\$	828,787	\$	28,024	\$	545,359
Receivables:									
Interest receivable	-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments	-		9,032		-		-		-
Loans	-		-		-		-		-
Advances to other funds	-		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets:									
Cash and investments	 -		-		-				-
Total assets	\$ 4,493	\$	9,032	\$	828,787	\$	28,024	\$	545,359
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF									
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	110	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued liabilities	4,493		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenues	-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds	-		8,922		-		-		-
Total liabilities	4,493		9,032		-		-		-
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenues	-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		-		-		-		-
Fund balances:									
Restricted for:									
Public protection	-		-		-		-		-
Development impact	-		-		828,787		-		-
Transportation	-		-		-		28,024		545,359
Capital improvements	 								
Total fund balances	 				828,787		28,024		545,359
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$ 4,493	\$	9,032	\$	828,787	\$	28,024	\$	545,359

			Spe	cial Re	venue Fund	ls			
	sportation asure R	RM	IRA (SB1)		easure W	Civic	Center ase II	Parl	p 68 - ks and reation
\$	84,904	\$	942,713	\$	236,830	\$	-	\$	55
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		56,548		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
							0		
\$	84,904	\$	999,261	\$	236,830	\$	9	\$	- 55
.	0 1,00 1	Ţ	300,201		200,000	Ţ		Ţ	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-		-
					-				-
									-
	-		-		-		-		-
			-		-		-		-
	84,904		999,261 -		236,830		9		- 55
	84,904		999,261		236,830		9		55
\$	84,904	\$	999,261	\$	236,830	\$	9	\$	55



Combining Balance Sheet, (Concluded) Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2025

					Total			
ASSETS	M	easure A Fund		ic Safety nt Fund	•	ously major) ital Grants		lon-major vernmental Funds
Cash and investments	\$		\$		\$	105,453	\$	11,482,590
Receivables:	Ф	-	φ	-	Ф	105,455	φ	11,462,590
Interest receivable		_		_		_		600
Due from other governments		220,000		_		140,179		459,681
Loans		220,000		_		140,173		6,038
Advances to other funds		_		_		_		1,589,809
Restricted assets:								1,000,000
Cash and investments		_		_		_		9
Total assets	\$	220,000	\$		\$	245,632	\$	13,538,727
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenues	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - 245,632	\$	84,216 8,347 1,879,418
Due to other funds		220,000						228,922
Total liabilities		220,000				245,632		2,200,903
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues		_		_		-		600
Total deferred inflows of resources				-		-		600
Fund balances: Restricted for:								
Public protection		-		-		-		27,950
Development impact		-		-		-		3,129,034
Transportation		-		-		-		5,366,169
Capital improvements		-		-		-		2,814,071
Total fund balances								11,337,224
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	220,000	\$	_	\$	245,632	\$	13,538,727
		,_				,	<u> </u>	-,,-

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds									
		Asset eizure		Park elopment		HCDA Grant		Special Gas Tax		nsportation position A
REVENUES										
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Intergovernmental revenues		4,417		-		158,149		299,054		299,935
Charges for services		-		-		-		-		33
Investment income				36,939		-		90,264		51,333
Total revenues		4,417		36,939		158,149		389,318		351,301
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Police		-		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		11,212		-		358,157
Public works				-						
Total expenditures						11,212				358,157
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures		4,417		36,939		146,937		389,318		(6,856)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers out				(511,272)		(139,978)				
Total other financing sources (uses)				(511,272)		(139,978)				
Net change in fund balances		4,417		(474,333)		6,959		389,318		(6,856)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning, as previously reported Restatement - change from major to non-major		23,533		752,000		6,037		1,680,878		1,001,261
Fund balance (deficit), beginning, as restated		23,533	-	752,000		6,037		1,680,878		1,001,261
Fund balance, ending	\$	27,950	\$	277,667	\$	12,996	\$	2,070,196	\$	994,405

				Spec	ial Re	venue Fund	S		
Pipeline Removal		Air Quality rovement	Dev	Water velopment		Traffic Impact	Transportation Proposition C		ighting and indscape
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 102,466
-		15,259		-		-		248,788	-
119,828		3,633		53,867		49,154		36,737	4,268
 119,828		18,892		53,867		49,154		285,525	 106,734
-		-		-		-		-	-
 <u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	 81,754
									81,754
 119,828		18,892		53,867		49,154		285,525	 24,980
(37,954)		(50,000)				(108,174)		(299,940)	-
 (37,954)		(50,000)				(108,174)		(299,940)	 -
81,874		(31,108)		53,867		(59,020)		(14,415)	24,980
2,381,002		72,876		1,047,200		980,533		616,667	76,325
 2,381,002	-	72,876		1,047,200		980,533		616,667	 76,325
\$ 2,462,876	\$	41,768	\$	1,101,067	\$	921,513	\$	602,252	\$ 101,305

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds, (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

			Spec	ial Re	venue Fund	s			
	 lemental Law rcement	Safe	Public ety State sources	Н	lousing mpact		TA-STPL Grant	Measure M	
REVENUES									
Other taxes	\$ -	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenues	194,663		70,770		-		-		211,362
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		-
Investment income	 				39,884				35,076
Total revenues	 194,663		70,770		39,884				246,438
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Police	194,663		70,770		-		-		-
Community development	-		-		-		-		-
Public works	 -		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 194,663		70,770		-		-		-
Excess of revenues over									
(under) expenditures			-		39,884		-		246,438
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out			-		-		(141,451)		(309,512)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		-				(141,451)		(309,512)
Net change in fund balances	-		-		39,884		(141,451)		(63,074)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning, as previously reported	-		-		788,903		169,475		608,433
Restatement - change from major to non-major	-		-		-		-		-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning, as restated	-		-		788,903		169,475		608,433
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	828,787	\$	28,024	\$	545,359

		Spe	cial R	evenue Fun	ds				
nsportation easure R	RN	MRA (SB1)	Me	easure W		Center	Prop 68 - Parks and Recreation		
\$ - 186,557	\$	- 320,892	\$	271,815	\$	-	\$	-	
9,396		40,878		22,780		-		-	
195,953		361,770		294,595				_	
-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-	
-		-				-		-	
 195,953		361,770		294,595					
(221,527)		(30,595)		(381,602)				-	
(221,527)		(30,595)		(381,602)		-			
(25,574)		331,175		(87,007)		-		-	
110,478		668,086		323,837		9		55	
 110,478		668,086		323,837		9		55	
\$ 84,904	\$	999,261	\$	236,830	\$	9	\$	55	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds, (Concluded) For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Measure A Public Safety (Previously major Fund Grant Fund Capital Grants				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
REVENUES													
Other taxes	\$	220,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	594,281					
Intergovernmental revenues		-		45,577		291,158		2,346,581					
Charges for services		-		-		-		33					
Investment income		-		-		-		594,037					
Total revenues		220,000		45,577		291,158		3,534,932					
EXPENDITURES													
Current:													
Police		-		-		-		265,433					
Community development		-		-		-		369,369					
Public works				-		-		81,754					
Total expenditures								716,556					
Excess of revenues over													
(under) expenditures		220,000		45,577		291,158		2,818,376					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers out		(220,000)		-		(149, 158)		(2,601,163)					
Total other financing sources (uses)		(220,000)				(149, 158)		(2,601,163)					
Net change in fund balances		-		45,577		142,000		217,213					
Fund balance (deficit), beginning, as previously reported		-		(45,577)		-		11,262,011					
Restatement - change from major to non-major				<u>-</u> _		(142,000)		(142,000)					
Fund balance (deficit), beginning, as restated		-		(45,577)		(142,000)	_	11,120,011					
Fund balance, ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	11,337,224					

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Park Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted	Amou	unts		Var	iance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 25,542	\$	25,542	\$ -	\$	(25,542)
Investment income	 2,667		2,667	 36,939		34,272
Total Revenues	 28,209		28,209	36,939		8,730
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	 (30,000)		(30,000)	 (511,272)		(481,272)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (30,000)		(30,000)	 (511,272)		(481,272)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,791)		(1,791)	(474,333)		(472,542)
Fund Balance, Beginning	 752,000		752,000	 752,000		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 750,209	\$	750,209	\$ 277,667	\$	(472,542)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual HCDA Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	unts		Variance with		
	(Original		Final	Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	83,560	\$	83,560	\$ 158,149	\$	74,589
Total Revenues		83,560		83,560	 158,149		74,589
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Community development		12,534		12,534	11,212		1,322
Total Expenditures		12,534		12,534	11,212		1,322
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		71,026		71,026	 146,937		75,911
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(71,026)		(71,026)	 (139,978)		(68,952)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(71,026)		(71,026)	(139,978)		(68,952)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	6,959		6,959
Fund Balance, Beginning		6,037		6,037	6,037		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	6,037	\$	6,037	\$ 12,996	\$	6,959

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Special Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES	Φ.	200 400	•	000 400	•	000 054	Φ.	(07.405)
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	326,189	\$	326,189	\$	299,054	\$	(27,135)
Investment income		32,172		32,172		90,264		58,092
Total Revenues		358,361		358,361		389,318		30,957
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(250,000)		(250,000)				250,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(250,000)		(250,000)				250,000
Net Change in Fund Balance		108,361		108,361		389,318		280,957
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,680,878		1,680,878		1,680,878		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,789,239	\$	1,789,239	\$	2,070,196	\$	280,957

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Transportation Proposition A Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	321,516	\$	321,516	\$	299,935	\$	(21,581)
Charges for services		-		-		33		33
Investment income		22,781		22,781		51,333		28,552
Total Revenues		344,297		344,297		351,301		7,004
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Community development		274,745		376,663		358,157		18,506
Total Expenditures		274,745		376,663		358,157		18,506
Net Change in Fund Balance		69,552		(32,366)		(6,856)		25,510
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,001,261		1,001,261		1,001,261		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,070,813	\$	968,895	\$	994,405	\$	25,510

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Pipeline Removal Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts			Var	iance with
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES Investment income	\$	53,646	\$	53,646	\$	119,828	\$	66,182
Total Revenues		53,646		53,646		119,828		66,182
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(57,409)		(57,409)		(37,954)		19,455
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,763)		(3,763)		81,874		85,637
Fund Balance, Beginning		2,381,002		2,381,002		2,381,002		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	2,377,239	\$	2,377,239	\$	2,462,876	\$	85,637

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Air Quality Improvement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted	Amou	ınts		Varia	ance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fina	l Budget
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Investment income	\$ 15,000 1,344	\$	15,000 1,344	\$ 15,259 3,633	\$	259 2,289
Total Revenues	16,344		16,344	18,892		2,548
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out	(54,453)		(54,453)	 (50,000)		4,453
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(54,453)		(54,453)	(50,000)		4,453
Net Change in Fund Balance	(38,109)		(38,109)	(31,108)		7,001
Fund Balance, Beginning	72,876		72,876	72,876		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 34,767	\$	34,767	\$ 41,768	\$	7,001

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Water Development Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	unts			Var	iance with	
		Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	27,152	\$	27,152	\$	-	\$	(27,152)
Investment income		23,726		23,726		53,867		30,141
	<u></u>							_
Total Revenues		50,878		50,878		53,867		2,989
Net Change in Fund Balance		50,878		50,878		53,867		2,989
Fund Balance, Beginning		1,047,200		1,047,200		1,047,200		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	1,098,078	\$	1,098,078	\$	1,101,067	\$	2,989

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Traffic Impact Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts						Var	iance with
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	685	\$	685	\$	-	\$	(685)
Investment income		16,222		16,222		49,154		32,932
Total Revenues		16,907		16,907		49,154		32,247
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(579,498)		(579,498)		(108,174)		471,324
Net Change in Fund Balance		(562,591)		(562,591)		(59,020)		503,571
Fund Balance, Beginning		980,533		980,533		980,533		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	417,942	\$	417,942	\$	921,513	\$	503,571

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Transportation Proposition C Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with	
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	266,689	\$	331,629	\$	248,788	\$	(82,841)
Investment income		14,305		14,305		36,737		22,432
Total Revenues		280,994		345,934		285,525		(60,409)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(235,000)		(299,940)		(299,940)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(235,000)		(299,940)		(299,940)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		45,994		45,994		(14,415)		(60,409)
Fund Balance, Beginning		616,667		616,667		616,667		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	662,661	\$	662,661	\$	602,252	\$	(60,409)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Lighting and Landscape Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Vari	ance with
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES Other taxes Investment income	\$	93,150 1,646	\$	93,150 1,646	\$	102,466 4,268	\$	9,316 2,622
Total Revenues		94,796		94,796		106,734		11,938
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Public works		100,558		116,585		81,754		34,831
Total Expenditures		100,558		116,585		81,754		34,831
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(5,762)		(21,789)		24,980		46,769
Fund Balance, Beginning		76,325		76,325		76,325		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	70,563	\$	54,536	\$	101,305	\$	46,769

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
	C	Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues	\$	186,159	\$	186,159	\$	194,663	\$	8,504
Total Revenues		186,159		186,159		194,663		8,504
EXPENDITURES Current: Police		186,159		186,159		194,663		(8,504)
Total Expenditures		186,159		186,159		194,663		(8,504)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning								
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Public Safety State Resources Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	Amou	unts			Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues	\$	90,000	\$	100,000	\$	70,770	\$	(29,230)
Total Revenues		90,000		100,000		70,770		(29,230)
EXPENDITURES Current:		00.000		400.000		70 770		00.000
Police		90,000		100,000		70,770		29,230
Total Expenditures		90,000		100,000		70,770		29,230
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
Fund Balance, Beginning								-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Housing Impact Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	Amou		Variance with		
	(Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES Investment income	\$	17,868	\$	17,868	\$ 39,884	\$	22,016
Total Revenues		17,868		17,868	39,884		22,016
Net Change in Fund Balance		17,868		17,868	39,884		22,016
Fund Balance, Beginning		788,903		788,903	 788,903		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	806,771	\$	806,771	\$ 828,787	\$	22,016

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual MTA-STPL Grant Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Variance with	
	Original			Final	Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES				_				_
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	34,680	\$	34,680	\$	-	\$	(34,680)
Investment income		1,353		1,353		-		(1,353)
Total Revenues		36,033		36,033				(36,033)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out						(141,451)		(141,451)
Net Change in Fund Balance		36,033		36,033		(141,451)		(177,484)
Fund Balance, Beginning		169,475		169,475		169,475		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	205,508	\$	205,508	\$	28,024	\$	(177,484)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Measure M Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

	 Budgeted	Amo			Variance with	
REVENUES	 Original		Final	 Actual	Final Budget	
Intergovernmental revenues Investment income	\$ 226,685 10,912	\$	226,685 10,912	\$ 211,362 35,076	\$	(15,323) 24,164
Total Revenues	237,597		237,597	246,438		8,841
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(470,000)		(470,000)	(200 540)		(120 510)
Transfers out	 (170,000)		(170,000)	 (309,512)		(139,512)
Net Change in Fund Balance	67,597		67,597	(63,074)		(130,671)
Fund Balance, Beginning	 608,433		608,433	 608,433		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 676,030	\$	676,030	\$ 545,359	\$	(130,671)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Transportation Measure R Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES								_
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	200,017	\$	200,017	\$	186,557	\$	(13,460)
Investment income		2,768		2,768		9,396		6,628
Total Revenues		202,785		202,785		195,953		(6,832)
								_
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(233,010)		(233,010)		(221,527)		11,483
Net Change in Fund Balance		(30,225)		(30,225)		(25,574)		4,651
				440.4=0				
Fund Balance, Beginning		110,478		110,478		110,478		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	80,253	\$	80,253	\$	84,904	\$	4,651

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual RMRA (SB1) Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

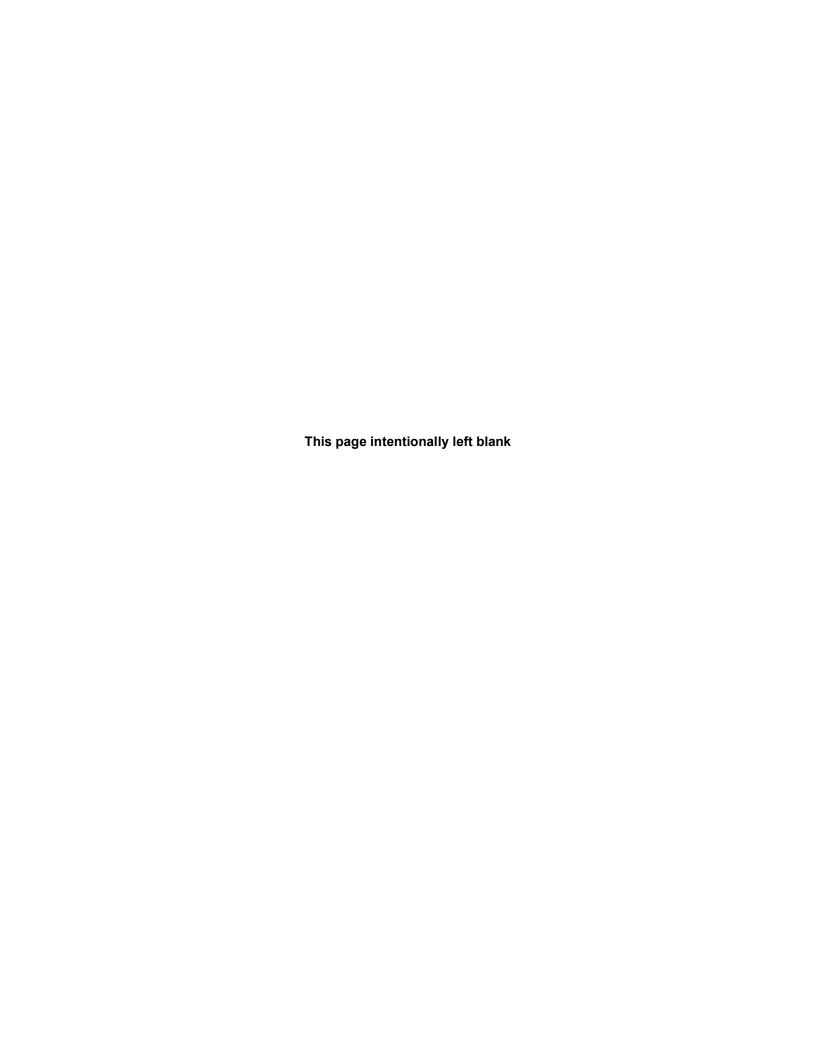
	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES		·				·		
Intergovernmental revenues	\$	301,043	\$	445,248	\$	320,892	\$	(124,356)
Investment income		2,073		2,073		40,878		38,805
Total Revenues		303,116		447,321		361,770		(85,551)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(230,000)		(374,205)		(30,595)		343,610
		70.440		70.440		004.475		050 050
Net Change in Fund Balance		73,116		73,116		331,175		258,059
Fund Palance Paginning		668,086		668.086		668.086		
Fund Balance, Beginning		000,000		000,000		000,000		
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	741,202	\$	741,202	\$	999,261	\$	258,059

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual Measure W Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

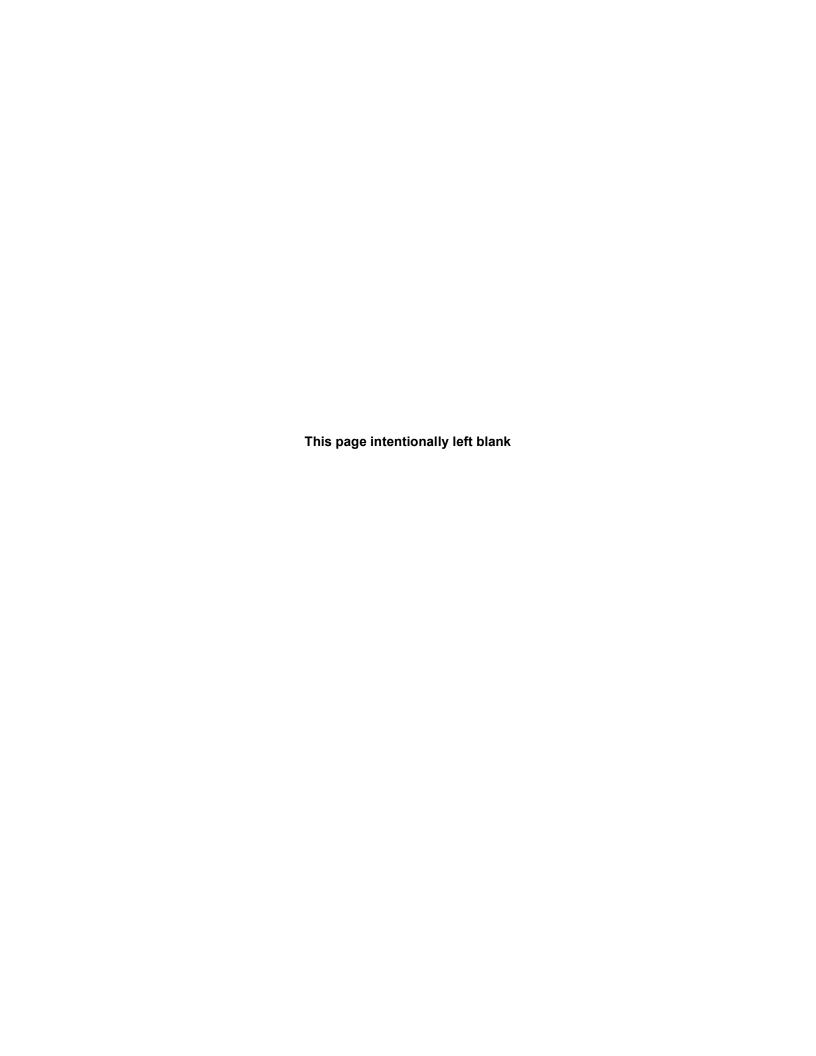
	Budgeted	Amo	unts			Variance with	
(Original		Final	Actual		Final Budget	
\$	280,000	\$	280,000	\$	271,815	\$	(8,185)
	5,426		5,426		22,780		17,354
							_
	285,426		285,426		294,595		9,169
	(84,000)		(394,550)		(381,602)		12,948
	(84,000)		(394,550)		(381,602)		12,948
	201,426		(109,124)		(87,007)		22,117
	000 007		000 007		000 007		
	323,837		323,837		323,837		
\$	525.263	\$	214.713	\$	236.830	\$	22,117
		Section 280,000 5,426 285,426 (84,000) (84,000) 201,426 323,837	Original \$ 280,000 \$ 5,426 285,426 (84,000) (84,000) 201,426 323,837	\$ 280,000 \$ 280,000 5,426 5,426 285,426 285,426 (84,000) (394,550) (84,000) (394,550) 201,426 (109,124) 323,837 323,837	Original Final \$ 280,000 \$ 280,000 \$ 5,426 \$ 5,426 285,426 285,426 285,426 (84,000) (394,550) (394,550) 201,426 (109,124) 323,837 323,837 323,837 323,837	Original Final Actual \$ 280,000 \$ 280,000 \$ 271,815 5,426 5,426 22,780 285,426 285,426 294,595 (84,000) (394,550) (381,602) (84,000) (394,550) (381,602) 201,426 (109,124) (87,007) 323,837 323,837 323,837	Original Final Actual Fin \$ 280,000 \$ 280,000 \$ 271,815 \$ 22,780 \$ 5,426 \$ 5,426 \$ 294,595 \$ 294,595 \$ (84,000) \$ (394,550) \$ (381,602) \$ (381,602) \$ 201,426 \$ (109,124) \$ (87,007) \$ 323,837 \$ 323,837

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Grants Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts			Va	ariance with
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues	\$	6,300,000	\$	7,300,000	\$	291,158	\$	(7,008,842)
Total Revenues		6,300,000		7,300,000		291,158		(7,008,842)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(6,300,000)		(2,300,000)		(149,158)		2,150,842
Hansiers out		(0,300,000)		(2,300,000)		(149, 130)		2,130,042
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(6,300,000)		(2,300,000)		(149, 158)		2,150,842
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		5,000,000		142,000		(4,858,000)
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning, as Restated		(142,000)		(142,000)		(142,000)		-
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	(142,000)	\$	4,858,000	\$		\$	(4,858,000)







Description of Statistical Section Contents

This part of the City of Signal Hill's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the government's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	Page
Financial Trends	119-126
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	127-130
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	
Debt Capacity	131-134
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	135-136
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	137-139
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand	

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,							
_	2016	2017	2018	2019				
Governmental activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 67,914	\$ 73,428	\$ 83,152	\$ 104,567				
Restricted	23,481	19,781	19,374	18,360				
Unrestricted	7,115	13,113	12,128	3,243				
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 98,510	\$ 106,322	\$ 114,654	\$ 126,170				
Business-type activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 18,952	\$ 23,636	\$ 23,536	\$ 23,331				
Unrestricted	1,958	(2,316)	(2,572)	(2,751)				
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 20,910	\$ 21,320	\$ 20,964	\$ 20,580				
Primary government								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 86,866	\$ 97,064	\$ 106,688	\$ 127,898				
Restricted	23,481	19,781	19,374	18,360				
Unrestricted	9,073	10,797	9,556	492				
Total primary government net position	\$ 119,420	\$ 127,642	\$ 135,618	\$ 146,750				

^{*}as restated due to prior year correction Source: City of Signal Hill, Finance Department

Fiscal	Year	Ending	June 30,

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
\$ 77,654	\$ 76,772	\$ 78,459	\$ 82,815	\$ 84,083	\$ 90,127
16,784	17,427	17,132	15,748	18,899	19,703
14,553	20,414	28,649	42,110	51,658	* 58,055
\$ 108,991	\$ 114,613	\$ 124,240	\$ 140,673	\$ 154,640	\$ 167,885
\$ 22,655	\$ 22,684	\$ 23,727	\$ 24,580	\$ 27,074	\$ 27,436
(2,342)	(2,083)	(2,034)	(961)	1,124	1,577
\$ 20,313	\$ 20,601	\$ 21,693	\$ 23,619	\$ 28,198	\$ 29,013
\$ 100,309	\$ 99,456	\$ 102,186	\$ 107,395	\$ 111,157	\$ 117,563
16,784	17,427	17,132	15,748	18,899	19,703
12,211	18,331	26,615	41,149	52,640	59,632
\$ 129,304	\$ 135,214	\$ 145,933	\$ 164,292	\$ 182,696	\$ 196,898

Changes in Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		Fi	iscal Year Er	ding June 30	,
		2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses	_	_		_	_
General government	\$	3,843	\$ 4,633	\$ 5,146	\$ 4,074
Community services	Ψ	1,505	1,362	1,596	1,991
Police		9,350	9,576	10,564	11,504
Community development		868	858	963	1,434
Public works		4,256	4,605	4,927	4,433
Unallocated infrastructure depreciation		551	645	639	401
Interest on long-term liabilities		-	-	93	221
Fiscal agent fees		-	-	-	-
Total governmental activites expenses		20,373	21,679	23,928	24,058
Total business-type activities expenses		4,145	5,312	4,846	5,056
Total primary government expenses	\$	24,518	\$ 26,991	\$ 28,774	\$ 29,114
Program Revenues					
Charges for consists					
Charges for services General government	\$	175	\$ 178	\$ 216	\$ 331
<u> </u>	Φ	212	τ 176 191	203	ъ 331 173
Community services Police		270	288	250	252
Community development		584	514	567	430
Public works		422	461	790	703
Operating grants		9,313	850	1,199	2,349
Capital grants and contributions		2,020	9,188	4,586	10,219
Total governmental activities program revenues		12,996	11,670	7,811	14,457
g		,	,	.,	,
Charges for services		3,400	3,785	4,420	4,335
Capital grants and contributions		999	1,927	42	239
Total business-type activities program revenues	_	4,399	5,712	4,462	4,574
Total primary government program revenues	\$	17,395	\$ 17,382	\$ 12,273	\$ 19,031
Net (expense)/revenue					
Total governmental activites	\$	(7,377)	\$(10,009)	\$(16,117)	\$ (9,601)
Total business-type activities	Ψ	254	400	(384)	(482)
Total primary government net expenses	\$	(7,123)	\$ (9,609)	\$(16,501)	\$(10,083)
Total pilitally government of policies	<u> </u>	(1,120)	Ψ (0,000)	Ψ(10,001)	\$\(\text{(10,000)}\)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Pos	ition				
Taxes:					
Property	\$	1,916	\$ 1,802	\$ 2,248	\$ 2,189
Franchise		549	735	487	901
Other		1,459	874	926	1,053
Intergovernmental - Sales and Use Tax		14,588	14,597	14,484	15,789
Investment income		955	442	961	1,788
Unrestricted grants and contributions		46	311	456	94
Gain (loss) on disposition of assets		- (4.070)	14	-	-
Transfers		(1,679)		-	(30)
Extraordinary item		47.004	40.775	4,369	- 04 704
Total governmental activities		17,834	18,775	23,931	21,784
Investment income (loss)		21	10	28	68
Transfers		1,679			30
Total business-type activities	_	1,700	10	28	98
Total primary government	\$	19,534	\$ 18,785	\$ 23,959	\$ 21,882
Changes in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$	10,457	\$ 8,766	\$ 7,814	\$ 12,183
Business-type activities	Φ	1,954	φ 0,700 410	\$ 7,614 (356)	(384)
Total primary government	\$	12,411	\$ 9,176	\$ 7,458	\$ 11,799
*as restated due to prior year correction	Ψ	· -, r · · ·	Ψ 3,170	Ψ 1,400	Ψ 11,700
Source: City of Signal Hill, Finance Department					

			aing June 30		2025
2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
\$ 5,787	\$ 6,045	\$ 7,093	\$ 6,221	\$ 7,318	\$ 7,059
1,757	1,996	2,619	2,535	3,711	3,537
11,817	11,009	11,054	9,014	12,989	14,552
989	1,270	1,359	1,257	1,470	1,660
4,787	4,859	4,633	4,750	6,184	5,751
394	394	422	422	446	1,492
219	217	492	494	512	460
-		-	-	-	-
25,750	25,790	27,672	24,693	32,630	34,511
4,665	5,263	5,747	4,553	5,035	7,069
\$ 30,415	\$ 31,053	\$ 33,419	\$ 29,246	\$ 37,665	\$ 41,580
\$ 402	\$ 90	\$ 79	\$ 69	\$ 70	\$ 42
118	85	135	173	175	214
255	169	179	193	177	183
418	553	601	637	829	850
824	1,006	1,215	1,211	1,708	1,931
1,524	1,819	2,254	2,030	5,053	2,420
730	938	2,828	2,090	1,772	1,372
4,271	4,660	7.291	6,403	9,784	7,012
.,	.,000	.,_0.	0, .00	0,.0.	.,0.2
4,574	5,548	6,208	6,280	6,767	7,385
114	-	-	_	-	-
4,688	5,548	6,208	6,280	6,767	7,385
\$ 8,959	\$ 10,208	\$ 13,499	\$ 12,683	\$ 16,551	\$ 14,397
\$(21,479)	\$(21,130)	\$(20,381)	\$(18,290)	\$(22,846)	\$ (27,499)
23	285	461	1,727	1,732	316
\$(21,456)	\$(20,845)	\$(19,920)	\$(16,563)	\$(21,114)	\$(27,183)
\$ 2,330	\$ 2,801	\$ 2,619	\$ 2,972	\$ 3,107	\$ 3,509
\$ 2,330 887	\$ 2,801 982	\$ 2,619 975	\$ 2,972 1,073	\$ 3,107 1,126	\$ 3,509 1,153
		. ,	. ,	. ,	. ,
887	982	975	1,073	1,126	1,153
887 836	982 920	975 1,074	1,073 1,369	1,126 1,271	1,153 1,228
887 836 16,834	982 920 20,268	975 1,074 24,786	1,073 1,369 26,462	1,126 1,271 28,054	1,153 1,228 28,312
887 836 16,834 1,977	982 920 20,268 1,346	975 1,074 24,786 707	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398
887 836 16,834 1,977 183	982 920 20,268 1,346	975 1,074 24,786 707 553	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398
887 836 16,834 1,977 183	982 920 20,268 1,346	975 1,074 24,786 707 553	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185
887 836 16,834 1,977 183	982 920 20,268 1,346	975 1,074 24,786 707 553	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 - (148) - 34,725	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 - (2,535) - 36,813	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) - 40,743
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 -	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 - (148) - 34,725	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 - (2,535) - 36,813	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) - 40,743
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401 64 (354)	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 - (148) - 34,725	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 - (2,535) - 36,813 313 2,535	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) - 40,743 457 42
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401 64 (354) (290)	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752 3 - 3	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007 (76) 707 631	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 - (148) - 34,725 51 148 199	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 - (2,535) - 36,813 313 2,535 2,848	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) 40,743 457 42 499
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401 64 (354)	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 - (148) - 34,725	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 - (2,535) - 36,813 313 2,535	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) - 40,743 457 42
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401 64 (354) (290)	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752 3 - 3	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007 (76) 707 631	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 - (148) - 34,725 51 148 199	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 - (2,535) - 36,813 313 2,535 2,848	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) 40,743 457 42 499
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401 64 (354) (290)	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752 3 - 3	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007 (76) 707 631 \$ 30,638	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 - (148) - 34,725 51 148 199 \$ 34,924	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 - (2,535) - 36,813 313 2,535 2,848	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) 40,743 457 42 499
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401 64 (354) (290) \$ 23,111	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752 3 \$ 26,755	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007 (76) 707 631 \$ 30,638	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 (148) - 34,725 51 148 199 \$ 34,924	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 (2,535) - 36,813 313 2,535 2,848 \$ 39,661	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) - 40,743 457 42 499 \$ 41,242
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401 64 (354) (290) \$ 23,111 \$ 1,922 (267)	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752 3 - 3 \$ 26,755 \$ 5,622 288	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007 (76) 707 631 \$ 30,638	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 - (148) - 34,725 51 148 199 \$ 34,924	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 (2,535) - 36,813 313 2,535 2,848 \$ 39,661 \$ 13,967 4,580	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) - 40,743 457 42 499 \$ 41,242
887 836 16,834 1,977 183 - 354 - 23,401 64 (354) (290) \$ 23,111	982 920 20,268 1,346 435 - - 26,752 3 \$ 26,755	975 1,074 24,786 707 553 - (707) - 30,007 (76) 707 631 \$ 30,638	1,073 1,369 26,462 2,208 789 (148) - 34,725 51 148 199 \$ 34,924	1,126 1,271 28,054 5,167 623 (2,535) - 36,813 313 2,535 2,848 \$ 39,661	1,153 1,228 28,312 5,398 1,185 - (42) - 40,743 457 42 499 \$ 41,242

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		Fi	scal	Year End	ding	June 30,	
	2016			2017		2018	2019
General Fund							
Nonspendable	\$	8,430	\$	12,126	\$	14,722	\$ 11,955
Restricted		13		13		-	-
Committed		14,160		20,630		16,553	15,330
Unassigned		12,227		2,226		9,159	10,586
Total General Fund		34,830		34,995		40,434	 37,871
All Other Governmental Funds							
Nonspendable		4,129		347		-	-
Restricted		19,360		19,762		28,136	18,359
Assigned		-		-		-	-
Unassigned		(2,555)		(891)		(2,294)	(4,259)
Total All Other Governmental Fund	d	20,934		19,218		25,842	14,100
Total All Governmental Funds	\$	55,764	\$	54,213	\$	66,276	\$ 51,971

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,													
202	0	2	021		2022		2023		2024		2025		
\$ 11,	892	\$	2,717	\$	3,132	\$	10,461	\$	8,916	\$	9,985		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
16,	209	2	24,953		30,349		26,948		35,119		42,157		
14,	151	2	20,356		23,102		27,171		31,779		30,712		
42,	252	4	48,026		56,583		64,580		75,672		82,854		
	_		_		-		-		-		-		
16,	783		17,427		17,114		17,139		18,922		20,263		
	-		-		-		-		-		-		
			(37)		(1,760)		(387)		(187)		-		
16,	783		17,390		15,354		16,752		18,735		20,263		
\$ 59,	035	\$ (65,416	\$	71,937	\$	81,332	\$	94,407	\$	103,117		

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
	2016	2017	2018	2019						
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 21,394	\$ 18,701	\$ 19,444	\$ 19,800						
Licenses and permits	370	374	429	580						
Intergovernmental	3,591	8,809	5,440	9,202						
Charges for services	762	759	1,066	1,895						
Fines and forfeitures	326	289	312	423						
Investment income	778	830	1,177	1,984						
Other	652	411_	417_	78_						
Total Revenues	27,873	30,173	28,285	33,962						
Expenditures										
General government	3,940	4,879	4,409	4,715						
Parks, Recreation, and Library Services	1,472	1,576	1,592	1,727						
Public safety	9,270	9,152	9,412	9,514						
Community development	962	854	948	1,431						
Public works	3,883	4,046	4,130	4,141						
Capital outlay	3,259	7,726	11,831	22,642						
Debt Service				-						
Principal retirement	14	-	16	100						
Interest	3	-	84	244						
Other debt service	-	17	170	16						
Total Expenditures	22,803	28,250	32,592	44,530						
Excess of revenues over/(under) expenditures	5,070	1,923	(4,307)	(10,568)						
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)										
Transfers in	1,236	1,687	5,383	22,854						
Transfers out	(2,915)	(1,687)	(5,383)	(23,044)						
Other	7,578		8,986							
Total other financing sources	5,899		8,986	(190)						
Extraordinary Item	-	-	4,369	-						
Net change in fund balances	\$ 10,969	\$ 1,923	\$ 9,048	\$(10,758)						
Capitalized capital outlay	\$ 2,985	\$ 7,016	\$ 11,075	\$ 22,386						
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.1%	0.1%	1.3%	1.6%						

2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 \$ 20,920 \$ 24,805 \$ 29,240 \$ 31,685 \$ 33,341 \$ 33,991 635 679 763 809 1,000 895 6,128 2,508 3,028 5,247 4,963 2,772 1,076 1,390 2,116 1,591 3,200 2,485 328 175 144 149 134 136 1,995 1,111 224 2,218 5,862 6,108 175 435 512 789 623 1,173 31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,											
635 679 763 809 1,000 895 6,128 2,508 3,028 5,247 4,963 2,772 1,076 1,390 2,116 1,591 3,200 2,485 328 175 144 149 134 136 1,995 1,111 224 2,218 5,862 6,108 175 435 512 789 623 1,173 31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - </td <td>2020</td> <td>2021</td> <td>2022</td> <td>2023</td> <td>2024</td> <td>2025</td>	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025						
635 679 763 809 1,000 895 6,128 2,508 3,028 5,247 4,963 2,772 1,076 1,390 2,116 1,591 3,200 2,485 328 175 144 149 134 136 1,995 1,111 224 2,218 5,862 6,108 175 435 512 789 623 1,173 31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>												
6,128 2,508 3,028 5,247 4,963 2,772 1,076 1,390 2,116 1,591 3,200 2,485 328 175 144 149 134 136 1,995 1,111 224 2,218 5,862 6,108 175 435 512 789 623 1,173 31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 *8,028 - - - - - - 109 <	\$ 20,920	\$ 24,805	\$ 29,240	\$ 31,685	\$ 33,341	\$ 33,991						
1,076 1,390 2,116 1,591 3,200 2,485 328 175 144 149 134 136 1,995 1,111 224 2,218 5,862 6,108 175 435 512 789 623 1,173 31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242<	635	679	763	809	1,000	895						
328 175 144 149 134 136 1,995 1,111 224 2,218 5,862 6,108 175 435 512 789 623 1,173 31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - <	6,128	2,508	3,028	5,247	4,963	2,772						
1,995 1,111 224 2,218 5,862 6,108 175 435 512 789 623 1,173 31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290	1,076	1,390	2,116	1,591	3,200	2,485						
175 435 512 789 623 1,173 31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383	328	175	144	149	134	136						
31,257 31,103 36,027 42,488 49,123 47,560 5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768	1,995	1,111	224	2,218	5,862	6,108						
5,291 5,741 5,591 6,061 6,461 6,646 1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	175	435	512	789	623	1,173						
1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	31,257	31,103	36,027	42,488	49,123	47,560						
1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152												
1,574 1,378 2,019 2,285 2,947 2,967 10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 - - - - - - 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152												
10,056 9,346 10,245 10,319 10,593 12,426 1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	5,291	5,741	5,591	6,061	6,461	6,646						
1,021 1,273 1,365 1,331 1,443 1,711 4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	1,574	1,378	2,019	2,285	2,947	2,967						
4,254 4,470 4,614 5,249 5,854 6,002 2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	10,056	9,346	10,245	10,319	10,593	12,426						
2,075 2,162 4,114 8,255 4,979 * 8,028 109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	1,021	1,273	1,365	1,331	1,443	1,711						
109 110 335 1,152 1,618 1,710 242 240 516 486 568 480 - - - - - - - 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	4,254	4,470	4,614	5,249	5,854	6,002						
242 240 516 486 568 480 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	2,075	2,162	4,114	8,255	4,979 *	8,028						
242 240 516 486 568 480 24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - 2,195 1,163 1,152		-	-	-	-	-						
24,622 24,720 28,799 35,139 34,464 39,971 6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	109	110	335	1,152	1,618	1,710						
6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	242	240	516	486	568	480						
6,635 6,383 7,228 7,349 14,659 7,589 8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - 2,195 1,163 1,152												
8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) 2,195 1,163 1,152	24,622	24,720	28,799	35,139	34,464	39,971						
8,391 2,768 4,933 4,862 4,190 7,290 (8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) 2,195 1,163 1,152												
(8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152	6,635	6,383	7,228	7,349	14,659	7,589						
(8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152												
(8,391) (2,768) (5,640) (5,010) (6,796) (7,463) - - - 2,195 1,163 1,152												
	8,391	2,768	4,933	4,862	4,190	7,290						
	(8,391)	(2,768)	(5,640)	(5,010)	(6,796)	(7,463)						
<u>- </u>				2,195	1,163	1,152						
			(707)	2,047	(1,443)	979						
	-	-	-	-	-	-						
\$ 6,635 \$ 6,383 \$ 6,521 \$ 9,396 \$ 13,217 \$ 8,567	\$ 6,635	\$ 6,383	\$ 6,521	\$ 9,396	\$ 13,217	\$ 8,567						
												
\$ 1,851 \$ 1,670 \$ 4,060 \$ 7,599 \$ 4,830 \$ 8,165	\$ 1,851	<u>\$ 1,670</u>	\$ 4,060	\$ 7,599	\$ 4,830	\$ 8,165						
1.5% 1.5% 3.4% 5.9% 7.3% 6.9%	1.5%	1.5%	3.4%	5.9%	7.3%	6.9%						

Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended				Se	cure	d Property				Ur	secured		Taxable ssessed	Total Direct
June 30	F	Residential	Co	mmercial	lr	ndustrial	Vacant	C	thers**	F	roperty	Va	lue (Note)	Tax Rate
2016	\$	1,141,748	\$	327,201	\$	347,936	\$ 101,203	\$	354,901	\$	128,996	\$	2,401,985	0.06560
2017		1,197,754		341,534		362,919	106,832		289,239		129,041		2,427,319	0.06570
2018		1,288,907		351,123		374,721	84,118		265,753		135,990		2,500,612	0.06569
2019		1,342,841		384,692		395,785	63,059		254,321		142,358		2,583,056	0.06625
2020		1,433,729		405,059		417,571	59,734		268,820		143,706		2,728,619	0.06634
2021		1,512,648		440,103		444,367	63,714		240,712		139,651		2,841,195	0.06641
2022		1,546,286		444,578		456,292	68,651		189,541		138,941		2,844,289	0.06641
2023		1,646,200		478,056		486,408	74,289		257,657		138,192		3,080,802	0.06652
2024		1,725,505		492,066		538,241	94,865		270,538		166,006		3,287,221	0.06658
2025		1,788,818		503,693		603,513	101,580		265,847		167,450		3,430,901	0.06662

^{**} Includes institutional, miscellaneous, recreational, SBE Nonunitary, cross reference, and unknown property.

Note

In 1978, the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: County of Los Angeles Assessor / HdL Coren & Cone

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rates Per \$100 of Taxable Value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
Agency	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Basic Levy (1)	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Long Beach Community College District	0.03825	0.06736	0.06760	0.06319	0.06309	0.06327	0.06035	0.05970	0.05789	0.05702
Long Beach Unified School District	0.08324	0.08539	0.14732	0.14053	0.14334	0.13363	0.12724	0.12591	0.18288	0.17619
Metropolitan Water District	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00350	0.00700
Total Direct and Overlapping (2) Tax Rates	1.12500	1.15625	1.21842	1.20722	1.20993	1.20040	1.19109	1.18911	1.24427	1.24021
City's Share of 1% Lewy per Prop 13 (3)	0.06777	0.06777	0.06777	0.06777	0.06777	0.06777	0.06777	0.06777	0.06777	0.06777
General Obligation Debt Rate	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Redevelopment Rate (4)	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
Total Direct Rate (5)	0.06560	0.06570	0.06569	0.06625	0.06634	0.06641	0.06641	0.06652	0.06658	0.06662

Notes:

- (1) In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which set the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of any voter approved bonds.
- (2) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City. Not all overlapping rates apply to all City property owners.
- (3) City's share of 1% lewy is based on the City's share of the general fund tax rate area with the largest net taxable value within the City. ERAF general fund tax shifts may not be included in tax ratio figures.
- (4) RDA rate is based on the largest RDA tax rate area (TRA) and includes only rate(s) from indebtedness adopted prior to 1989 per California State statute. RDA direct and overlapping rates are applied only to the incremental property values. The approval of ABX1 26 eliminated Redevelopment from the State of California for the fiscal year 2012/13 and years
- (5) Total direct rate is the weighted average of all individual direct rates applied by the City of Signal Hill in preparing the statistical section information.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		FY 20	24-25	FY 2015-16				
			Percent of			Percent of		
			Total City			Total City		
	Т	axable	Taxable	٦	Γaxable	Taxable		
	As	ssessed	Assessed	A	ssessed	Assessed		
Taxpayer		Value	Value	Value		Value		
Signal Hill Petroleum Inc	\$	130,972	3.82%	\$	184,825	7.69%		
Bcore Retail Towne Center LLC		65,404	1.91%		0	0.00%		
Long Beach Acquisition Corporation		49,752	1.45%		37,182	1.55%		
G and I XI Sequoia		45,390	1.32%		-	0.00%		
Jamie Lee David Survivors Trust		39,736	1.16%		-	0.00%		
LBSH Parcel 1 LLC		32,659	0.95%		27,717	1.15%		
Costco Wholesale Corporation		27,588	0.80%		21,962	0.91%		
Ann R White		27,556	0.80%		-	0.00%		
B9 Sequoia Signal Hill 3 Owner LP		24,459	0.71%		0	0.00%		
Pike Brothers LLC		22,462	0.65%		-	0.00%		
PL Signal Hill LP		-	0.00%		34,514	1.44%		
Tesoro Logistics Operations LLC		-	0.00%		54,713	2.28%		
Towne Center West I LLC et al		-	0.00%		25,356	1.06%		
Home Depot USA INC		-	0.00%		18,158	0.76%		
Signal Hill Town Center LLC		-	0.00%		16,266	0.68%		
VNO Tru Cherry Avenue LP			0.00%		14,807	0.62%		
Note:	\$	465,978	13.58%	\$	435,500	18.13%		

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency and its Successor Agency

Source: HdL Coren & Cone

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Note (1)	
			Collected w	ithin the	Collections		
Fiscal Year	Taxes Lev	ied _	Fiscal Year	of Levy	in	Total Collect	ions to Date
Ended	for the			Percent	Subsequent		Percent
June 30,	Fiscal Year	(2)	Amount (2)	of Levy	Years	Amount	of Levy
2016	\$ 16,337,4	411 9	13,950,475	85.39%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2017	16,186,2	271	13,397,825	82.77%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2018	16,549,3	362	12,488,540	75.46%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2019	17,090,2	273	12,720,601	74.43%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2020	18,004,2	292	12,183,830	67.67%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2021	18,599,3	353	13,221,476	71.09%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2022	18,537,3	379	13,303,458	71.77%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2023	20,125,7	700	14,580,521	72.45%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2024	22,497,	195	14,292,624	63.53%	N/A	N/A	N/A
2025	22,979,3	325	13,943,210	60.68%	N/A	N/A	N/A

Notes:

Source: County of Los Angeles Auditor-Controller

⁽¹⁾ Los Angeles County does not provide detail of prior year collections. Therefore, the information about subsequent collections is not available.

⁽²⁾ Taxes Levied and Collected includes amounts applicable to the City and to the Signal Hill Redevelopment Agency and its Successor Agency and the incremental revenue is presented above

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts Expressed in Thousands, Except per Capita)

	Governmental Activities Business-type					type Act	ivities							
	Lease		1	Nater			Total		Percent	of		Percent of		
Fiscal	R	evenue	Lea	ases &	Re	evenue	Loa	ns/	F	Primary	Assesse	ed	Per	Personal
Year		Bonds	Subs	criptions		Bonds	Subs	Subscriptions		vernment	Valuation		Capita	Income
2016	\$	_	\$	51	\$	5.650	\$	_	\$	5.701	0.23	37%	491.08	17.10
2017	*	-	*	36	*	4,741	•	-	*	4,777	0.19		406.59	12.94
2018		8,974		21		4,269		-		13,264	0.53	30%	1,124.54	31.74
2019		8,851		4		3,787		-		12,642	0.48	39%	1,079.41	29.18
2020		8,723		-		3,290		-		12,013	0.44	10%	1,034.10	25.90
2021		8,590		-		2,778		-		11,368	0.40	00%	980.24	24.10
2022		8,447		13,536		2,251		1,500		25,734	0.90)5%	2,251.22	55.47
2023		7,774		15,229		1,709		1,557		26,212	0.85	51%	2,289.65	48.05
2024		7,091		15,434		1,147		1,507		25,032	0.76	31%	2,191.72	40.86
2025		6,388		15,558		565		1,352		23,862	0.69	92%	N/A	N/A

N/A Information is not yet available.

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activity Debt As of June 30, 2025

2024-25 Assessed Valuations: \$3,430,900,801 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	Total Debt 6/30/2025	Percent Applicable To City	Net Bonded Debt
LOS ANGELES COUNTY GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS LOS ANGELES COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS AND CERTIFICATES OF PART CITY OF SIGNAL HILL GENERAL FUND OBLIGATIONS TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	\$ 3,036,637,390 2,331,775 6,215,000	0.163% 0.163% 100.00%	\$ 4,949,719 3,801 6,215,000 \$ 11,168,520
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT LONG BEACH COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT (debt summary) LONG BEACH UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT(debt summary) TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT	\$ 17,155,000 522,659,800 1,612,000,158	0.084% 3.833% 3.834%	14,410 20,033,550 61,804,086 \$ 81,852,046
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency) TOTAL DIRECT DEBT TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT COMBINED TOTAL DEBT	13,890,000	100.00%	\$ 13,890,000 23,861,928 100,695,566 \$106,910,566

(1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were

estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

(2) Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue, non-bonded capital lease obligations, and sales tax revenue bonds. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

Ratios to 2024-25 Assessed Valuation:	
Direct Debt (\$6,215,000)	0.18%
Total Direct and Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.39%
Total Debt	3.12%
Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$2,165,456,922)	
Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	0.64%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts in Thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for the Current Year	
Assessed value	\$3,430,900,801
Debt limit (15% of assessed value)	514,635,120
Debt applicable to limit	
Legal debt margin - Current Year	\$ 514,635,120

Debt Limit		Debt Applicable to Limit		Legal Debt <u>Margin</u>		Perd	ebt as centage Limit
\$ 34	2,337,382	\$	-	\$	342,337,382	0.	.00%
36	0,297,745		-		360,297,745	0.	.00%
36	4,097,801		-		364,097,801	0.	.00%
37	5,091,788		-		375,091,788	0.	.00%
38	7,458,342		-		387,458,342	0.	.00%
40	9,292,868		-		409,292,868	0.	.00%
42	6,179,253		-		426,179,253	0.	.00%
46	2,120,297		-		462,120,297	0.	.00%
49	3,083,213		-		493,083,213	0.	.00%
51	4,635,120		-		514,635,120	0.	.00%
	\$ 34 36 36 37 38 40 42 46 49	Limit	Debt Applic to Linit to Linit to Linit \$ 342,337,382 \$ 360,297,745	Limit to Limit \$ 342,337,382 \$ - 360,297,745 - 364,097,801 - 375,091,788 - 387,458,342 - 409,292,868 - 426,179,253 - 462,120,297 - 493,083,213 -	Debt Limit Applicable to Limit \$ 342,337,382 \$ - \$360,297,745 - \$364,097,801 - \$375,091,788 - \$387,458,342 - \$409,292,868 - \$426,179,253 - \$462,120,297 - \$493,083,213 -	Debt Limit Applicable to Limit Debt Margin \$ 342,337,382 \$ - \$ 342,337,382 \$ 360,297,745 - 360,297,745 \$ 364,097,801 - 364,097,801 \$ 375,091,788 - 375,091,788 \$ 387,458,342 - 387,458,342 \$ 409,292,868 - 409,292,868 \$ 426,179,253 - 426,179,253 \$ 462,120,297 - 462,120,297 \$ 493,083,213 - 493,083,213	Debt Limit Applicable to Limit Debt Margin Percentage \$ 342,337,382 \$ - \$ 342,337,382 0.3360,297,745 0.3360,297,745 0.3364,097,801 0.3364,097,801 0.3375,091,788 0.3375,

Pledged-Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years (Amounts in Thousands)

Fiscal	Pled	ged Tax		I							
Year	Rev	enues	Prir	ncipal	Interest		Total		Cov	Coverage	
2016	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
2017	•	-	,	-	·	-	•	-	•	-	
2018		-		-		-		-		-	
2019		-		-		-		-		-	
2020		-		-		-		-		-	
2021		-		-		-		-		-	
2022		-		-		-		-		-	
2023		-		-		-		-		-	
2024		-		-		-		-		-	
2025		-		-		-		-		-	

⁽¹⁾ Debt service amounts are presented on a bond year basis.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	City Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2014	11,415	357,826	31,347	9.0%
2016	11,609	333,332	28,713	5.7%
2017	11,749	369,284	31,431	3.6%
2018	11,795	417,958	35,435	3.8%
2019	11,712	433,289	36,995	4.1%
2020	11,617	463,769	39,922	11.0%
2021	11,597	471,646	40,669	4.8%
2022	11,431	463,907	40,583	3.0%
2023	11,448	545,528	47,652	3.1%
2024	11,421	612,612	53,639	4.3%
2025	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

N/A - Information is not yet available

Sources: City Population - State Department of Finance

Unemployment Rate - Bureau of Labor Statistics

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024-202	25		2015-16	5-16		
			Percentage			Percentage		
			of Total City			of Total City		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Home Depot *	353	1	3.97%	343	2	3.19%		
Costco Wholesale	351	2	3.95%	310	3	2.88%		
Office Depot - Veyer, LLC	259	3	2.91%	428	1	3.98%		
Target	246	4	2.77%	266	4	2.47%		
American University of Health Sciences	150	5	1.69%					
In-N-Out Burgers	131	6	1.47%					
Glenn E Thomas Company	129	7	1.45%	127	7	1.18%		
Federal Express Corporation	125	8	1.41%					
Fantasy Castle	125	9	1.41%					
Long Beach BMW	121	10	1.36%					
Hof's Hut Restaurants				114	10	1.06%		
Platt Security Inc				122	9	1.13%		
Edge Systems LLC				124	8	1.15%		
Mercedes-Benz of Long Beach				127	6	1.18%		
Accountable Healthcare I.P.A.				136	5	1.26%		
	1,990		22.39%	2,097		19.49%		

Note:

Source: City of Signal Hill Business Licenses, employee counts are self-reported

^{* -} Reported Home Depot's two locations in one total

Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Department Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
Department	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Administration	4.73	5.00	5.75	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	7.50	8.50	8.50
Finance	5.98	6.80	6.75	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	5.80	7.80	6.80
Parks, Recreation, and Library	19.53	18.60	18.60	18.60	18.50	8.80	21.60	22.50	25.55	28.47
Police	52.89	53.00	53.00	53.00	51.10	51.10	52.70	52.70	53.20	53.20
Community Development	7.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.20	5.70	5.70	7.50
Public Works	30.04	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	27.00	28.00	30.00	32.00	32.25
Economic Development	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	121.17	116.40	117.10	116.20	114.20	103.50	119.10	124.20	132.75	136.72

Notes:

Police (2020) reduced by one FTE to reflect actually adopted.

Starting in 2023 the Economic Development FTE is included in the Administration Department

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,									
Function/Program	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Police										
Calls for service	9,948	8,632	9,078	8,292	8,382	8,172	8,146	10,203	8,693	8,071
Reports written	4,332	5,618	5,061	4,504	3,804	4,345	4,658	4,151	4,317	3,579
Total arrests	1,216	1,403	1,074	987	880	848	823	861	760	713
Hazardous traffic citations	1.703	3.638	3.613	4.116	3.229	2.616	2,011	2.498	1,807	1.200
Parking citations	4,628	4,222	4,092	4,444	3,737	3,293	4,786	5,165	4,453	3,874
Community Development										
Code enforcement cases	68	67	59	48	32	41	42	198	236	180
Building permits	236	279	233	281	249	250	341	309	351	350
Site plan design reviews	6	6	5	4	3	4	5	6	2	1
Water										
Number of customers	3,162	3,302	3,116	3,157	3,147	3,142	3,146	3,145	3,140	3,154
Average daily consumption										
(in millions of gallons)	1.59	1.58	1.57	1.54	1.55	1.6	1.56	1.33	1.39	1.44
Number of hydrants maintained	568	568	568	574	576	576	578	578	578	578
Public Works										
Traffic signals maintained	31	33	18	13	33	33	33	33	33	33
Street sweeping miles	5,980	5,980	5,720	5,980	5,980	5,980	5,980	5,980	5,980	5,980
Sidewalk repairs (square feet)	4,504	1,762	8,731	1,965	2,988	2,541	3,274	3,324	5,650	3,640
Curb & gutter replaced (linear feet)	-	-	-	900	306	-	114	120	700	505
Cross gutter replaced (square feet)	-	-	-	-	2,117	-	160	80	975	350
Engineering										
Number of infrastructure										
projects administered	3	10	15	17	13	11	18	23	24	22
Plan checks completed	7	39	74	92	110	115	102	115	110	115
Parks, Recreation, and Library Services										
Library items borrowed	38,947	29,164	26,029	20,612	35,742	6,665	36,525	45,281	54,256	55,131
Youth sports participants *	5,289	6,936	6,534	5,697	4,158	144	5,670	33,180	34,650	28,800
After school youth programs (Annual Program Participant		30,960	16,810	20,680	15,585	6,840	13,135	35,785	34,585	18,115
Facility rental bookings	620	251	345	176	167	-	107	84	86	109

Source: Various City Departments

Notes:
* 2023 included an increase in overall sports and youth programs offered.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,										
Function/Program	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Public Safety											
Police Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Patrol Vehicles	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	
Fire Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Water											
Miles of Lines & Mains	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	
Reservoirs	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Wells	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
Highways and Streets											
Miles of Streets	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	35.7	
Street Trees	3,667	3,667	3,667	3,520	3,467	3,414	3,365	3,342	3,091	3,613	
Recreation and Culture											
Parks ***	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11	11	
Area of Parks (Acres)	23.03	23.03	23.03	23.03	23.03	23.03	23.03	25.64	25.64	25.64	
Libraries	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Community Centers *	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Bandstands	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Baseball Diamonds	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Basketball Courts **	2	2	2	2	2	6	6	6	6	6	

^{* 2021} Community Centers was updated to include the community center at Discovery Well Park that was built in 2002 ** 2021 Basketball Courts was updated to include 4 half courts *** 2023 Heritage Point Park was completed